This file is available for free download at http://www.iluvmyrx7.com

This file was not scanned to deprive Mazda of any money - it was scanned due to the rareness of the original manuals and the overwhelming need of the RX-7 owner to have this information so that they can accurately troubleshoot problems. Perhaps if Mazda's dealerships could support the Rotary Engine it wouldn't be so necessary for the owners to do so.



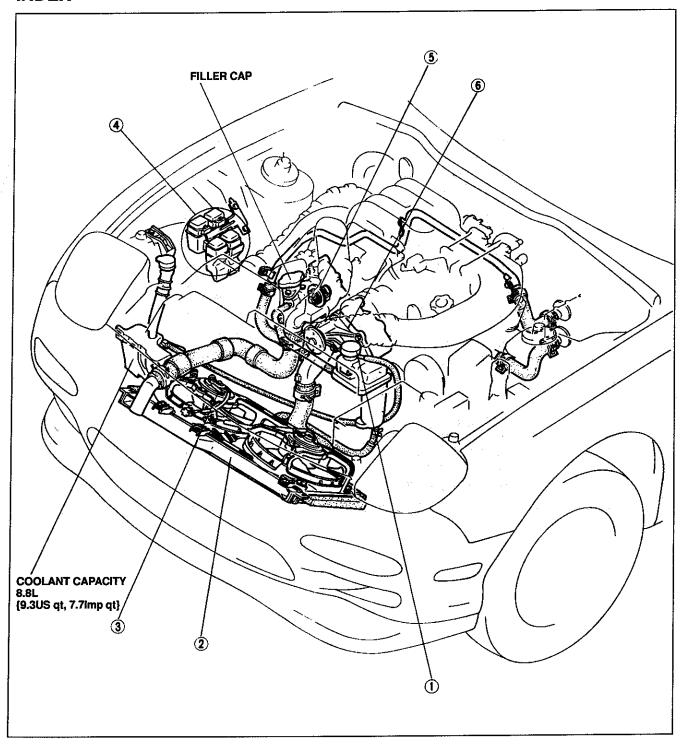
Many thanks to Lenny Terris for scanning this.

Before beginning any service procedure, refer to the 1994 RX-7 Body Electrical Troubleshooting Manual; see section S for air bag system service warnings and section J1 for audio antitheft system alarm conditions.

COOLING SYSTEM

INDEX	E.	- 2
OUTLINE	E.	- 3
SPECIFICATIONS	E -	- 3
TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE	E٠	- 3
ENGINE COOLANT	Е-	- 4
PREPARATION	Ε-	- 4
INSPECTION		
REPLACEMENT	E -	- 5
RADIATOR CAP	E -	- 7
PREPARATION	E -	- 7
INSPECTION	E -	- 7
RADIATOR AND COOLANT FAN		
REMOVAL / INSTALLATION		
INSPECTION		
REPLACEMENT		
COOLANT FAN RELAY		
REMOVAL / INSTALLATION		
INSPECTION		
THERMOSTAT		
REMOVAL / INSTALLATION	Ē -	-14
INSPECTION	Ξ -	-15
TIMIBILI VIII MID TIMIBIL	-	 4 =
THERMOSENSOR	= -	-15
REMOVAL / INSTALLATION		
INSPECTION	= -	-17

INDEX



1.	Radiator cap Inspection	page E- 7
2.	Radiator	
	Removal / Installation	
3.	Coolant fan motor	
	Inspection	

4. Coolant fan relay Removal / Installation		
5. Thermostat Removal / Installation	age	E-14
Inspection p. 6. Water pump and water thermoswitch	age h	E-15
Removal / Installation p	age	E-15 E-17

OUTLINE

SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Engine model	13B Turbo
Cooling system	1		Water-cooled, forced circulation
Coolant capaci		L {US qt, Imp qt}	8.8 (9.3, 7.7)
	Туре		Centrifugal
Water pump	Water seal		Unified mechanical seal
	Туре		Wax, bottom-bypass
Thermostat	Opening temperature	°C {°F}	80.5-83.5 {177-182}
	Full-open temperature	°C {°F}	95 {203}
	Full-open lift	mm (in)	8-10 (0.31-0.39)
	Туре		Corrugated fin
Radiator	Cap valve opening pressure	kPa {kgf/cm², psi}	113-142 {1.15-1.45, 16.4-20.6}
	Motor current	A	High: 10.6-16.6, Med: 6.5-12.5, Low: 5.8-11.8
Coolant fan	Number of blades		No.1: 5, No.2: 4
	Outer diameter of blades	mm {in}	No.1, No.2: 300 {11.8}

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Possible cause	Action	
Overheating	Coolant level insufficient Coolant leakage Radiator fins clogged Radiator cap malfunction Coolant fan malfunction Thermostat malfunction Water passage clogged Water pump malfunction	Add Repair Clean Replace Replace Replace Clean Replace	E-5 E-10 E-7 E-11 E-15 E-5 E-16
Corrosion	Impurities in coolant	Replace	E-5

ENGINE COOLANT

PREPARATION SST

49 9200 145

Adapter set, radiator cap tester



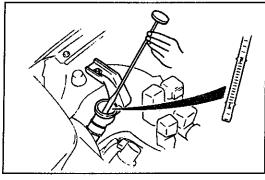
For inspection of cooling system pressure

49 9200 146

Adapter A (Part of 49 9200 145)



inspection of cooling system pressure



INSPECTION

Coolant Level (Engine cold)

- 1. Verify that the coolant level is near the filler neck.
- 2. Verify that the coolant level on the dipstick is between the F and L.
- 3. Add coolant if necessary.

Note

 The distance between the L and F marks on the dipstick represents 1.0 Liter {1.1 US qt, 0.9 Imp qt}.





 Removing the radiator cap or the coolant filler cap while the engine is running, or when the engine and radiator are hot is dangerous. Scalding coolant and steam may shoot out and cause serious injury. It may also damage the engine and cooling system. Turn off the engine and wait until it is cool. Even then, be very careful when removing the cap. Wrap a thick cloth around it and slowly turn it counterclockwise to the first stop. Step back while the pressure escapes.

When you're sure all the pressure is gone, press down on the cap-still using a cloth-turn it, and remove it.

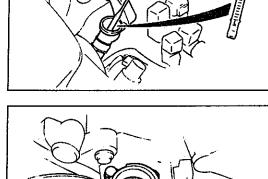
- 1. Verify that there is no buildup of rust or scale around the radiator cap or filler neck.
- 2. Verify that coolant is free of oil. Replace the coolant if necessarv.

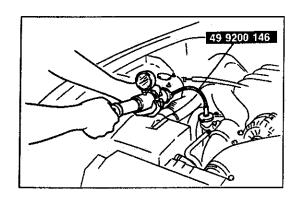


1. Connect a radiator tester (commercially available) and the SST to the radiator filler neck.

Caution

- Applying more than 142 kPa {1.45 kgf/cm², 20.6 psi} can damage the hoses, fittings, and other components, and cause leaks.
- 2. Apply 142 kPa {1.45 kgf/cm², 20.6 psi} of pressure to the system.
- Verify that the pressure is held.
- 4. If not as specified, check for coolant leakage.





COOLANT PROTECTION SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.100 1.080 1.070 1.060 1.050 1.040 1.050 1.040 1.030 1.020 1.010 1.000 1.000 1.010 1.000 1.010 1.000 1.010 1.000 1.010 1.000 1.010 1.000 1.010 1.010 1.000 1.010

Coolant Protection

Caution

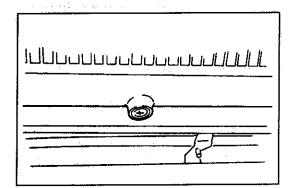
The engine has aluminum parts that can be damaged by alcohol or methanol antifreeze. Do not use alcohol or methanol in the cooling system. Use only ethylene-glycol-based coolant.

Caution

- Use only soft (demineralized) water in the coolant mixture. Water that contains minerals will cut down on the coolant's effectiveness.
- 1. Measure the coolant temperature and the specific gravity with a thermometer and a hydrometer.
- 2. Determine the coolant protection by referring to the graph
- If the coolant protection is not proper, add water or coolant.

Antifreeze solution mixture percentage

	Volume percentage		Gravity at	
Coolant protection	Water	Coolant	20°C (68°F)	
Above -16°C {3°F}	65	35	1.054	
Above -26°C {15°F}	55	45	1.066	
Above -40°C {40°F}	45	55	1.078	



REPLACEMENT Draining

Warning

• Removing the radiator cap or the coolant filler cap while the engine is running, or when the engine and radiator are hot is dangerous. Scalding coolant and steam may shoot out and cause serious injury. It may also damage the engine and cooling system. Turn off the engine and walt until it is cool. Even then, be very careful when removing the cap. Wrap a thick cloth around it and slowly turn it counterclockwise to the first stop. Step back while the pressure escapes.

When you're sure all the pressure is gone, press down on the cap-still using a cloth-turn it, and remove it.

- 1. Remove the radiator cap.
- 2. Loosen the radiator drain plug.
- 3. Drain the coolant into a container.
- 4. Flush the cooling system with water until all traces of color are gone.
- 5. Let the system drain completely.
- 6. Install and tighten the drain plug.

Refilling

Use the proper amount and mixture of ethylene-glycol based coolant. (Refer to Coolant Protection, page E-5)

1. Slowly pour the coolant into the radiator up to the coolant filler neck.

Filling pace:

1.0 L {1.1 US qt, 0.9 lmp qt}/min. max

Coolant capacity:

8.8 L {9.3 US qt, 7.7 imp qt}/min. max

- 2. Fill the coolant reservoir up to the F mark.
- 3. Securely install the radiator cap and the coolant filler cap.
- 4. Start the engine and let it idle about 10 minutes until it warms up.
- 5. If the coolant level warning light comes on while warming up, turn the engine off and inspect the drain plug and water hoses for leaks.
- 6. Stop the engine and allow it to cool.

Warning

• Removing the radiator cap or the coolant filler cap while the engine is running, or when the engine and radiator are hot is dangerous. Scalding coolant and steam may shoot out and cause serious injury. It may also damage the engine and cooling system. Turn off the engine and wait until it is cool. Even then, be very careful when removing the cap. Wrap a thick cloth around it and slowly turn it counterclockwise to the first stop. Step back while the pressure escapes.

When you're sure all the pressure is gone, press down on the cap-still using a cloth-turn it, and remove it.

- 7. Check the coolant level. If it's low, repeat the procedure from step 1.
- 8. Fill the reservoir to the F mark.

RADIATOR CAP

PREPARATION SST

49 9200 145

Adapter set, radiator cap tester



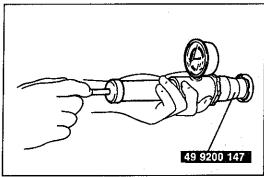
For inspection of radiator cap valve

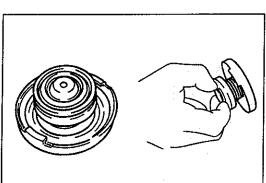
49 9200 147

Adapter B (Part of 49 9200 145)



For inspection of radiator cap valve





INSPECTION

Radiator Cap Valve

- 1. Remove foreign material (such as water residue) from between the radiator cap valve and the valve seat.
- Attach the radiator cap to a radiator cap tester (commercially available) by using the SST. Apply pressure gradually to 113–142 kPa {1.15–1.45 kgf/cm², 16.4–20.6 psi}.
- 3. Wait about 10 seconds. Verify that the pressure has not decreased.
- 4. If not as specified, replace the radiator cap.

Negative Pressure Valve

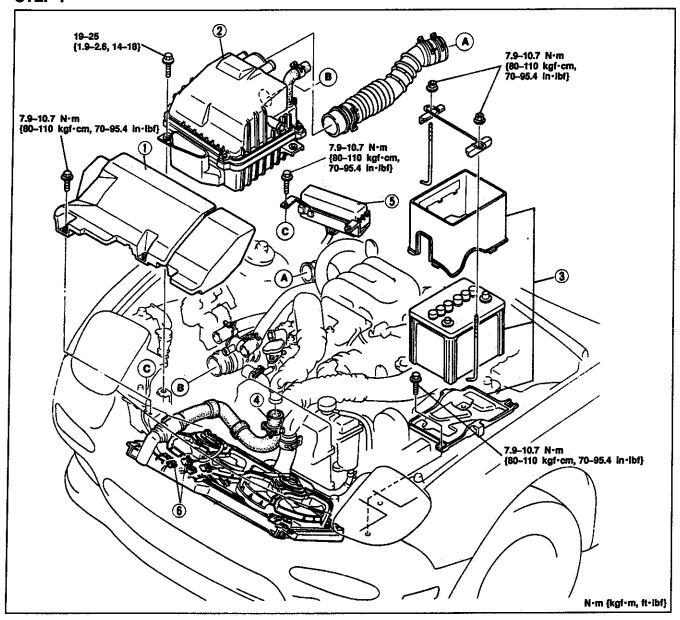
- 1. Pull the negative pressure valve to open it. Verify that it closes completely when released.
- 2. Check for damage on the contact surfaces and for cracked or deformed seal packing.
- 3. Replace the radiator cap if a problem is found.

RADIATOR AND COOLANT FAN

REMOVAL / INSTALLATION

- 1. Disconnect the negative battery cable.
- 2. Drain the engine coolant. (Refer to page E-5)
- Remove in the order shown in the figure, referring to Removal Note.
 Install in the reverse order of removal.

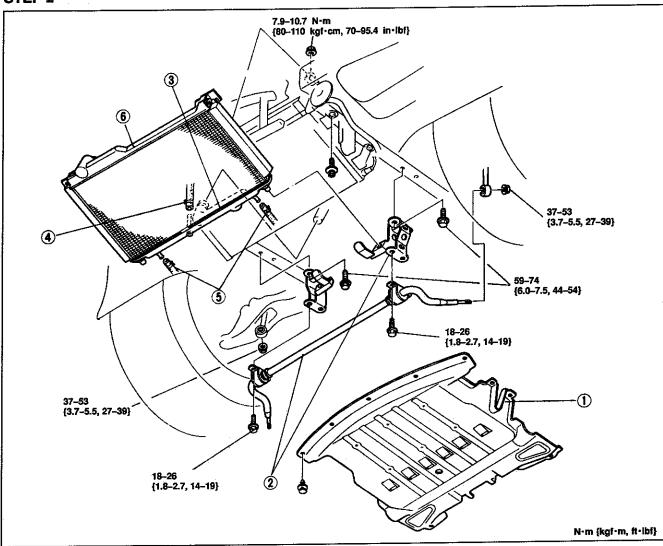
STEP 1



- 1. Fresh-air duct
- 2. Air cleaner housing
- 3. Battery and carrier
- 4. Radiator hose (upper)

- 5. Relay box
- 6. Coolant fan motor connector

STEP 2

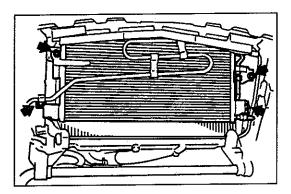


- 1. Undercover
- 2. Stabilizer and bracket Removal/Inspection Section R

- 3. Radiator hose (lower)
- 4. Air separation hose

- 5. Oil cooler hose (AT)
- 6. Radiator and coolant fan Removal Note below

Inspection page E-10

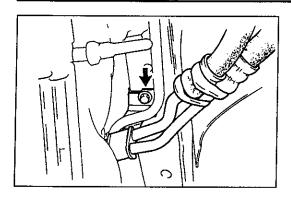


Removal Note

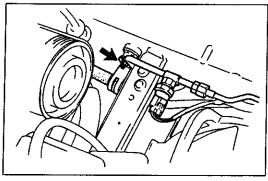
Radiator and coolant fan

While removing the radiator and cooling fan, do not disconnect the A/C piping.

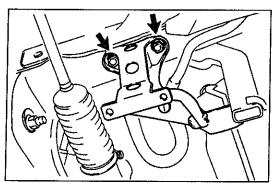
- 1. Remove the bolts shown in the figure.
- 2. Position the A/C condenser away from the radiator and secure it with wire.



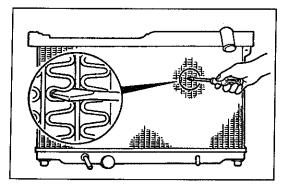
3. Remove the P/S oil pump pipe bracket shown in the fig-



4. Remove the A/C compressor high-pressure pipe bracket as shown in the figure.



- 5. Remove the radiator bracket.
- 6. Remove the radiator and coolant fan.

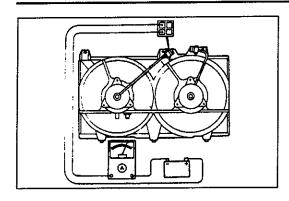


INSPECTION

Radiator

Check for the following and repair or replace the radiator as necessary.

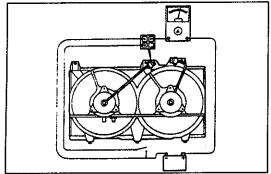
1. Cracks, damage and water leakage
2. Bent fins (repair with a screwdriver)
3. Damaged radiator inlet, outlet, and hose connectors



Coolant fan motor

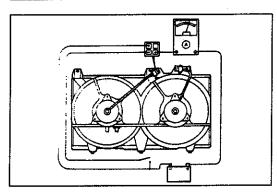
- 1. Verify that the battery is fully charged.
- 2. Disconnect the fan motor connectors.
- 3. Connect battery positive voltage and an ammeter as shown to the fan motor connector for low-speed inspection.
- 4. Verify that the fan motor operates smoothly at the standard current.

Current: 5.8-11.8A



- 5. Connect battery positive voltage, an ammeter, and a switch to the fan motor connector as shown for medium-speed inspection.
- 6. Verify that the fan motor operates smoothly at the standard current or less with the switch ON.

Current: 6.5-12.5A



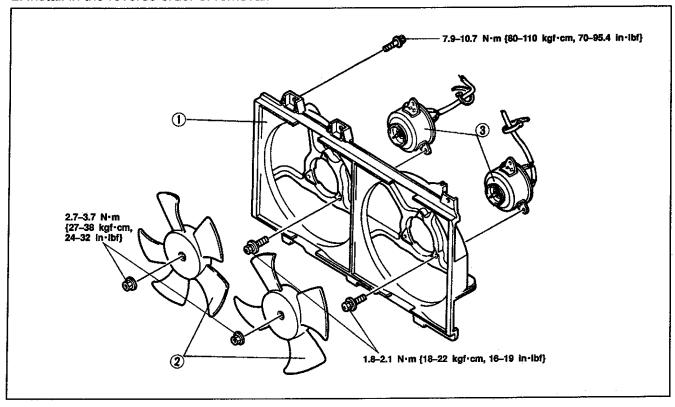
- 7. Connect battery positive voltage, an ammeter, and a switch to the fan motor connector as shown for high-speed inspection.
- 8. Verify that the fan motor operates smoothly at the standard current or less with the switch ON.

Current: 10.6-16.6A

- 9. Check the other fan motor as described above.
- 10. If a fan motor does not operate as specified, replace it.

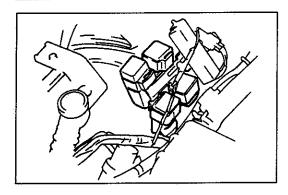
REPLACEMENT

- Remove in the order shown in the figure.
 Install in the reverse order of removal.



- Radiator cowling
 Coolant fan

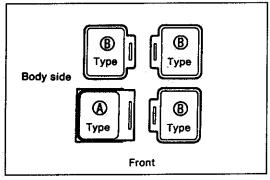
3. Coolant fan motor



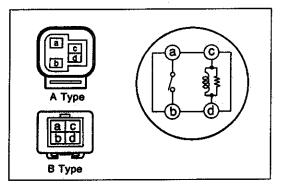
COOLANT FAN RELAY

REMOVAL / INSTALLATION

Slide the coolant fan relays off the bracket.



The relay positions are shown in the figure.



INSPECTION

1. Check continuity of the relaly as shown.

Terminal	Continuity
a-b	No
c-d	Yes

- Apply 12V between terminals c and d. Check for continuity between terminals a and b.
- 3. If not as specified, replace the fan relay.

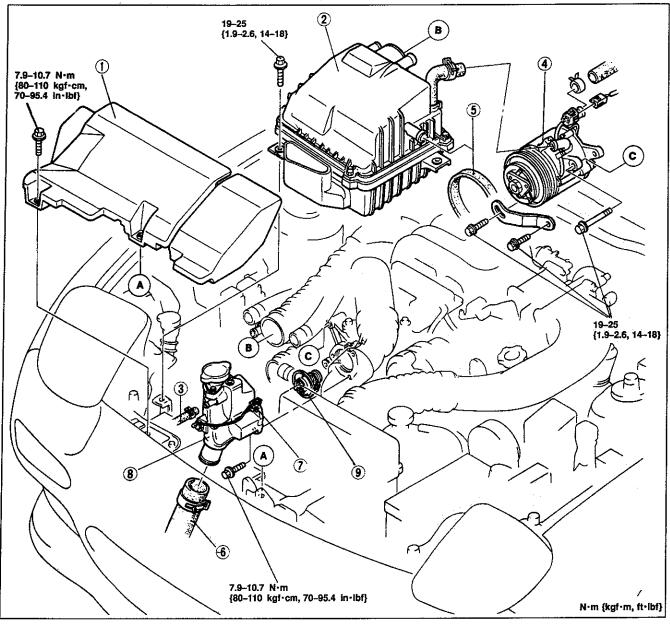
Steps After Installation

- 1. Fill the rediator with the specified amount and type of engine coolant. (Refer to page E-5.)
- 2. Start the engine and check for leaks.

THERMOSTAT

REMOVAL / INSTALLATION

- 1. Disconnect the negative battery cable.
- 2. Drain the engine coolant. (Refer to page E-5)
- 3. Remove in the order shown in the figure.
- 4. Install in the reverse order of removal, referring to Installation Note.

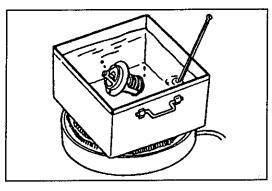


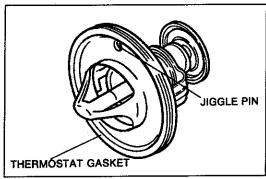
- 1. Fresh-air duct
- 2. Air cleaner housing
- 3. Water hose
- 4. Air pump
- 5. Drive belt

Removal/Installation Section C

- 6. Radiator hose (upper)
- 7. Coolant level sensor connector
- 8. Thermostat cover
- 9. Thermostat and gasket

Inspection page E-15 Installation Note page E-15





INSPECTION

- 1. Visually check that the thermostat valve is airtight.
- 2. Place the thermostat and a thermometer in water.
- 3. Heat the water and check the following.

Initial-opening temperature:

80.5-83.5°C {177-182°F} Full-open temperature: 95°C {203°F}

Full-open lift: 8.0-10 mm (0.31-0.39 in) min.

4. Check the thermostat gasket; if damaged, replace the thermostat assembly.

Installation Note

Thermostat

Install the thermostat into the thermostat case with the jiggle pin at the top.

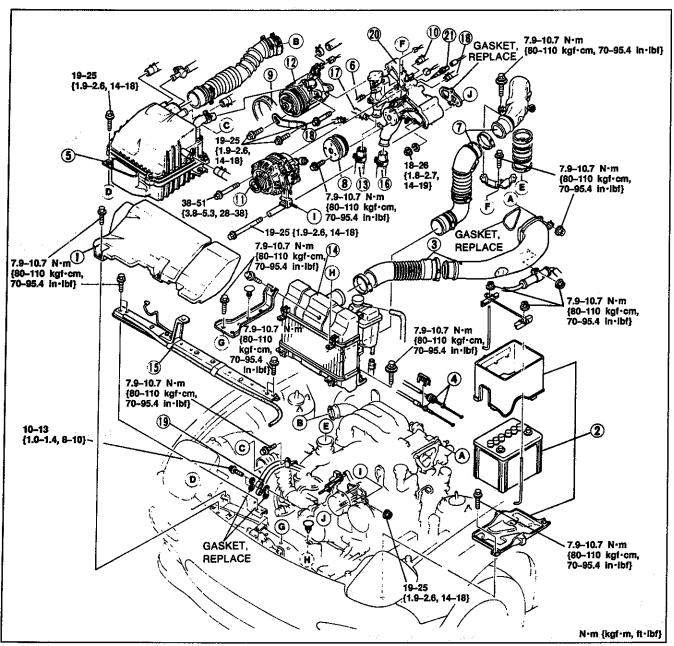
Steps After Installation

- 1. Fill the radiator with the specified amount and type of engine coolant. (Refer to page E-5,6.)
- 2. Connect the negative battery cable.
- 3. Start the engine and check for leaks.
- 4. Bleed the cooling system. (Refer to page E-6.)

WATER PUMP AND WATER THERMOSENSOR

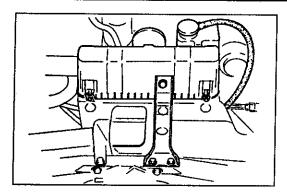
REMOVAL / INSTALLATION

- 1. Disconnect the negative battery cable.
- 2. Drain the engine coolant. (Refer to page E-5)
- 3. Remove in the order shown in the figure (page E-16), referring to **Removal Note**. 4. Install in the reverse order of removal.



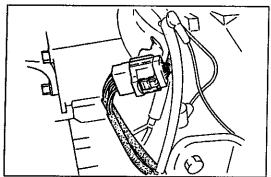
 Fresh-air duct Battery and carrier Air funnel and air hose Accelerator cable Service Air cleaner housing Water hose (filler port) Air pipe and air hose Water pump pulley 	Section F
9. Drive belt Removal/Installation	Section C

11. Alternator and strap
12. Air pump and strap
13. Radiator hose (upper)
14. Charge air cooler and air separation tank
Removal Note page E-17
15. Subframe
16. Radiator hose (lower)
17. Heater hose
18. Water hose (water pump body)
19. Metering oil tube
20. Water pump and pump body
Removal Note page E-17
21. Water thermosensor
Inspection page E-17
Installation Note nage F-17



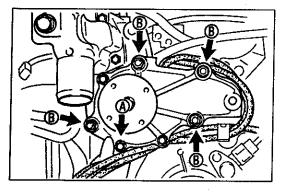
Removal Note

Charge air cooler and air separation tank Do not remove the air duct from the body.

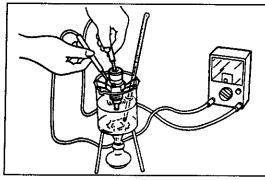


Water pump and pump body

1. Remove the metering oil pump connector from the engine hanger.



- 2. Remove the bolt (A) shown in the figure.
- 3. Position the metering oil tube and metering oil pump harness under the lower radiator hose.
- 4. Remove the nuts ® shown in the figure.
- 5. Remove the water pump and pump body.



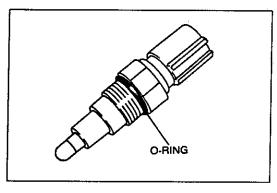
INSPECTION

Water Thermosensor

- 1. Place the switch and a thermometer in water.
- 2. Heat the water gradually and check resistance of the switch.

Coolant	Resistance
101°C {214°F}	0.5 Ω max.
108°C (236°F)	1 MΩ min

3. If not as specified, replace the water thermosensor.



Installation Note

Water thermosensor

- 1. Apply a small amount of engine coolant to the new O-ring.
- 2. Install the water thermosensor.

Tightening torque:

5.9-8.8 Nm {60-90 kgf·cm, 52-78 in·lbf}