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This file was not scanned to deprive Mazda of any money - it was scanned due to the rareness of the original manuals and the overwhelming need of the RX-7 owner to have this information so that they can accurately troubleshoot problems. Perhaps if Mazda's dealerships could support the Rotary Engine it wouldn't be so necessary for the owners to do so.



Many thanks to Lenny Terris for scanning this.

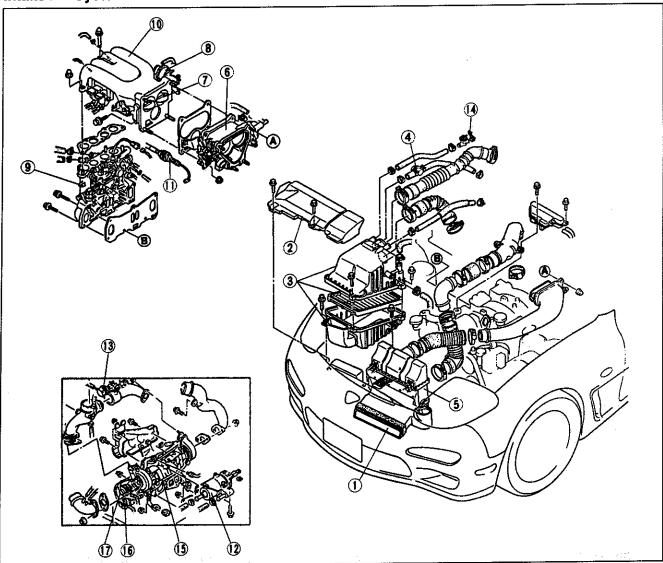
Before beginning any service procedure, refer to the 1994 RX-7 Body Electrical Troubleshooting Manual; see section S for air bag system service warnings and section J1 for audio antitheft system alarm conditions.

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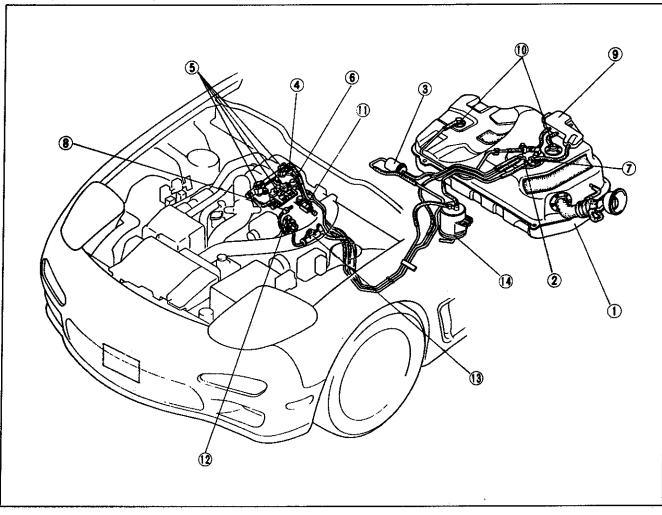
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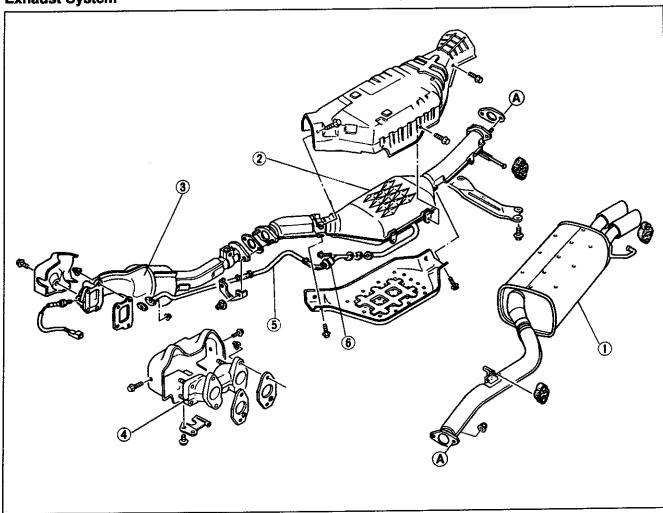
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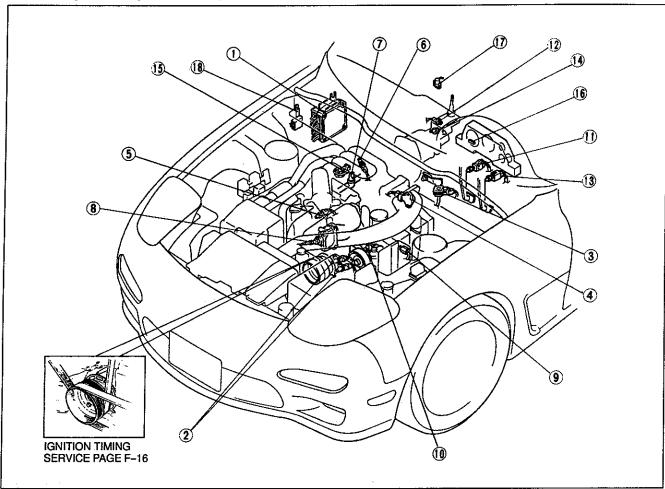
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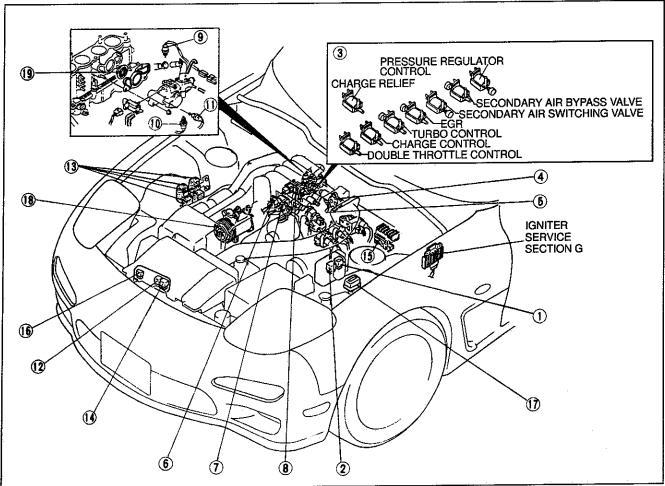
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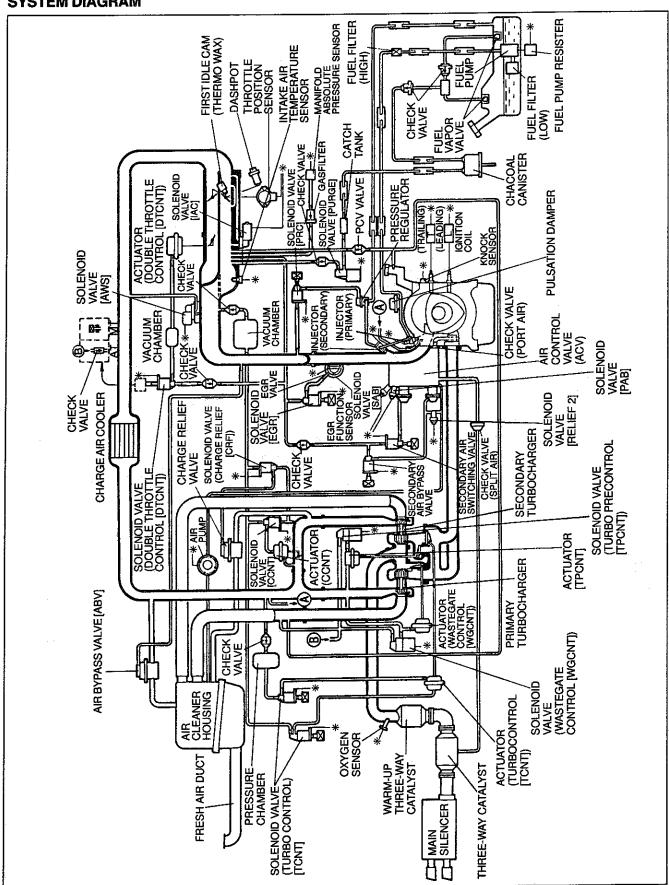
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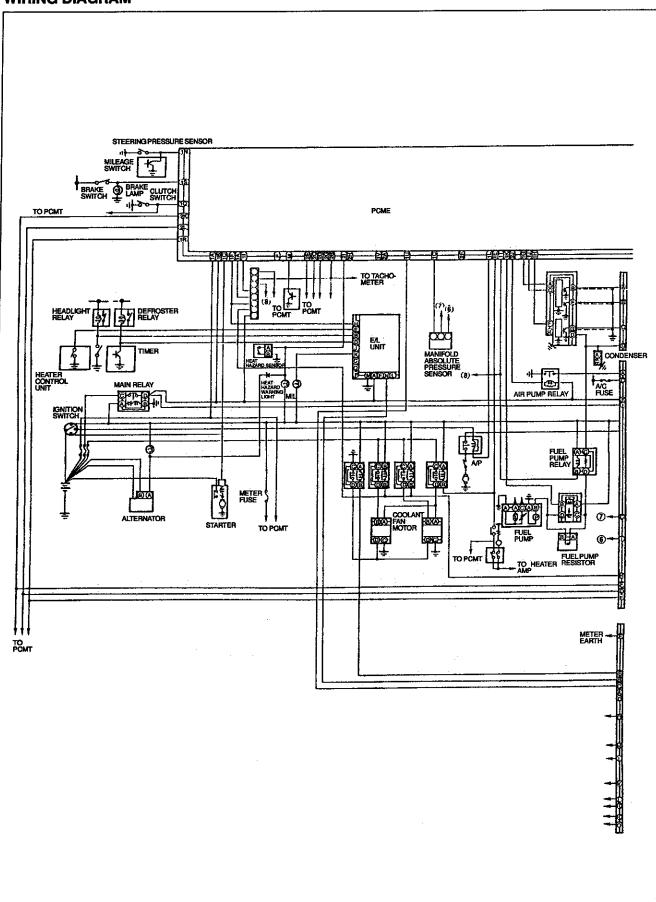
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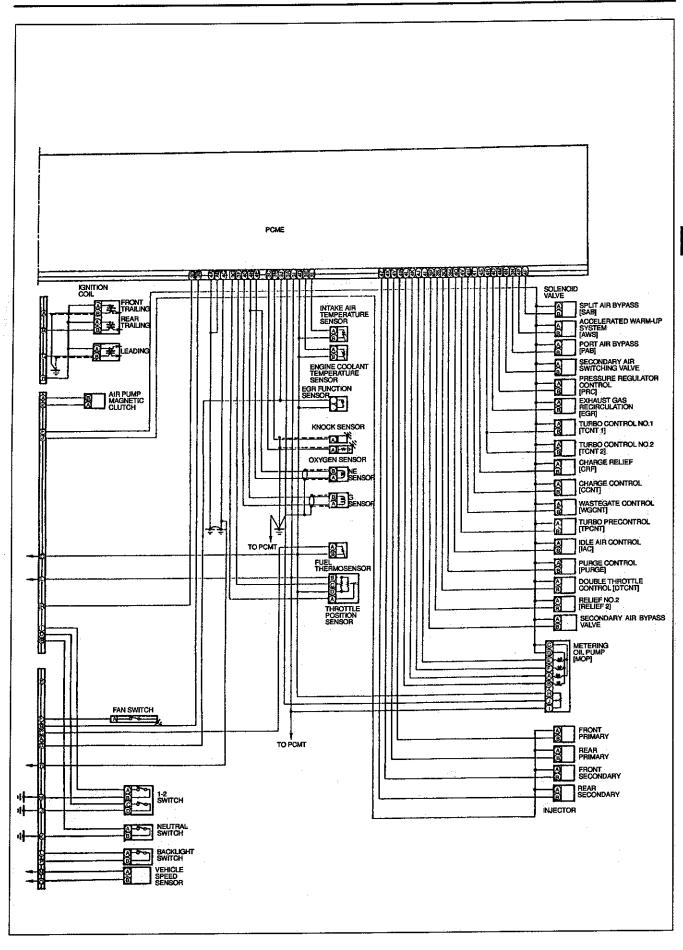
OUTLINE

SYSTEM DIAGRAM

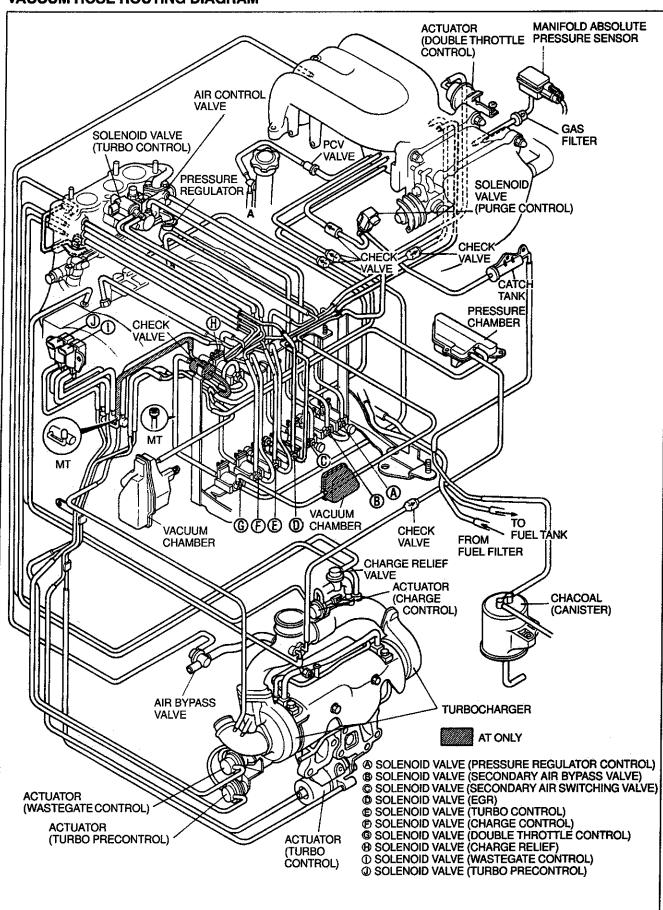


WIRING DIAGRAM





VACCUM HOSE ROUTING DIAGRAM



SPECIFICATIONS

· -	Item	Specification
Idle speed*	rpm	700-750 (720 +30)
•	Leading ATDC	5°
Ignition timing*	Trailing ATDC	20°
Air cleaner housing		
Element type		Oil permeated
Throttle body		
Type		Horizontal draft {2 stage-3 barrel}
TI	Primary mm {in}	45 {1.772}
Throat diameter	Secondary mm {in}	50 {1.969} × 2
Dashpot touch angle		8
Water thermovalve Oper temperature	ration (full open) °C (°F)	55-65 {131-149} or more
Charge air cooler		
Туре		Air cooled
Core size $\{w \times h \times t\}$	mm (in)	$294 \times 114 \times 65 \{11.575 \times 4.4882 \times 2.5591\}$
Turbocharger		
System type		Sequential twin turbo charged
Cooling method		water + engine oil
Boost control actuator		turbo pre-control + wastegate control
Boost control method		Solenoid valve (duty-controled) × 2
Fuel filter		
Timo	Low-pressure	Nylon element
Туре	High-pressure	paper element
Pressure regulator		
Туре		Diaphragm
Regulated pressure	kPa {kgf/cm², psi}	250-260 {2.5-2.6, 35.6-37.0}
Fuel pump		
Туре		Impeller (In tank)
Output pressure	kPa {kgf/cm², psi}	490-740 {50-7.5, 71.1-106.7}
Injector		
Туре		Side-feeding
Injection volume	Primary ml {cc, fl oz}/min	550 {550, 16.5}
injection volume	Secondary ml {cc, fl oz}/min	850 {850, 25.5}
Three-way catalyst		
Туре	Warm-up three-way catalyst	Metal
13pg	Three-way catalyst	Monolithic
Air pump		
Capacity	cm ³ {cc}/rev	375 {375}
Output	L/min	MT 130-200, AT 160-200
Fuel		
Specification		Unleaded premium (RON95 or higher)

^{*} TEN terminal of data link connector is grounded.

F

OUTLINE

COMPONENT DESCRIPTIONS

Component	Function	Remark	
1-2 switch	Detects gear position (1st, 2nd)	MT only	
Actuator (charge control)	Controls charge control valve		
Actuator (Double throttle control)	Controls double throttle valve	Installed on extension manifold	
Actuator (Turbo control)	Controls turbo control valve	Controlled by two solenoid valves	
Actuator (Turbo precontrol)	Controls turbo precontrol valve	Part of turbocharger assembly	
Actuator (Wastegate control)	Controls wastegate control valve	Part of turbocharger assembly	
Air Bypass Valve	Reduces sound of intake air entering air clean- er housing from turbocharger deceleration		
Air Cleaner Element	Filters air entering throttle chamber	Oil permeated type	
Air Control Valve	Directs air to one of three locations: exhaust port, three-way catalyst, or relief air silencer	Consists of two valves: Secondary air bypass valve Secondary air switching valve	
Air pump	Supplies secondary air to air control valve	With electromagnetic clutch	
Barometric Absolute Pressure Sensor	Detects atmospheric pressure; sends signal to PCME	Built in PCME	
Charcoal Canister	Stores fuel tank fumes when engine is stopped	Vented to atmosphere through charcoal and air filter	
Clutch switch	Detects clutch condition (engaged / disengaged)	MT only	
Crankshaft position Sensor	Detects eccentric shaft angle at 30° intervals and front rotor position; sends signal to PCME		
Dashpot	Prevents sudden throttle valve closing during deceleration		
Data link connector	Service connector terminals: 1 CIS self-diagnosis 2. PCMT on-board diagnosis [AT] 3. Initial set 4. Fuel pump check 5. Engine speed output 6. Switch and oxygen sensor monitor 7. Supply battery positive voltage 8. Ground 9. A/C self-diagnosis 10. Cruise control self-diagnosis 11. Electrical coolant fan self-diagnosis	25-pin (located near fuse box) 1. FEN terminal 2. TAT and FAT terminal 3. TEN terminal 4. F/P terminal 5. IG- terminal 6. MEN terminal 7 +B terminal 8. GND terminal 9. TAC and FAC terminal 10. TSC and FSC terminal 11. TFA terminal	
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Detect coolant temperature; send signals to PCME	Installed in engine	
Fuel filter	Filters particles from fuel		
Fuel pump	Provides fuel to injectors	Operates while engine running In fuel tank	
Fuel pump relay	Voltage for fuel pump while engine running		
Igniter	Receives spark signal from PCME and generates high voltage in ignition coil		
Ignition switch (START position)	Sends engine cranking signal to PCME		
Injector	Injects fuel into intake port	 Controlled by signal from PCME (side-feed type) 	
Intake air temperature sensor	Detects intake air temperature; sends signal to PCME	Installed in extension manifold	
Knock sensor	Detects engine knocking; sends signal to PCME		
Main relay	Supplies current to output devices and PCME		
Manifold absolute pressure sensor	Detects intake manifold pressure; sends signal to PCME	_	
Neutral/Clutch switches (MT)	Detects in-gear condition; sends signal to PCME	Switch is ON in neutral	
Oxygen sensor	Detects oxygen concentration; sends signal to PCME	Zirconic and platinum coat	

OUTLINE

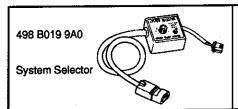
Component	Function	Remark
Park/neutral switch (AT)	Detects load condition; sends signal to PCME	<u> </u>
PCV valve	Controls blowby gas introduced into engine	<u> </u>
Powertrain control module (engine) (PCME)	Detects the following: 1. Engine speed 2. Knocking signal 3. Vehicle speed 4. Engine coolant temperature 5. Intake air temperature 6. Throttle valve opening angle (full range) 7. Intake manifold pressure 8. Atmospheric pressure 9. Oxygen concentration 10. Air/Fuel ratio 11. Throttle valve opening angle (narrow range)	1 Crankshaft position sensor 2. Knock sensor 3. Vehicle speed sensor 4. Engine coolant temperature sensor 5. Intake air temperature sensor 6. Throttle position sensor (full range) 7 Manifold absolute pressure sensor 8. Barometric absolute pressure sensor 9. Oxygen sensor 10. Oxygen sensor 11. Throttle position sensor (narrow range)
	12. Metering oil pump (MOP) position signal 13. Fuel temperature 14. Gear position 15. Clutch condition 16. In-gear condition 17. Power steering operation 18. Braking signal 19. Starter signal 20. Electrical Load (E/L) condition 21. EGR condition	 12. MOP position sensor 13. Fuel thermosensor 14. 1-2 switch (MT) 15. Clutch switch (MT) 16. Neutral switch (MT) 17. Steering pressure sensor 18. Stoplight switch 19. Ignition switch 20. E/L unit 21. EGR function sensor
	Control operation of the following 1 Fuel injection system 2 Ignition control system 3 Idle speed control system 4 Pressure negulaton control system 5. Secondary air injection	Injector Igniter Solenoid valve (Idle air control [IAC]) Solenoid valve (Pressure Regulator control [PRC]) Solenoid valve (Split air bypass [SAB]) Solenoid valve (Port air bypass [PAB])
	Accelerated warm-up System Sequential twin turbocharger control system	Secondary air switching valve Solenoid valve (Relief No.2 [RELIEF2]) Secondary air bypass valve Solenoid valve (AWS) Solenoid valve (Turbo control No.1 [TCNT1]) Solenoid valve (Turbo control No.2 [TCNT2]) Solenoid valve (Wastegate control [WGCNT]) Solenoid valve (Turbo precontrol [TPCNT]) Solenoid valve (Change control [CCNT])
	8. Exhaust Gas Recirculation control system 9 Double throttle control system 10. A/C control system 11 Electric coolant fan control system 12. Lock-up control system 13. Slip control system 14. On-board diagnosis function 15. Monitor function 16. Back up function	Solenoid valve (Change relief [CRF]) Solenoid valve (EGR) Solenoid valve (DTCNT) A/C relay Fan relay PCMT PCMT Self-diagnosis checker Self-diagnosis checker
Pressure regulator	Adjusts fuel pressure supply to injectors	_
Pulsation dumper	Absorbs fuel pulsations	
Secondary air bypass valve	Controls relief valve	Installed below extension manifold
Secondary air switching valve	Controls switching valve of air control valve	Installed below extension manifold
Solenoid valve (IAC)	Supplies bypass air into intake manifold	Controlled by duty signal from PCME
Solenoid valve (PRC)	Controls vacuum to pressure regulator	Installed below extension manifold
Solenoid valve (SAB)	Controls split air volume	Installed in ACV
Solenoid valve (RELIEF2)	Controls relief valve	Installed in ACV
Solenoid valve (PAB)	Controls port air volume	Installed in ACV
Solenoid valve (AWS)	Controls accelerated warm-up system	Installed in extension manifold
Solenoid valve (TCNT1)	Controls turbo control valve	Installed in ACV (pressure applied)
Solenoid valve (TCNT2)	Controls turbo control valve	 Installed below extension manifold (vacuum applied)

OUTLINE

Component	Function	Remark	
Solenoid valve (WGCNT)	Controls wastegate valve	Controlled by duty signal from PCME	
Solenoid valve (TPCNT)	Controls turbo precentrol valve	Controlled by duty signal from PCME	
Solenoid valve (CCNT)	Controls charge control valve	Installed below extension manifold	
Solenoid valve (CRF)	Controls charge relief valve	Installed below extension manifold	
Solenoid valve (EGR)	Controls EGR valve	Installed below extension manifold	
Solenoid valve (DTCNT)	Controls double throttle valve	• Installed below extension manifold	
Solenoid valve (PURGE)	Controls evapolative fumes from chacoal can- ister to intake manifold	Controlled by duty signal from PCME	
Steering pressure sensor	Detects P/S operation	Steering pressure sensor ON when steering wheel turned	
Stoplight switch	Detects braking; sends signal to PCME	_	
Three-Way Catalyst	Reduces HO, CO and NOx		
Throttle body	Controls intake air amount		
Throttle position sensor	Detects throttle valve opening angle	Installed on throttle body	
Vehicle speed sensor	Detects vehicle speed; sends signal to PCME	Installed in instrument cluster	

ENGINE TUNE-UP

PREPARATION SST

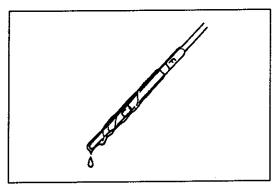


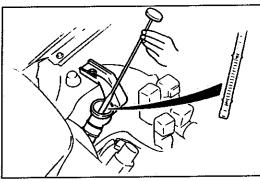
For inspection of ignition timing and idle speed and diagnosis

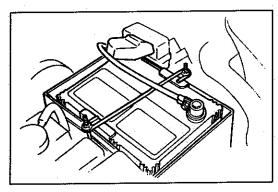
49 H018 9A1 Self-Diagnosis Checker

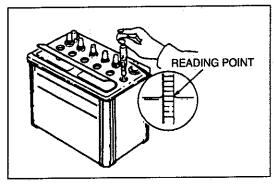


For diagnosis









BASIC INSPECTION

Engine Oil

- Remove the dipstick and check the engine oil level and condition.
- 2. Add or change oil as necessary.

Coolant (engine cold)

Warning

- Removing the radiator cap or the coolant filler cap while the engine is running, or when the engine and radiator are hot is dangerous. Scalding coolant and steam may shoot out and cause serious injury. It may also damage the engine and cooling system.
- Turn off the engine and wait until it is cool. Even then, be very careful when removing the cap. Wrap a thick cloth around it and slowly turn it counterclockwise to the first stop. Step back while the pressure escapes.
- When you're sure all the pressure is gone, press down on the cap-still using a cloth-turn it, and remove it.

1. Remove the coolant level gauge from the coolant recervir.

- 2. Verify that the coolant level is between the and marks of the gauge.
- 3. Add coolant if necessary.

Battery

Terminal and cable

- Remove any corrosion on the clamps or battery posts and coat them with grease.
- 2. Verify that the battery top is clean. If necessary, clean with baking soda and water.
- 3. Verify that cables are not frayed or corroded. Repair or replace if necessary.

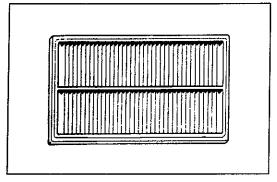
4. Verify that cable clamps are tight.

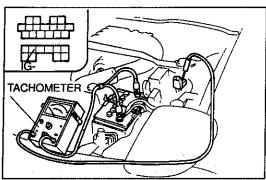
5. Verify that the rubber protector completely covers the positive terminal and clamp.

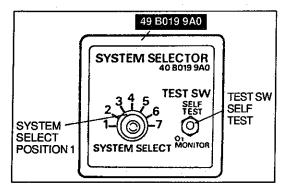
Electrolyte level and specific gravity

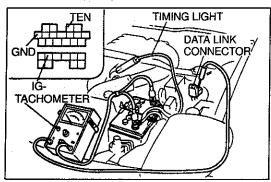
- 1. Verify that the electrolyte level is between the "Upper" and "Lower" level marks.
- 2. Add distilled water if necessary. Do not over fill.
- 3. Check the specific gravity with a hydrometer.

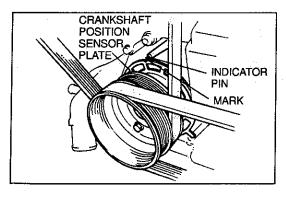
Specific Gravity: 1.27-1.29 {at 20°C [68°F]}











Air Cleaner Element Inspection

 Check the air cleaner element for excessive dirt and for oil and damage.

Caution

- Cleaning the element with compressed air will reduce the element's ability to filter the air. Don't use compressed air to clean the element.
- 2. Replace the element if necessary.

ADJUSTMENT

Preparation

- 1. Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn all electric loads OFF.
- 3. Connect the SST to the data link connector.
- Connect a tachometer to the data link connector IG- terminal as shown.

Ignition Timing

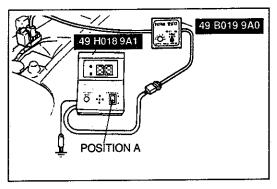
The ignition timing is set at the factory and must not be adjusted. Any adjustment will negatively effect the engine performance.

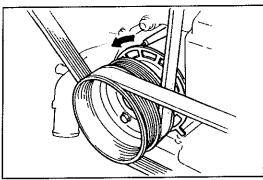
- 1. Perform preparation (refer to above.)
- 2. Verify that the electric coolant fan does not operate.
- 3. Remove the fuel filler cap.
- 4. Set SYSTEM SELECT to position 1.
- 5. Set TEST SW to SELF-TEST.
- 6. If the **SST** is not used, connect a jumper wire between the TEN terminal and the GND terminal of the data link connector.
- 7. Make sure the idle speed is within specification; if not, adjust the idle speed.
- 8. Connect a timing light to the high-tension lead of the front trailing-side.

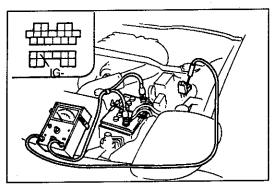
Note

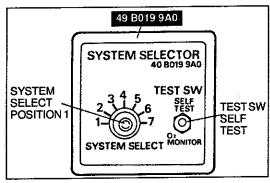
- Some timing lights will not illuminate even if the ignition is working properly.
- 9. Verify that the timing mark (white) on the crankshaft position sensor plate is aligned with the indicator pin.

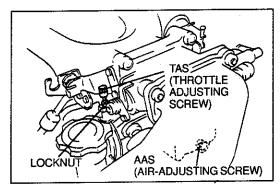
Ignition timing: Trailing side: 20° ATDC (-20° BTDC)
Leading side: 5° ATDC (-5° BTDC)
Idle speed (Neutral or P range): 550-950 rpm











- 10. If the timing is incorrect, check the following procedure.
 - Verify that no trouble code number is present. If trouble code number present, check for cause by referring to the specified check sequence. (Refer to page F-20)
 - 05-knock sensor
 - 13-Manifold absolute pressure sensor

Input devices

- E/L, P/S, A/C, Coolant fan
- Crankshaft position sensor (NE, signal)
- Manifold absolute pressure sensor
- Throttle position sensor
- Neutral SW / Clutch SW (MT)
- Park / Neutral signal (AT)

Others

PCME terminal 3I (Refer to page F-152)

- 11. Disconnect the SST.
- 12. Verify that the ignition timing advances when the engine is above 1,500 RPM.

Idle Speed

Because the idle speed is controlled automatically by the PCME, it is usually not necessary to check and adjust the idle speed control valve. However, if the engine is idling roughly, use the following procedure to make adjustments.

- 1. Perform "Preparation". (Refer to page F-16)
- 2. Set SYSTEM SELECT to position 1
- 3. Set TEST SW to SELF TEST
- 4. With the coolant fan off, verify that the idle speed is within specification.

Idle speed: 700-750 (720 +30 rpm)

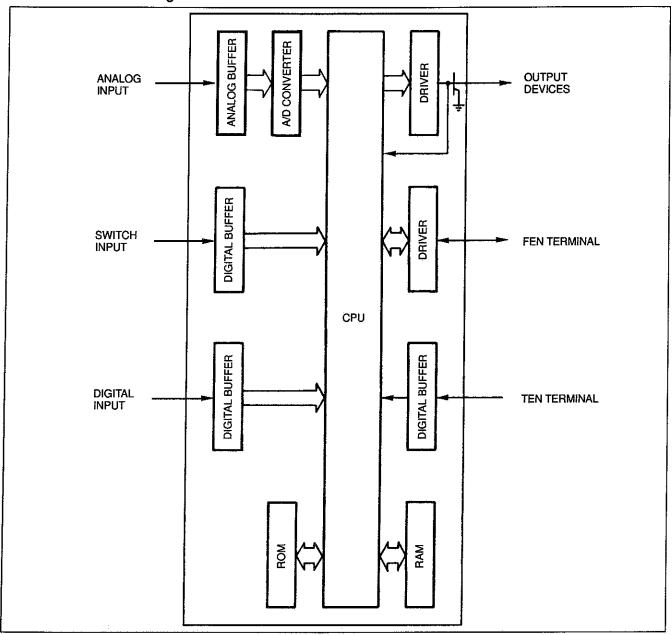
- 5. If not within the specification, adjust the idle by turning the air-adjusting screw (AAS).
- If not within the specification when air adjusting screw fully closed, loosen the locknut and turn the throttle adjusting screw to set the idle.
- 7. Tighten the locknut and put a paint mark on the nut and throttle body.
- 8. Disconnect the SST.

ON-BOARD DIAGNOSIS FUNCTION

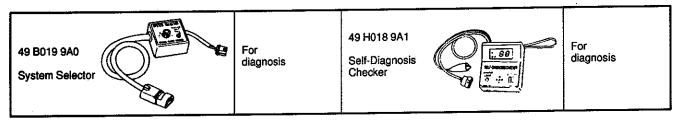
DESCRIPTION

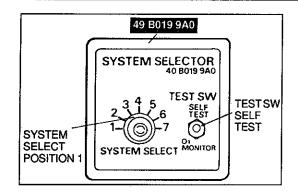
When trouble occurs in the main input or output devices, check for the cause by using the SST. Failure of input and output devices is indicated and retrieved from the powertrain control module (engine) (PCME) as diagnostic trouble code numbers.

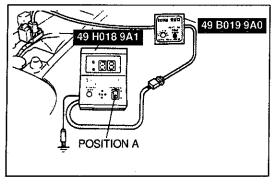
For input devices, the PCME continuously checks for malfunctions. For output devices, it checks for malfunctions only in a three-second period after the ignition switch is turned to ON, or the TEN terminal of the data link connector is grounded.

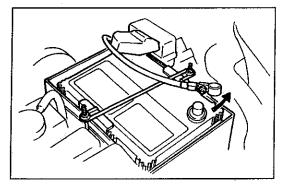


PREPARATION SST









DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE NUMBER Inspection Procedure

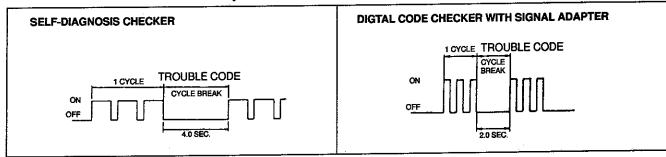
- Connect the SST to the Self-Diagnosis Checker to the data link connector.
- 2. Set system select to position 1.
- 3. Set the test switch to SELF TEST.
- 4. Connect the SST to the System Selector and a ground.
- 5. Set the select switch to position A.
- 6. Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 7. Verify the "88" flashes on the digital display and the buzzer sounds for **3 sec**. after turning the ignition switch ON.
- 8. If "88" does not flash, check the main relay (refer to page F-174), power supply circuit, and data link connector wiring
- 9. If "88" flashes and the buzzer sounds continuously for more than 20 sec., check for a short circuit between the PCME terminal 1 F and the data link connector. Replace the PCME if necessary, perform Steps 3 and 7 again.
- Note any code numbers and check for the causes by referring to the check sequences shown on pages F-26 through F-65. Repair as necessary.
- 11. After repairs, cancel the code numbers by performing the "After-repair procedure". (Refer to page F-66.)

Principle of Code Cycle

Trouble codes are determined as shown below.

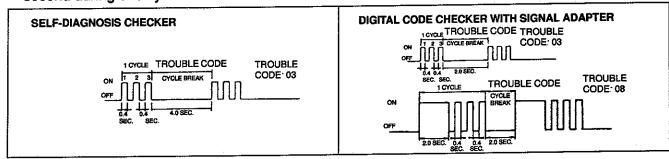
1. Code cycle break

The time between trouble code cycles is 4.0 seconds (the time the buzzer is off).



2. Second digit of trouble code (ones position)

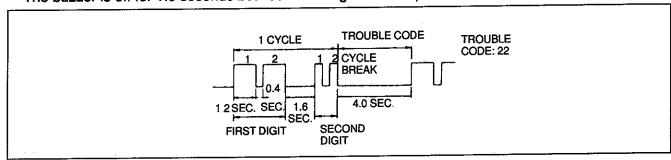
The digit in the ones position of the trouble code represents the number of times the buzzer sounds 0.4 second during one cycle.



3. First digit of trouble code (tens position)

The digit in the tens position of the trouble code represents the number of times the buzzer is on 1.2 seconds during one cycle.

The buzzer is off for 1.6 seconds between the long and short pulses.



F

Diagnostic Trouble Code Numbers

No.	ir	dicator flashing pattern	Diagnosed circuit	Condition	Point	Memo- rized	Page
02	ON OFF		Crankshaft position sensor (NE signal)	No NE signal	Crankshaft position sensor connector Wiring from crankshaft position sensor to PCME Crankshaft position sensor	Yes	F-26
03	ON OFF		Crankshaft position sensor (G signal)	No G signal	 Crankshaft position sensor connector Wiring from crankshaft position sensor to PCME Crankshaft position sensor 	Yes	F-27
05	ON OFF		Knock sensor	Open or shout circuit	Knock sensor connector Wiring from knock sensor to PCME Knock sensor	Yes	F-28
06	ON OFF		Vehicle speed Sensor	No vehicle speed sensor signal	Vehicle speed sensor connector Wiring from vehicle speed sensor to PCME	Yes	F-29
09	ON OFF		Engine coolant temprature sensor		Engine coolant temperature sensor connector Wiring from engine coolant temperature sensor to PCME Engine coolant temperature sensor resistance	Yes	F-30
11	ON OFF		Intake air tem- prature sensor		Intake air temperature sensor connector Wiring from intake air temperature sensor to PCME Intake air temperature sensor resistance	Yes	F-31
12	ON OFF		Throttle position sensor (Full range)	Open or short circuit	Throttle position sensor connector Wiring from throttle position sensor to PCME	Yes	F-32
13	ON OFF		Manifold absolute pressure sensor		Manifold absolute pressure sensor connector Wiring from manifold absolute pressure sensor to PCME Manifold absolute pressure sensor resistance	Yes	F-33
14	ON OFF		Barometric absolute pressure sensor (in PCME)		● PCME	Yes	F-34
15	ON OFF		Oxygen sensor (Inactivation)	Sensor output continues less than 0.55V 25 sec. in closed loop zone	Oxygen sensor connector Wiring from oxygen sensor to PCME Oxygen sensor	Yes	F-34
16	ON OFF		EGR function sensor	Open or short circuit	EGR function sensor connector Wiring from EGR function sensor to PCME EGR function sensor	Yes	F-35
17	ON OFF		Oxygen sensor (Inversion)	Sensor output not changed 120 sec. in closed loop zone	 Fuel pressure Injection fuel leakage Ignition system Air leakage PCME 	Yes	F-36
18	ON OFF		Throttle position sensor (Narrow range)	Open or short circuit	Throttle position sensor con- nector Wiring from throttle position sensor to PCME	Yes	F-38

No.	Indicator flashing pattern	Diagnosed circuit	Condition	Point	Memo- rized	Page
20	ON OFF	Metering oil pump position sensor		MOP connector Wiring from MOP position sensor to PCME MOP position sensor continuity	Yes	F-39
23	ON OFF	Fuel thermosensor	Open or Short	Fuel thermosensor connector Wiring from Fuel thermosensor to PCME Fuel thermosensor resistance	Yes	F-40
25	ON OFF	Solenoid valve (pressure regu- lator control)	0.00	Solenoid valve connector Wiring from solenoid valve to PCME Solenoid valve continuity	No	F-41
26	ON OFF	Metering oil pump (stepping moter)		MOP connector Wiring from MOP to PCME MOP continuity	Yes	F-42
27	ON OFF	Metering oil pump	Open or short circuit or Stick- ing of MOP sen- sor	MOP connector Wiring from MOP to PCME Mop continuity	Yes	F-43
28	ON OFF	Solenoid valve (EGR)		Solenoid valve connector Wiring from solenoid valve to PCME Solenoid valve continuity	No	F-44
30	ON OFF	Solenoid valve (Split air bypass)		Solenoid valve connector Wiring from solenoid valve to PCME Solenoid valve continuity	No	F-45
31	ON OFF	Secondary air bypass valve	Open or short	Solenoid valve connector Wiring from solenoid valve to PCME Solenoid valve continuity	No	F-46
32	ON OFF	Secondary air switching valve	circuit	Solenoid valve connector Wiring from solenoid valve to PCME Solenoid valve continuity	Yes	F-47
33	ON OFF	Solenoid valve (Port air bypass)		Solenoid valve connector Wiring from solenoid valve to PCME Solenoid valve continuity	No	F-48
34	ON OFF	Solenoid valve (Idle air control)		Solenoid valve connector Wiring from solenoid valve to PCME Solenoid valve continuity	No	F-49
37	ON OFF	Metering Oil Pump	Low battery pos- itive voltage	Charging system MOP connector Wiring from MOP to PCME	Yes	F-50

No.	Indicator flashing pattern	Diagnosed circuit	Condition	Point	Memo- rized	Page
38	ON OFF	Solenoid valve (Accelerated warm-up sys- tem)		Solenoid valve connector Wiring from solenoid valve to PCME Solenoid valve continuity	No	F-51
39	ON OFF	Solenoid valve (Relief 2)		Solenoid valve connector Wiring from solenoid valve to PCME Solenoid valve continuity	No	F-52
40	ON OFF	Solenoid valve (Purge control)		Solenoid valve connector Wiring from solenoid valve to PCME Solenoid valve continuity	No	F-53
42	ON OFF	Solenoid valve (Turbo precontrol)		Solenoid valve connector Wiring from solenoid valve to PCME Solenoid valve continuity	No	F-54
43	ON MANAGEMENT OFF MANAGEMENT OF THE CONTRACT O	Solenoid valve (Wastegate con- trol)		Solenoid valve connector Wiring from solenoid valve to PCME Solenoid valve continuity	No	F-55
44	ON OFF	Solenoid valve (Turbo control)	Open or Short Circuit	Solenoid valve connector Wiring from solenoid valve to PCME Solenoid valve continuity	Yes	F-56
45	ON OFF	Solenoid valve (Charge control)		Solenoid valve connector Wiring from solenoid valve to PCME Solenoid valve continuity	Yes	F-57
46	ON OFF	Solenoid valve (Charge relief)		Solenoid valve connector Wiring from solenoid valve to PCME Solenoid valve continuity	No	F-58
50	ON OFF	Solenoid valve (Double throttle control)		Solenoid valve connector Wiring from solenoid valve to PCME Solenoid valve continuity	No	F-59
51	ON OFF	Fuel pump relay (speed)		Fuel pump relay connector Wiring from relay to PCME Relay continuity	Yes	F-60
54	ON OFF	Air pump relay		Air pump relay connector Wiring from relay to PCME Relay continuity	No	F-61

No.	No. Indicator flashing pattern Diagnosed circuit Con-		Condition	Point	Memo- rized	Page
71	OFF] [] [] [] [] ary)			Injector connector Wiring from Injector to PCME Injector resistance	Yes	F-62
73	ON OFF	Injector (Rear second- ary)	Open circuit	 Injector connector Wiring from injector to PCME Injector resistance 	Yes	F-63
76	ON OFF	Slip lock up off signal (PCMT)	Open or Short	PCMT connector Wiring from PCMT to PCME	No	F-64
77	ON OFF	Torque reduced signal (PCMT)	circuit	PCMT connector Wiring from PCMT to PCME	No	F-65

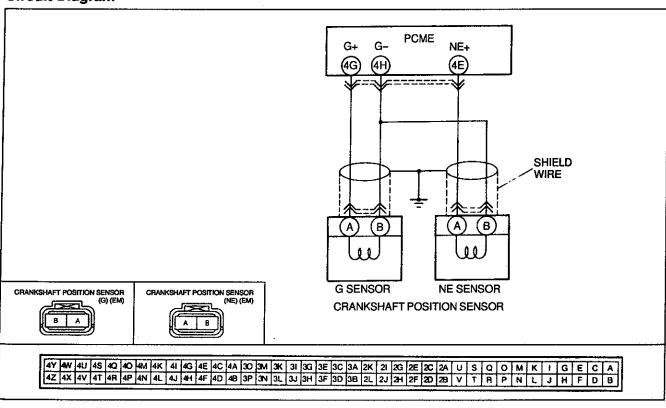
Note

After repairs, cancel the code numbers by performing the "After-repair procedure". (Refer to page F-66.)

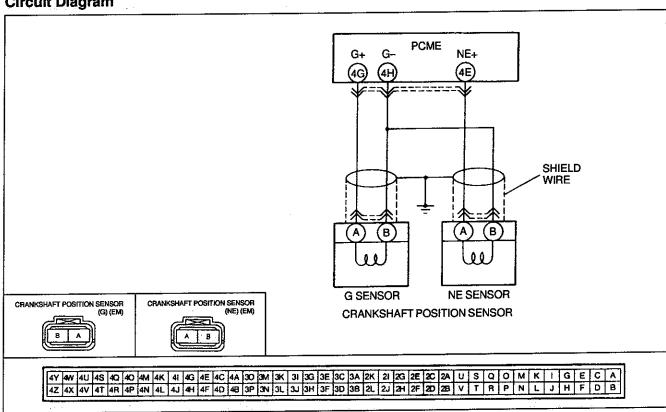
[•] If more than one failure is present, the code numbers will be indicated in numerical order.

TroubleshootingIf a trouble code number is shown on the SST, check for the cause by referring to the related chart.

CODE	No.	02 (CRANKSH	AFT PO	SITION SENSOR [NE SENSOR])		
STEP	INSPECTION			ACTION		
1	Is Co	de No.03 also present?	Yes	Go to next step		
			No	Go to step 5		
2		crankshaft position sensor circuit have poor ection?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness		
			No	Go to next step		
3	Is res	istance of crankshaft position sensor [NE SEN- OK?	Yes	Go to next step		
	Resis	stance: 0.95–1 .25 kΩ (20°F [68°F])	No	Replace crankshaft position sensor [NE SENSOR]	r page F-166	
4	is cle nai] C	arance of crankshaft position sensor [NE sig- K?	Yes	Go to next step		
	Clear	ance: 1.0-2.0 mm (0.039-0.078 in)	No	Adjust clearance	☞ page F-166	
5		re continuity between ground and 4E or ground H terminal? (at harness side)	Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring (Crankshaft position sensor-4H or 4E terminal)		
			No	Go to next step		
6		nnect connector from PCME; is resistance be- 4E and 4H terminals OK?	Yes	Replace PCME	r page F-150	
	Resis	tance: 0.95–1.25 KΩ (20°C [68°F])	No	Check for open circuit in wiring (Crankshaft position sensor-4H or 4E terminal)		

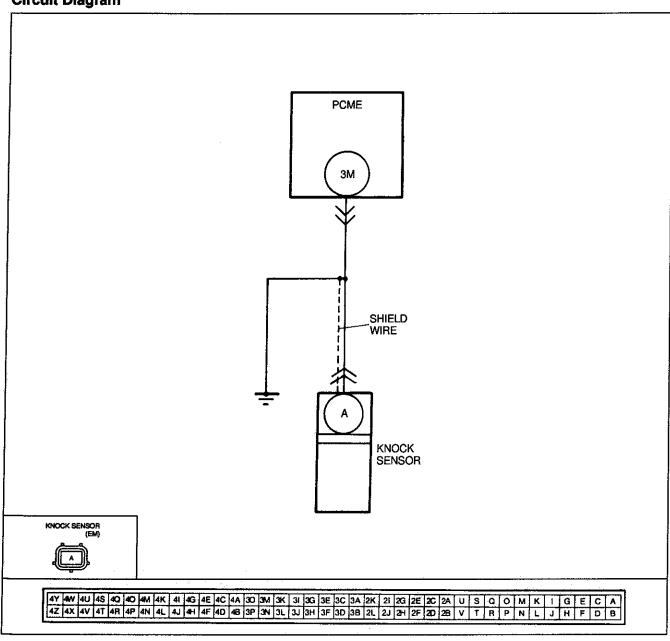


CODE	No.	03 (CRANKSH	IAFT PO	OSITION SENSOR [G SENSOR])	·
STEP	INSPECTION ACTION				
1	Is C	ode No.02 also present?	Yes	Go to next step	
			No	Go to step 5	·
2		s crankshaft position sensor circuit have poor nection?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	
			No	Go to next step	
		Is resistance of crankshaft position sensor [G SEN-SOR] OK?		Go to next step	
	Resi	istance: 0.95–1.25 KΩ (20°F [68°F])	No	Replace crankshaft position sensor [G SENSOR]	☞ page F-166
4	Is cle	earance of crankshaft position sensor [G signal]	Yes	Go to step	
	Clea	trance: 1.0-2.0 mm (0.039-0.0178 in)	No	Adjust clearance	r page F–166
5	is the	Is there continuity between ground and 4G or ground and 4H terminal? (at harness side)		Check for short circuit in wiring (Crankshaft position sensor-4H or 4G terminal)	
			No	Go to next step	
6		onnect connector from PCME; is resistance be- en 4G and 4H terminals OK?	Yes	Replace PCME	r page F–150
	Resi	istance: 0.95–1.25 KΩ (20°C [68°F])	No	check for open circuit in wiring (Crankshaft position sensor-4G or 4H terminal)	-

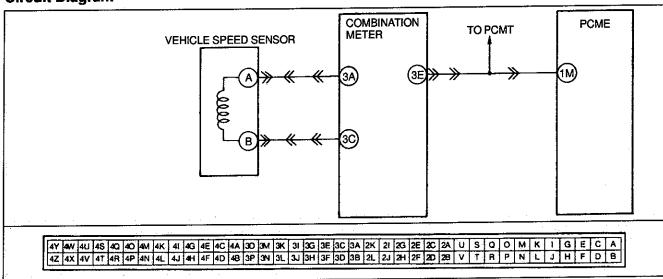


ON-BOARD DIAGNOSIS FUNCTION

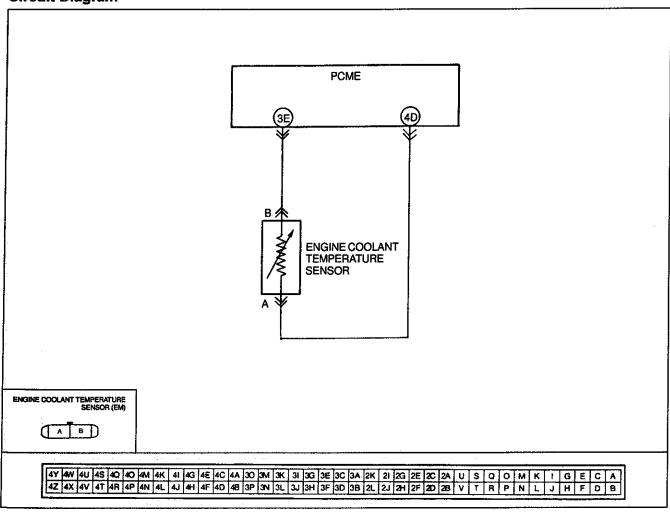
CODE	No.	05 (KNOCK SENSOR)				
STEP		INSPECTION		ACTION		
1	Does	Does knock sensor circuit have a poor connection?		Repair connector and/or wiring harness		
			No	Go to next step		
2 Is there conterminal 3M	re continuity between knock sensor and PCME all 3M?	Yes	Check continuity between PCME terminal 3M and ground			
				 ⇒ If continuity, repair or replace wiring ⇒ If no continuity, go to next step 		
			No	Repair wiring harness		
3	Try known good knock sensor, is same code present?		Yes	Replace PCME	se page F–166	
			No	Replace knock sensor	r page F–171	
	ĺ		I			



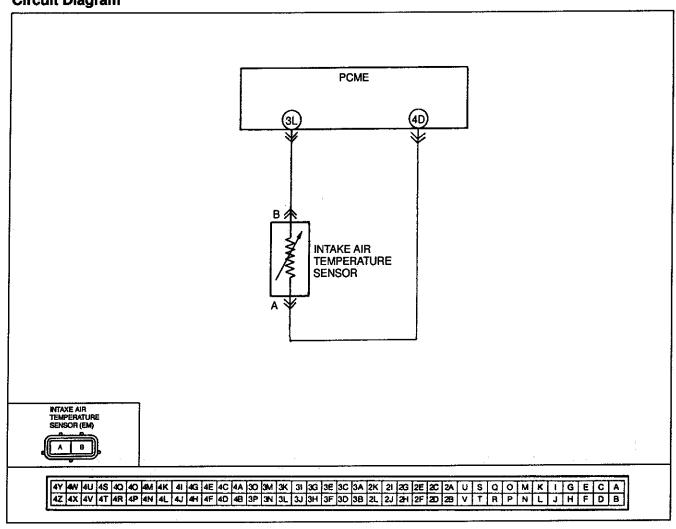
CODE	No.	06	(VEHIC	LE SPEED SENSOR)	
STEP	IN	SPECTION		ACTION	
1	Is speedometer working correctry		Yes	Go to next step	
			No	Go to step 5	
2	Check for PCMT trouble co		Yes	Go to step 5	
	,		No	Go to next step	
3	Does vehicle speed senso nection?	circuit have a poor con-	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	
			No	Go to next step	
4	Is there vehicle speed sensor terminal 1M voltage OK?		Yes	Check for open or short circuit wiring har- ness (Vehicle speed sensor terminal 3E-PCME terminal 1M)	
	Condition	Voltage		⇒ If OK go to step 8	
	While driving	2-2.5V		⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness	
	ldle	0V or 4-5V	No	Go to next step	
5	Remove vehicle speed ser Is resistance felt when turn	sor ing sensor driven gear by	Yes	Go to next step	
	hand?		No	Replace vehicle speed sensor	
6	Disconnect vehicle speed s		Yes	Go to next step	
	Does pointer of circuit feste en gear is slowly turned?	r move slightly when driv-	No	Replace vehicle speed sensor	
7	Disconnect vehicle speed s Is resistance of sensor OK	ensor connector	Yes	Check wiring and connectors from vehicle speed sensor to speedometer	
	Resistance: Approx. 290 (reference)	Ω (20°C [68°F]);		 ⇒ If OK, go to next step ⇒ It not OK, repair wiring and/or connector 	
			No	Replace vehicle speed sensor	
8	Disconnect negative batter seconds		Yes	Replace PCME	r≆ page F–150
	Connect battery cable and Is trouble code displayed?	recheck for trouble code	No	Intermittent poor connection Check for cause	



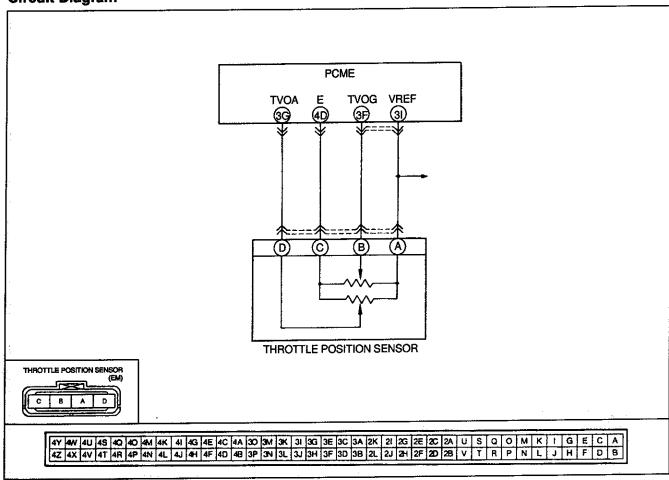
CODE	No.	09 (ENGINE	COOLA	NT TEMPERATURE SENSOR)	
STEP		INSPECTION		ACTION	
1	Does the engine coolar have a poor connection	t temperature sensor circuit ?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	
			No	Go to next step	
2	age OK with engine coo	rature sensor B terminal volt- lant temperature sensor con-	Yes	Go to next step	
	nector disconnected?		No	Check for short or open circuit in wiring har-	
	Condition	Voltage		ness (Engine coolant temperature sensor B terminal-PCME terminal 3E)	
	Ignition switch ON	Approx. 5.0V			
				⇔ If OK, replace PCME ⇔ If not OK, repair wiring harness	
3	Is there continuity betwee ture sensor A terminal a	en engine coolant tempera- nd a ground	Yes	Go to next step	
			No	Repair wiring harness	
4	Is resistance of engine of OK?	Is resistance of engine coolant temperature sensor OK?		Replace PCME	ræ page F–150
	Coolant temp.	Resistance (kΩ)		,	
- 1	-20°C {-4°F}	14.6-17.8	No	Replace engine coolant temperature sensor	r page F-169
	20°C {68°F}	2.2-2.7		. Topicado di gine documento de la composición d	j 3 - 1 - 1- 1
- 1	80°C {176°F}	0.29-0.35			



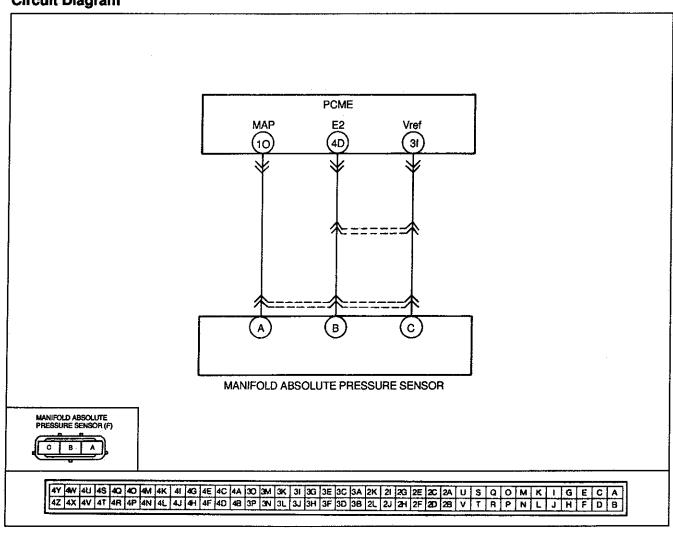
CODE	Io. 11 (INTAKE AIR TEMPE			TEMPERATURE SENSOR)	
STEP	EP INSPECTION			ACTION	
1	Does the engine coolant temperature sensor circuit have a poor connection?		Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	
			No	Go to next step	
2	Is Intake air temperature sensor B terminal voltage OK with intake air temperature sensor connector		Yes	Go to next step	
	disconnected?			Check for short or open circuit in wiring	
	Condition	Condition Voltage		harness (Intake air temperature sensor B terminal-PCME terminal 3L)	
	Ignition switch Of	Approx. 5.0V		·	
			'	⇒ If OK, replace PCME ⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness	
3	Is there continuity between intake air temperature sensor A terminal and a ground		Yes	Go to next step	
				Repair wiring harness	
4	Is resistance of intake air temperature sensor OK?		Yes	Replace PCME	r page F–150
.	Temperature	Temperature Resistance (kΩ)			
	20°C {68°F}	2.2-2.7	No	Replace intake air temperature sensor	r page F-169
	85°C {185°F}	0.29-0.35			



CODE	No.	12 (THROTTL	E POSI	TION SENSOR [FULL RANGE])	
STEP	INSPECTION			ACTION	
1	Does throttle position sensor circuit have a poor connection?		Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	
			No	Go to next step	
2	Is throttle position sensor A terminal voltage OK with throttle position sensor disconnected?		Yes	Go to next step	
	Condition Ignition switch ON	Voltage Approx. 5.0V	No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring harness (Throttle position sensor A terminal-PCME terminal 3I) Diff OK, replace PCME In the first of the first of the circuit in wiring harness	
3	Is there continuity between throttle position sensor and PCME?			Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Throttle position sensor D terminal-PCME terminal 3G)	
	Throttle position sensor terminal PCME D 3G			⇒ If OK, go to next step ⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness	
	<u> </u>	4D	No	Repair wiring harness	
4	Is there continuity between terminals A and D with throttle valve closed throttle position to fully opened OK?		Yes	Replace PCME	r page F-150
			No	Replace throttle position sensor	r page F–168

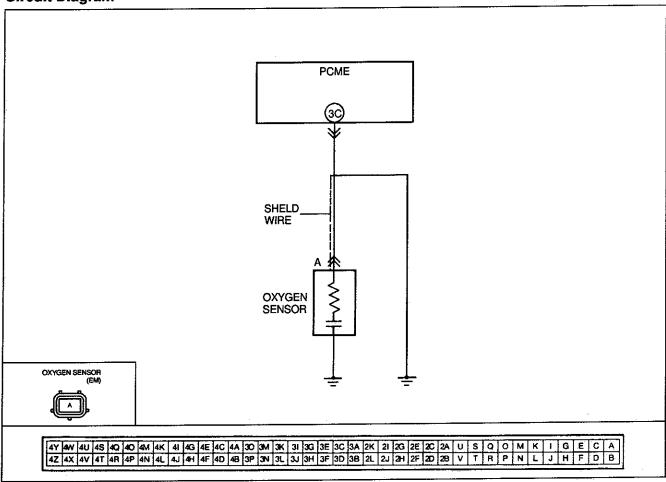


CODE	No.	13 (MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR)					
STEP		INSPECTION			ACTION		
1	Does manifold absolute pressure sensor circuit have a poor connection?			Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	:	
				No	Go to next step		
2	Is connector C terminal voltage OK with manifold absolute pressure sensor connector disconnected?			Yes	Go to next step		
	Condition	1	Voltage	No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring		
	Ignition switch ON	Approx.	5.0V		harness (manifold absolute pressure sensor C terminal-PCME terminal 3I		
3	Is there continuity between manifold absolute pressure sensor B terminal and PCME terminal 4D			Yes	Go to next step		
				No	Repair wiring harness		
4	Is output A terminal voltage of manifold absolute pressure sensor OK?			Yes	Replace PCME	r≇ page F–150	
	Pressure or Va	ecum	Voltage				
		66 kPa {500 mmHg, 19.7 inHg} (Vaccum)	1.3-1.6V	No			
İ	0 kPa {0 mmHg,	0 inHg}	2.3-2.8V		Replace manifold absolute pressure sensor *** p	r page F–167	
	98.7 kPa {740 mmHg (Pressure		4.3-4.6V				

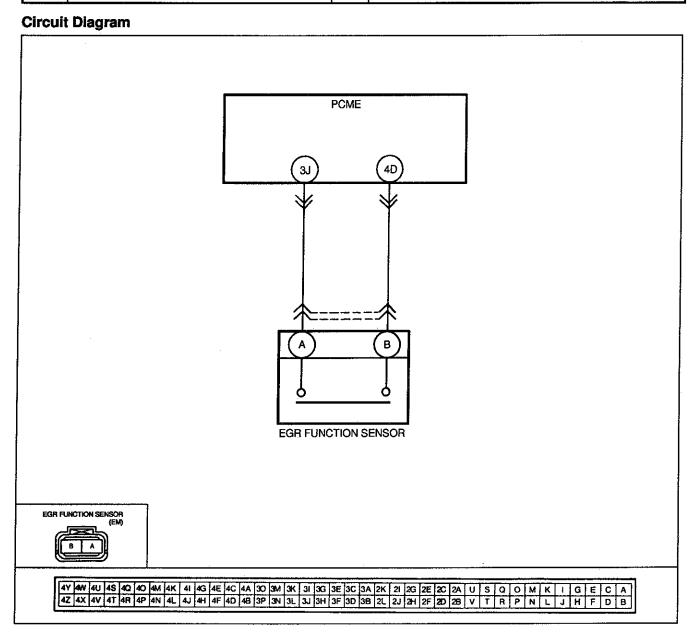


CODE I	No.	14 (BAROMETRIC ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR-IN PCME)	·	
STEP	<u> </u>	ACTION		
1	Replace PCME	rar page F-150		

CODE No. 15 (OX		15 (OXYGEN S	KYGEN SENSOR-INACTIVATION)			
If Code	No.15 and 17 are both present, first perform the	checking proced	dure for Code No.17.			
STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION			
1	Does oxygen sensor circuit have a poor connec	ction? Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness			
		No	Go to next step			
2	Is oxygen sensor output voltage OK?	Yes	Go to next step			
		No	Replace oxygen sensor	r page F–113		
3	Is there continuity between oxygen sensor and PCME terminal 3C?	Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring □ If OK, replace PCME □ If not OK, repair wire harness	☞ page F150		
		Nó	Repair wiring harness			



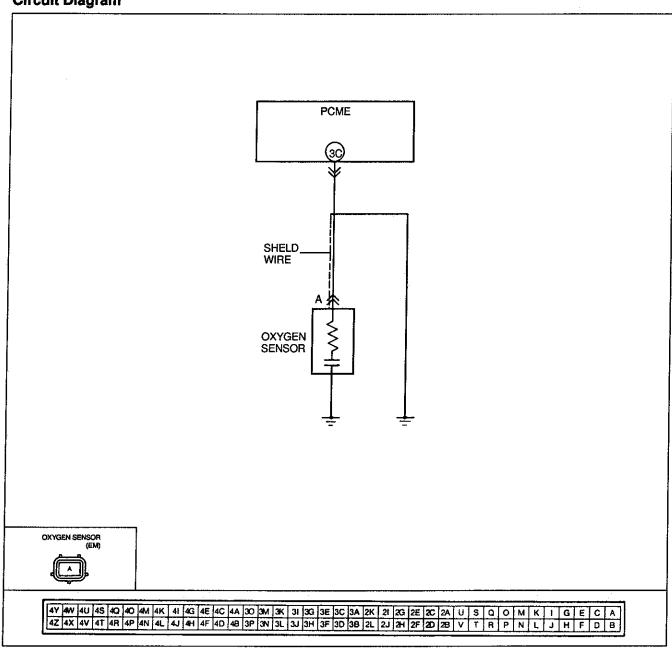
CODE	No.	16	(EGR F	UNCTION SENSOR)
STEP		INSPECTION		ACTION
1		Does EGR function sensor circuit have a poor connection?		Repair connector and/or wiring harness
			No	Go to next step
2		Is connector A terminal voltage OK with EGR function sensor connector disconnected.		Go to next step
:			No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring harness (EGR function sensor A terminal-PCME terminal 3J)
3	Is there continuity between EGR function sensor B terminal and PCME terminal 4D?		Yes	Go to next step
			No	Repair wiring harness
4	Is EG	R function sensor OK? ☞ page F-127	Yes	Replace PCME □ page F-150
			No	Replace EGR valve



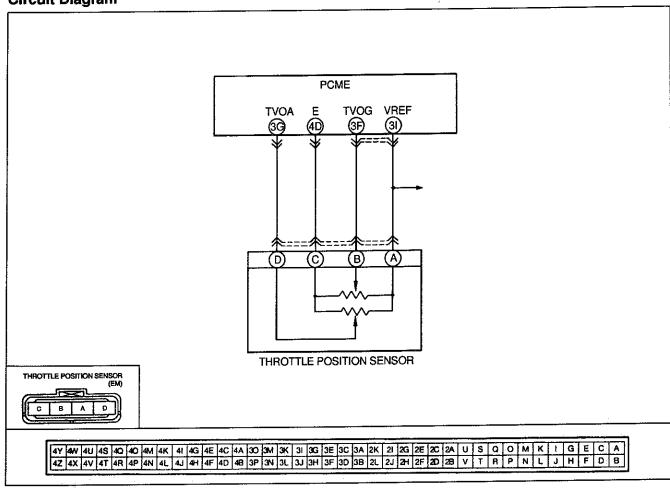
CODE	No.	17 (0)	XYGEN	17 (OXYGEN SENSOR (INVERSION))							
STEP		INSPECTION		ACTION							
1		e same Code No. present following after repair edure?	Yes	Go to next step							
		≈ page F-66	No	Check oxygen sensor circuit for a poor connection							
				⇒ If OK, perform troubleshooting Code No.15							
2	Does	s monitor lamp of Self-Diagnosis Checker illumi-	Yes	Go to next step							
	nate and	at idle after the engine has been warmed up run at 2500–3000 rpm for 3 min?		A/F mixture rich							
			No	Go to Step 6							
				A/F mixture is lean or misfire is occurring							
3	Is the	ere air leakage in intake air system compo- s?	Yes	Go to next step							
			No	Repair or replace	r page F-76						
4	ls fue	el line pressure correct at idle? • page F-104	Yes	Go to next step							
	Fuel 190-	line pressure: 220 kPa {1.9-2.3 kgf/cm ² , 28-32 psi}	No	High pressure Check if fuel return hose is clogged or restricted	r page F-104						
				⇒ if OK, replace pressure regulator							
5	is the	ere fuel leakage at injector?	Yes	Replace injector	r page F-105						
			No	Check engine coolant temperature sensor?	r page F-169						
				⇒ If it is OK, replace oxygen sensor ⇒ If it is not OK, replace it							
6	Disco gine	onnect each high tension lead at idle; does enspeed decrease equally at each rotor?	Yes	Go to next step							
			No	Go to Step 8							
7	is fue	of line pressure correct at idle? rar page F-97	Yes	Go to next step							
		line pressure: 220 kPa {1 .9-2.3 kgf/cm², 28-32 psi}	No	Low pressure Check fuel line pressure while pinching fuel return hose							
				 ⇒ If it quickly increases, check pressure regulator ⇒ If it gradually increases, check for clogging between fuel pump and pressure regulator ⇒ If hose is not clogged, check fuel pump maximum pressure 	s page F-104 s page F-101						
8	Is the	ere a misfire of a dead rotor from step 6 inspec-	Yes	Repair or replace ignition system component(s)	1000						
	uon:		No	Go to next step	· 						

B+: Battery positive voltage

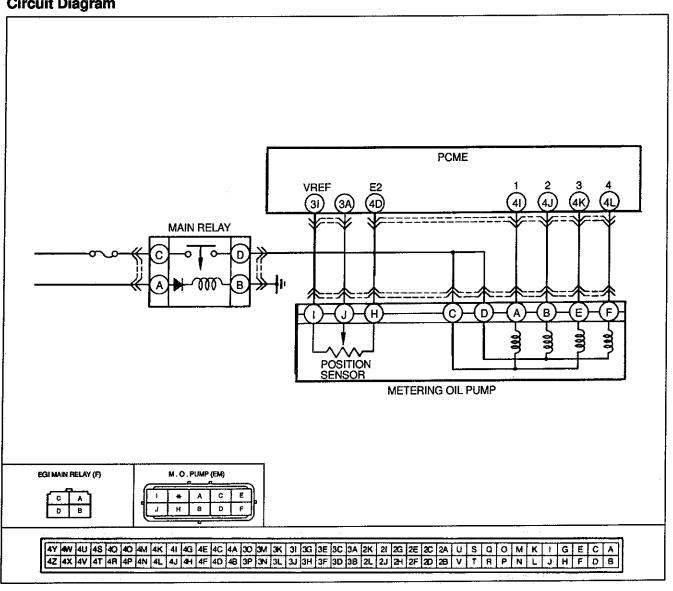
STEP	INSPECTION	ACTION		
9	Is there an injector operating sound at idle of dead rotor from step 6 inspection?	Yes	Go to next step	
		No	Check for approx. B+ at injector terminal wire	
			 ⇒ If there is, replace injector ⇒ If there is not, check for a short or open circuit in wire harness 	
10	Replace injector at dead rotor from step 6 inspection	Yes	Try known good oxygen sensor	
	r page F–105		⇒ If it is OK, replace oxygen sensor ⇒ If it is not OK, replace PCME	
	Is the same Code No. present following afterrepair procedure?	No	System OK	



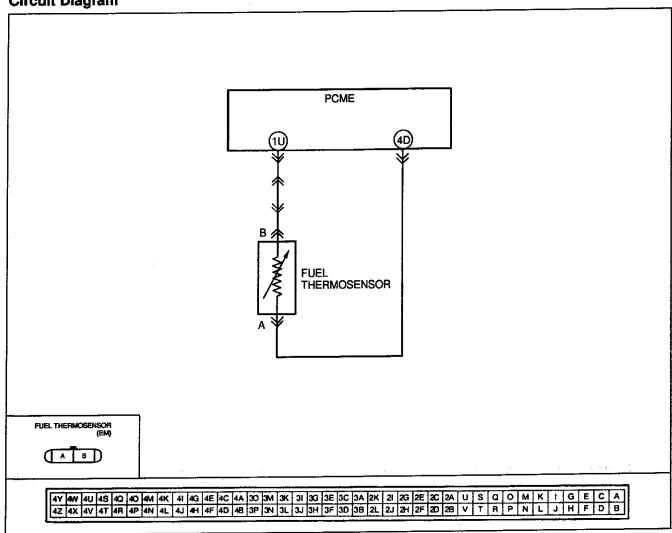
CODE	No. 18 (THROT	TLE POSITI	ON SENSOR [NARROW RANGE])
STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	Does throttle position sensor circuit have a poor c nection?	on- Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness
		No	Go to next step
2	Is throttle position sensor A terminal voltage OK w throttle position sensor disconnected?	rith Yes	Go to next step
	Condition Voltage Ignition switch ON Approx. 5.0V	No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring harness (Throttle position sensor A terminal -PCME terminal 3I) ⇒ If OK, replace PCME ⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness
3	Is there continuity between throttle position sensor and PCME?	r Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Throttle position sensor B terminal-PCME terminal 3F)
	Throttle position sensor terminal PCME B 3F		⇒ If OK, go to next step ⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness
	C 4D	No	Repair wiring harness
4	Is there continuity between terminals A and B with throttle valve closed to fully opened OK?	Yes	Replace PCME ≈ page F-150
	• •	No	Replace throttle position sensor



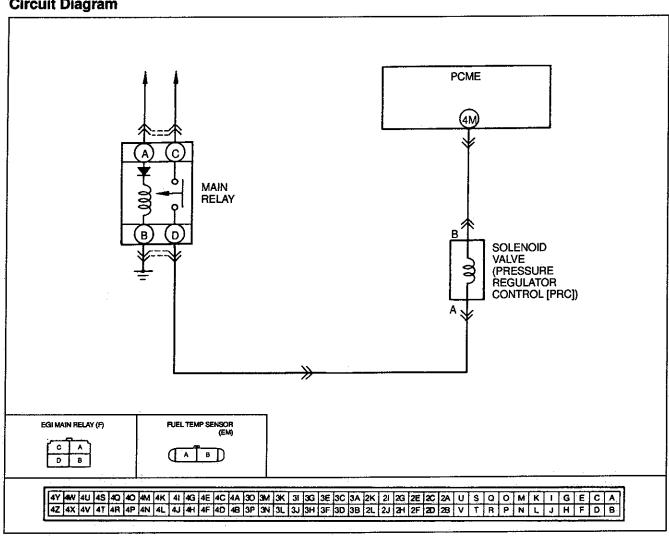
CODE	No.		20 (METER	ING OIL	PUMP POSITION SENSOR)		
STEP		INSPECTION		ACTION			
1		here any poor connecti PCME connectors?	ons at metering oil pump	Yes	Repair or replace connector		
				No	Go to next step		
2	Is PC	ME terminal 3A voltage	e OK?	Yes	Go to step 4		
	Condition Voltage		1				
		Idle 1.1V		No	Go to next step		
		Acceleration 1.1V-4.2V			do to non diap		
3		sistance of MOP positio		Yes	Repair wiring harness (Mop position sensor-PCME terminal 3A)		
		J-I 1.0-2 kΩ H-I 9.4-12 kΩ			Replace MOP		
4	4 Disconnect negative seconds		negative battery cable for at least 20		Replace PCME		
		Connect battery cable and recheck for trouble code Is trouble code displayed?		No	Intermittent poor connection check for cause.		



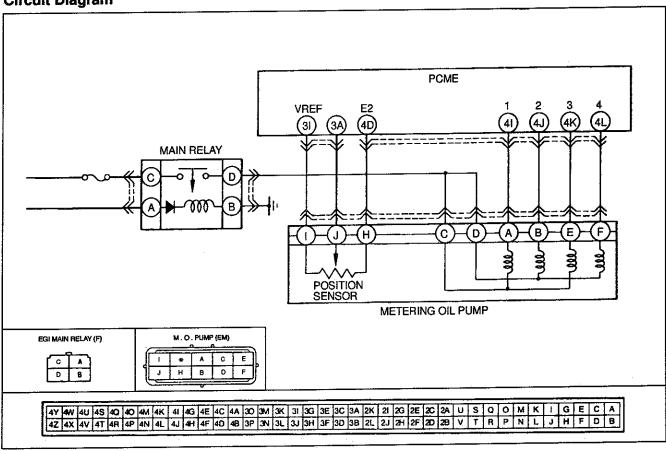
CODE	No.	2	3 (FUEL	THERMOSENSOR)	
STEP		INSPECTION		ACTION	
1	Does the fuel therm nection?	osensor circuit have a poor con-	Yes	Repair connector and/or harness	
			No	Go to next step	
2	Is fuel thermosenso thermosensor conn	r B terminal voltage OK with fuel ector disconnected?	Yes	Go to next step	
		Vallage	No	Check for short or open circuit in wiring	
	Condition	Voitage		harness (Fuel thermosensor B terminal	
	Ignition switch ON	Approx. 5.0V		-PCME terminal 1U)	
				 ⇒ If OK, replace PCME ⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness 	
3	Is there continuity b	etween fuel thermosensor A ter-	Yes	Go to next step	
			No	Repair wiring harness	
4	Is resistance of fuel	stance of fuel thermosensor OK?		Replace PCME	r page F-150
	Fuel temp	Resistance (kΩ)			
	-20°C (-4°F)	14.6-17.8			
	20°C {68°F}	2.2-2.7	No	Replace fuel thermosensor	r page F-170
	80°C {176°F}	0.29-0.35			



CODE	No.	25 (SOLENOID VALV	E-PRES	SSURE REGULATOR CONTROL [PRC])		
STEP	INSPECTION ACTION					
1	Does solenoid valve circ	uit have a poor connection?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness		
			No	Go to next step		
2	Is connector A terminal valve connector disconn		Yes	Go to next step	·	
	Condition	Voltage	No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring		
	Ignition switch ON	Battery positive voltage		harness (Solenoid valve A terminal-Main relay D terminal)		
3	Is there continuity between and PCME terminal 4M?	en solenoid valve B terminal	Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve B terminal-PCME terminal 4M)		
				 ⇒ If OK, go to next step ⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness 		
			No	Repair wiring harness		
4	Is solenoid valve OK?	r page F-176	Yes	Replace PCME	r page F–150	
			No	Replace solenoid valve		



CODE	No.		26 (METEF	RING OII	L PUMP STEPPING MOTOR)
STEP		IN	SPECTION		ACTION
1	Are to	Are there any poor connections at metering oil pump and PCME connector?			Repair or replace connector
				No	Go to next step
2	ls res	sistance of MOP stepp	ping motor OK?	Yes	Go to next step
		terminal	Resistance (kΩ)		
		C-SMA	16–31		
		C-SME		No	Replace MOP
		D – SM B			
		D-SMF			
3	Is cor	Is continuity between MOP stepping motor and PCME terminals OK?			Repair wiring harness (MOP-Main relay)
		MOP terminal	PCME terminal		
		SM A	41		
		SM B	4J	No	Repair wiring harness (MOP-PCME terminals)
		SM E	4K		
		SM F	4L		
4	seco	Disconnect negative battery cable for at least 20 seconds Connect battery cable and recheck for trouble code is trouble code displayed?			Replace PCME
					Intermittent poor connection check for cause

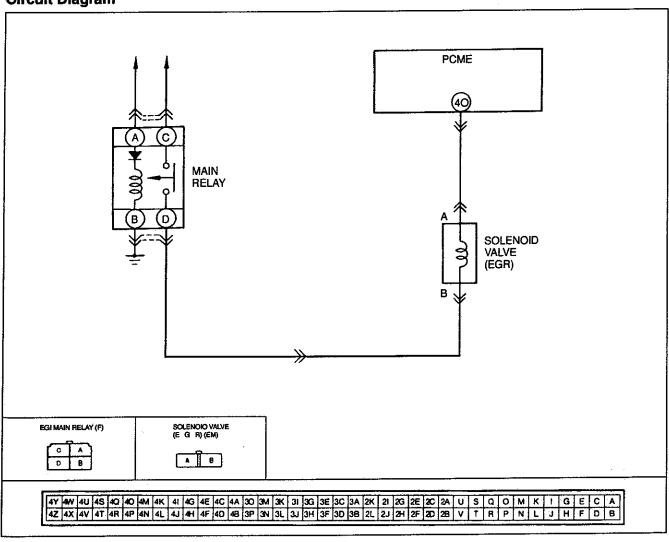


B+: Battery positive voltage

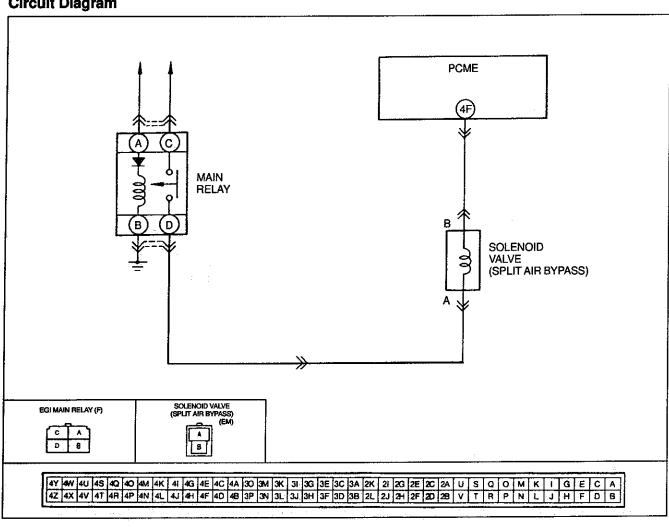
CODE							ERING OIL PUMP)	
STEP	<u> </u>		IN	SPECT			ACTION	
1	Are there any poor connections at metering oil pump and PCME connector?			t metering oil pump	Yes	Repair or replace connector		
						No	Go to next step	
2	Is PCM	E termina	al 3A volta	ge OK'	?	Yes	Go to step 4	
		Condition	on		Voltage			
		ldle			1.1V	No	Go to next step	
		Accelerat	ion		1.0V-4.2V	INO	Go to liext step	
3		tance of M	0.4-12 k	Ω	sor OK?	Yes	Go to next step	
		_	10-2 kΩ 0.4-12 k			No	Replace MOP	
4	Is PCME terminals voltage Specification: (Idle)			OK?		Yes	Go to step 7	
		pping otor	PCI term		Output voltage			
		МА	4		One terminal: B+ Three terminals: 5-9 V	No	Go to next step	
		мв	4.					
		ME	4					
	<u> </u>	MF	41	-				
5	Is resist	ance of M	e of MOP stepping motor OK?			Yes	Go to next step	
ı		termina	1	Re	Resistance { kΩ}			
		C - SM /	Α		-			
		C - SM E	E			No	Replace MOP	
ŀ		D-SME	3		16-31		- 1.1. F - 1.1. E -	
		D - SM F						
6	Is contin	uity between	een MOP OK?	steppir	ng motor and	Yes	Repair wiring harness (MOP-Main relay)	
ļ	M	OP termi	nai	P	CME terminal			
İ		SM A			41			
		SM B			4 J	No	Repair wiring harness (MOP-PCME terminals)	
		SME			4K			
		SM F			4L			
7	seconds	_	`	-	for at least 20	Yes	Replace PCME	
	Is trouble	battery c	able and splayed?	recneck	t for trouble code	No	Intermittent poor connection check for cause	

Circuit Diagram (Refer to page F-42)

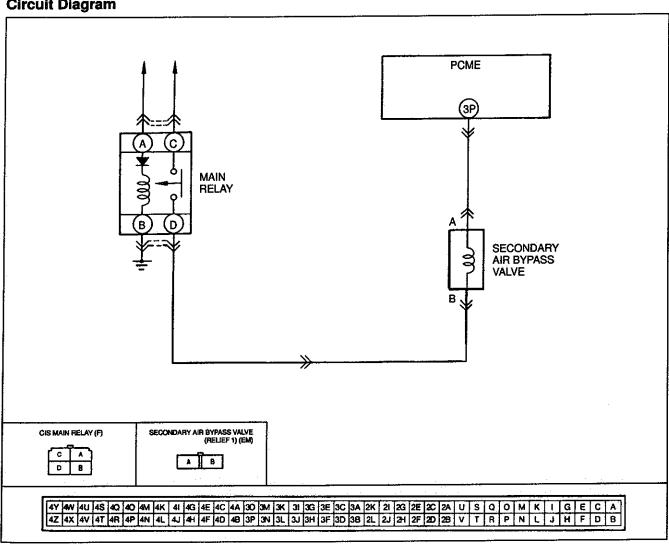
CODE	No.		28	(SOLE	NOID VALVE-EGR)	
STEP	T	ll.	ISPECTION		ACTION	
1	Does s	olenoid valve circu	it have a poor connection?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	
				No	Go to next step	
2		ector B terminal vonnector disconne	oltage OK with solenoid cted?	Yes	Go to next step	
		Condition	Voltage	No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring	
	Ignitio	on switch ON	Battery positive voltage		harness (Solenoid valve B terminal-Main relay D terminal)	
3	is there	e Continuity between PCME terminal 4	en solenoid valve A termi- O?	Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve A terminal-PCME terminal 4O)	
					⇒ if OK, go to next step ⇒ if not OK, repair wiring harness □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	
				No	Repair wiring harness	
4	Is soler	Is solenoid valve OK? ≈ page F-176			Replace PCME	r page F−150
				No	Replace solenoid valve	



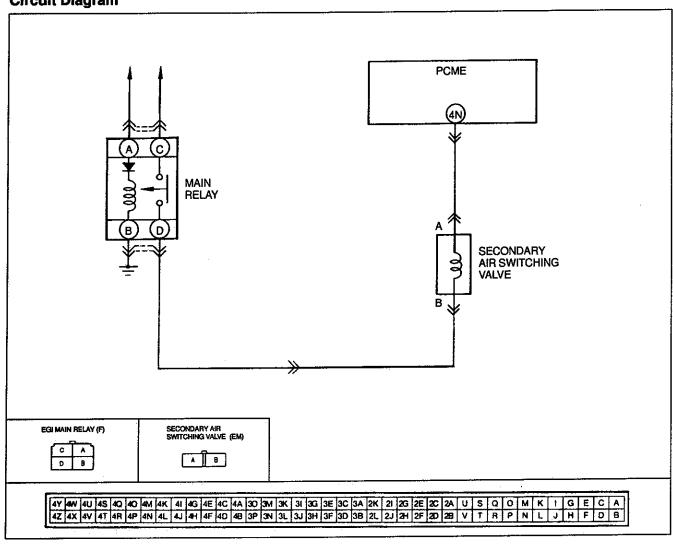
CODE	No.	30 (SOLE	D VALVE-SPLIT AIR BYPASS)				
STEP		INSPECTION ACTION					
1	Does solenoid valve circ	uit have a poor connection?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness			
			No	Go to next step			
2	Is connector A terminal valve connector disconn		Yes	Go to next step			
	Condition	Voltage	No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring			
	Ignition switch ON	Battery positive voltage		harness (Solenoid valve A terminal-Main relay D terminal)			
3	Is there continuity betwe and PCME terminal 4F?	en solenoid valve B terminal	Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve B terminal-PCME terminal 4F)			
		·	<u> </u>	⇔ If OK, go to next step ⇔ If not OK, repair wiring harness			
			No	Repair wiring harness			
4	Is solenoid valve OK?	r page F–120	Yes	Replace PCME	≈ page F-150		
			No	Replace solenoid valve			



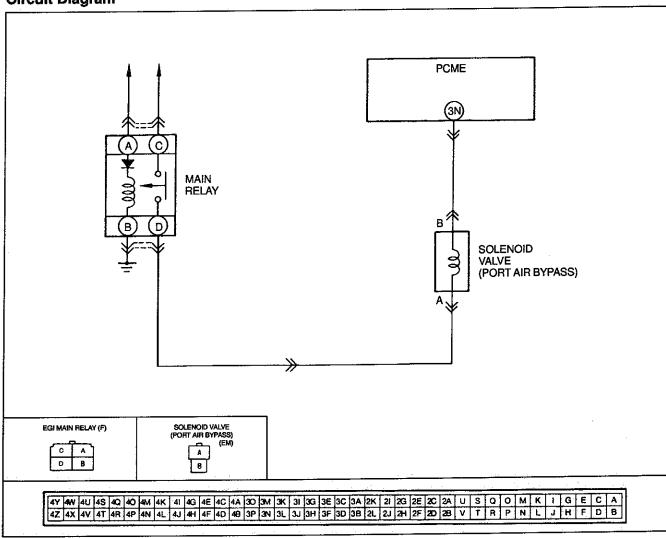
CODE	No.		31 (SE	CONDA	RY AIR BYPASS VALVE)	
STEP		IN	ISPECTION		ACTION	
1	Does	s solenoid valve circu	it have a poor connection?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	
				No	Go to next step	
		nnector B terminal vo	oltage OK with solenoid cted?	Yes	Go to next step	
		Condition Voltage		No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring	
:	<u> </u>				harness (Solenoid valve B terminal-Main	
	<u>Ign</u>	ition switch ON	Battery positive voltage		relay D terminal)	
3	is the	ere continuity betwee PCME terminal 3P?	n solenoid valve A terminal	Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve A terminal-PCME terminal 3P)	
					⇔ If OK, go to next step ⇔ If not OK, repair wiring harness	
				No	Repair wiring harness	
4	ls sol	olenoid valve OK? □ page F-123		Yes	Replace PCME	r≆ page F–150
					Replace solenoid valve	
				i		The second second



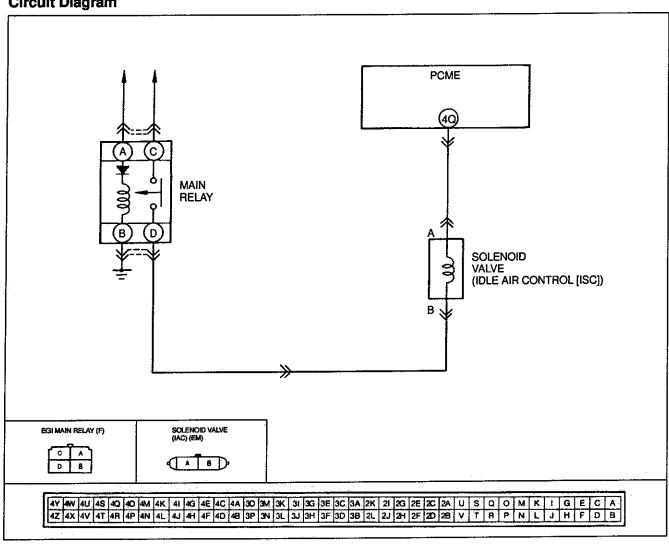
CODE	No.		32 (SEC	ONDAR	ARY AIR SWITCHING VALVE)			
STEP	INSPECTION		SPECTION	TION ACTION				
1	Does so	ienoid valve circu	it have a poor connection?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness			
				No	Go to next step			
2		ector B terminal v	oltage OK with solenoid cted?	Yes	Go to next step			
		Condition	Voltage	No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring har- ness (Solenoid valve B terminal-Main relay			
	Ignitio	n switch ON	Battery positive voltage		D terminal)			
3 Is there continuity between solen and PCME terminal 4N?		n solenoid valve A terminal	Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve A terminal-PCME terminal 4N)				
					⇒ If OK, go to next step ⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness			
				No	Repair wiring harness			
4	is solend	oid valve OK?	r≊ page F–176	Yes	Replace PCME	r page F-150		
				No	Replace solenoid valve			



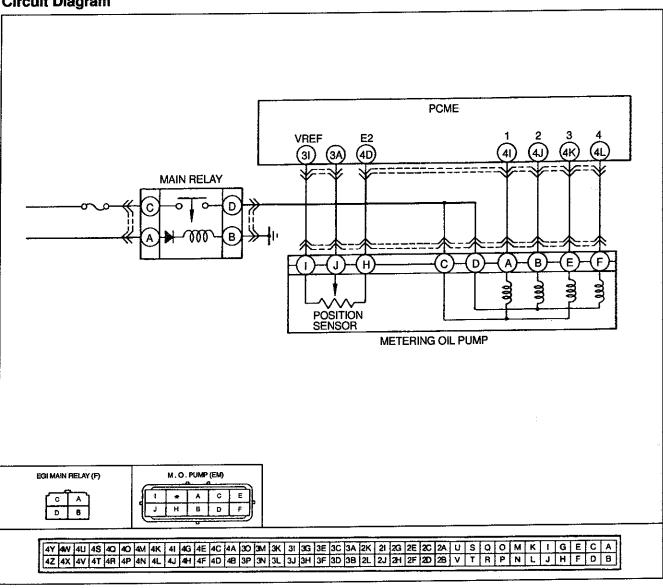
CODE	No.		33 (SOLE	NOID V	VALVE-PORT AIR BYPASS)		
STEP		IP.	SPECTION	ACTION			
1	Does s	Does solenoid valve circuit have a poor connection?			Repair connector and/or wiring harness		
				No	Go to next step		
2		nector A terminal ve	oltage OK with solenoid cted?	Yes	Go to next step		
				No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring		
	l	Condition	Voltage		harness (Solenoid valve A terminal-Main		
	Ignitio	on switch ON	Battery positive voltage		relay D terminal)		
3	Is there continuity between solenoid valve B terminal and PCME terminal 3N?		Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve B terminal-PCME terminal 3N)			
					⇔ If OK, go to next step ⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness		
				No	Repair wiring harness		
4	is soler	colenoid valve OK? rage F-119		Yes	Replace PCME	r page F-150	
				No	Replace solenoid valve		



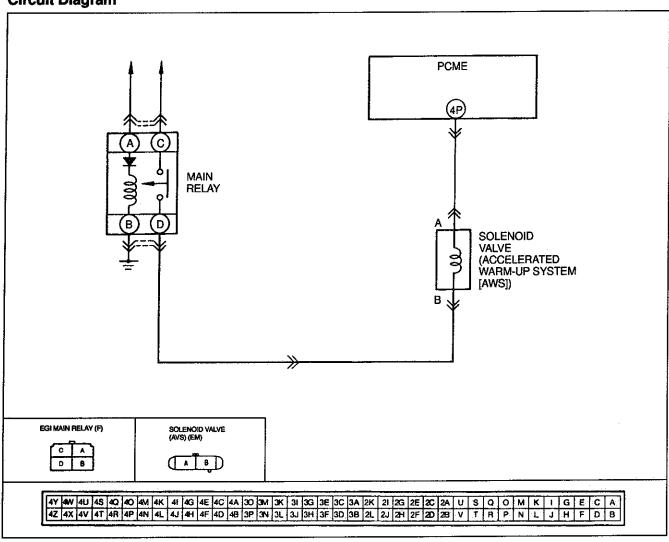
	34 (3ULE	ALVE-IDLE AIR CONTROL)		
II.	NSPECTION		ACTION	
Does solenoid valve circu	uit have a poor connection?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	
		No	Go to next step	
		Yes	Go to next step	
Condition		No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring	
Ignition switch ON	Battery positive voltage		l leasy D terminary	
Is there continuity between solenoid valve A terminal and PCME terminal 4Q?			Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve A terminal-PCME terminal 4Q)	
			⇔ If OK, go to next step ⇔ If not OK, repair wiring harness	
		No	Repair wiring harness	
Is solenoid valve OK?	r≆ page F–83	Yes	Replace PCME	r page F–150
		No	Replace solenoid valve	
	Is connector B terminal valve connector disconnector disc	Ignition switch ON Battery positive voltage Is there continuity between solenoid valve A terminal and PCME terminal 4Q?	Yes No Is connector B terminal voltage OK with solenoid valve connector disconnected? Yes Voltage Ignition switch ON Battery positive voltage Is there continuity between solenoid valve A terminal and PCME terminal 4Q? No No No No No No No N	Yes Repair connector and/or wiring harness



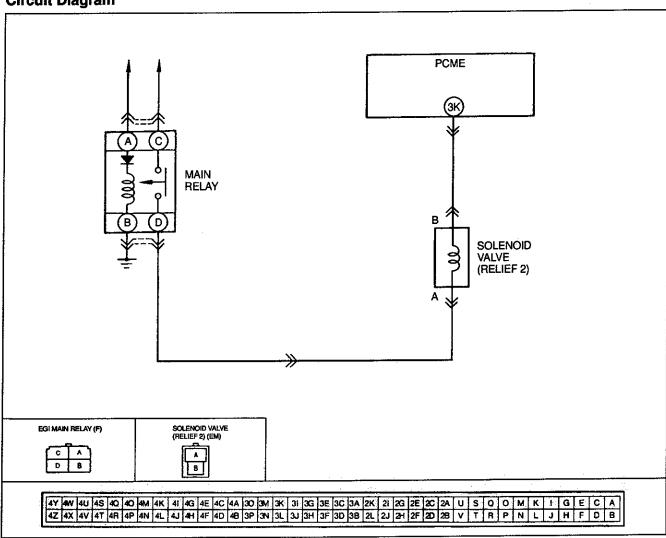
CODE	No.	37 (METERING OIL PUMP)						
STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION					
1	Is battery positive voltage OK?	Yes	Go to next step					
	Specification: 12-14V (at idle)	No	Repair charging system and/or Battery					
2	Disconnect negative battery cable for a seconds		Replace PCME	☞ page F-150				
	Connect battery cable and recheck for is trouble code displayed?	trouble code No	Intermittent poor connection Check for cause					



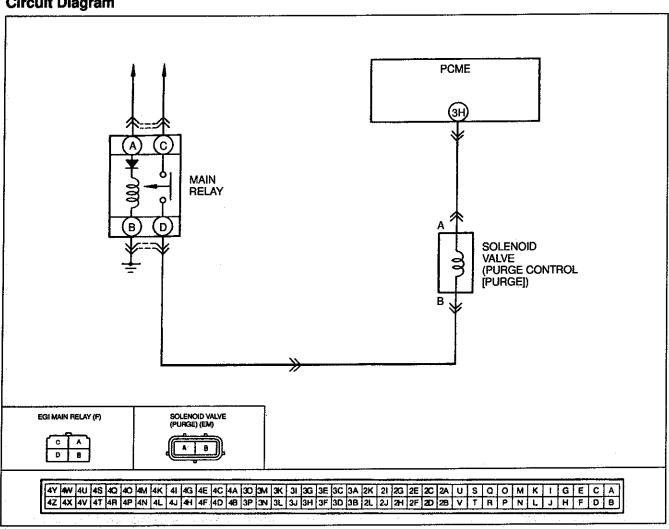
CODE	No. 38	(SOLENOID VALVE-A	CELERATED WARM-UP SYSTEM [AWS])		
STEP	INSPECTI	ON		ACTION	
1	Does solenoid valve circuit have a	poor connection?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	
		1	No	Go to next step	
2	is connector B terminal voltage OK with solenoid valve connector disconnected?			Go to next step	
	Condition	Voltage	No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve B terminal-Main	
	Ignition switch ON Batter	y positive voltage		relay D terminal)	
3	Is there continuity between solenoi and PCME terminal 4P?	d valve A terminal Y	/es	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve A terminal-PCME terminal 4P)	
				 ⇒ If OK, go to next step ⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness 	
		7	Vo.	Repair wiring harness	
4	Is solenoid valve OK?	r page F-83 Y	/es	Replace PCME	☞ page F-150
		1	No	Replace solenoid valve	



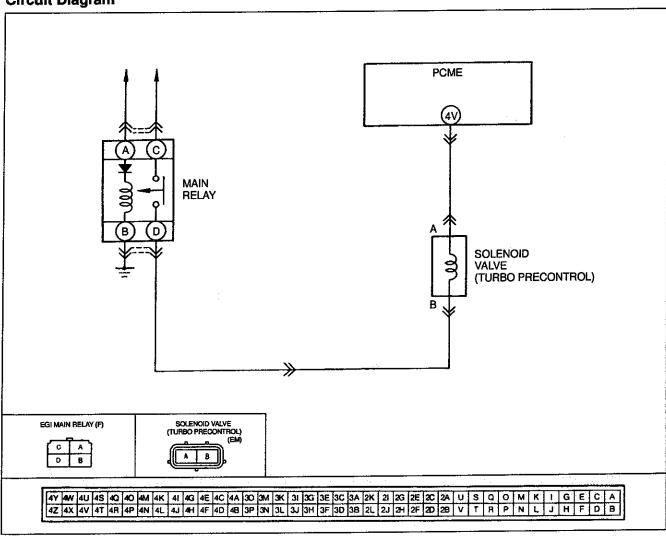
CODE	No.	39 (NOID VALVE-RELIEF 2)	
STEP		INSPECTION		ACTION
1	Does	solenoid valve circuit have a poor connection?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness
			No	Go to next step
2		Is connector A terminal voltage OK with solenoid valve connector disconnected? Condition Voltage Ignition switch ON Battery positive voltage		Go to next step
	Igni			Check for open or short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve A terminal-Main relay D terminal)
3	Is the and P	re continuity between solenoid valve B terminal CME terminal 3K?	Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve B terminal-PCME terminal 3K)
				⇔ If OK, go to next step ⇔ If not OK, repair wiring harness
			No	Repair wiring harness
.4	is sole	enoid valve OK? se page F-123	Yes	Replace PCME ■ page F-150
			No	Replace solenoid valve



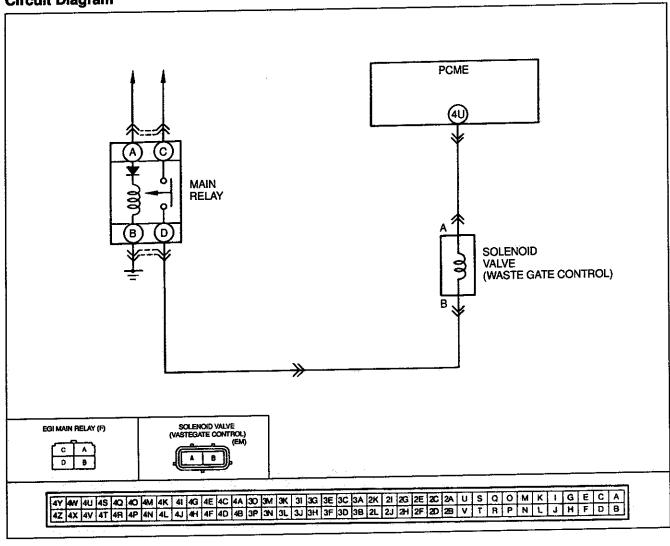
CODE	No. 40 (SOLEN	DID VALV	E-PURGE CONTROL [PURGE])		
STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION		
1	Does solenoid valve circuit have a poor connection?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness		
		No	Go to next step		
2	Is connector B terminal voltage OK with solenoid valve connector disconnected?	Yes	Go to next step	·	
	Condition Voltage Ignition switch ON Battery positive voltage	No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve B terminal-Main relay D terminal)		
3	Is there continuity between solenoid valve A terminal and PCME terminal 3H?	Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve A terminal-PCME terminal 3H)		
			⇒ If OK, go to next step ⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness		
		No	Repair wiring harness		
4	Is solenoid valve OK? ☞ page F-13 1	Yes	Replace PCME	r page F-150	
		No	Replace solenoid valve	·	



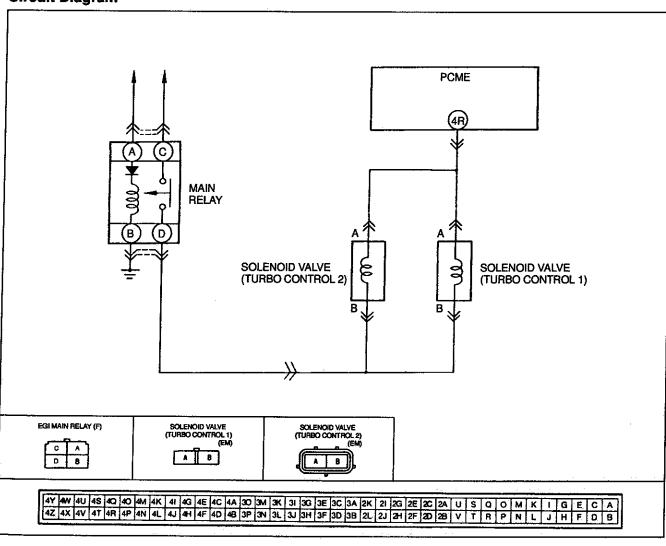
CODE	No.		42 (SOLEN	ALVE-TURBO PRECONTROL)		
STEP	<u> </u>	IN:	SPECTION		ACTION	
1	Does	s solenoid valve circui	thave a poor connection?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	
				No	Go to next step	
2		Is connector B terminal voltage OK with solenoid valve connector disconnected?			Go to next step	
	lgn	Condition Voltage nition switch ON Battery positive voltage		No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve B terminal-Main relay D terminal)	
3	Is the	ere continuity between PCME terminal 4V?	solenoid valve A terminal	Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve A terminal-PCME terminal 4V)	
				ŀ	□ If OK, go to next step □ If not OK, repair wiring harness	
				No	Repair wiring harness	
4	ls sol	olenoid valve OK? □ page F-93		Yes	Replace PCME	r page F–150
				No	Replace solenoid valve	



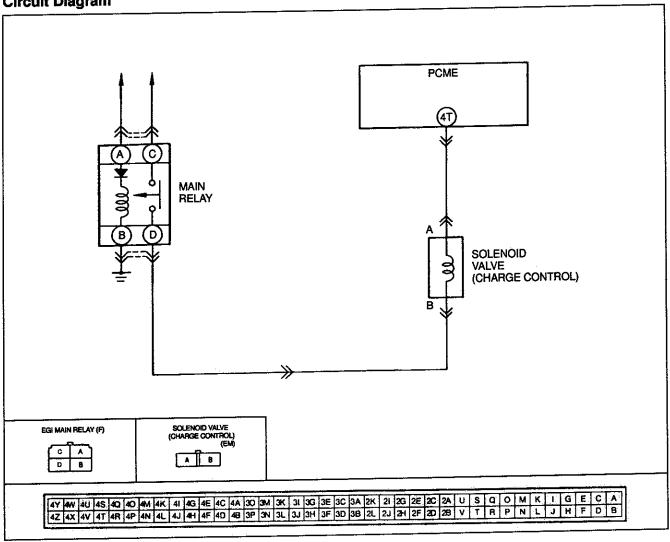
CODE	No.	43 (SOLENG	OID VAL	VE-WASTEGATE CONTROL)	
STEP		INSPECTION		ACTION	
1	Does solenoid valve ci	rcuit have a poor connection?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	
			No	Go to next step	
2	Is connector B termina valve connector discor	voltage OK with solenoid	Yes	Go to next step	
	Valve conficctor discor		No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring	
	Condition	Voltage		harness (Solenoid valve B terminal-Main	
	Ignition switch ON	Battery positive voltage		relay D terminal)	
3	Is there continuity betw and PCME terminal 4L	reen solenoid valve A terminat !?	Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve A terminal-PCME terminal 4U)	
				⇔ If OK, go to next step ⇔ If not OK, repair wiring harness	
			No	Repair wiring harness	
4 5	Is solenoid valve OK?	⊯ page F-93	Yes	Replace PCME	r page F–150
			No	Replace solenoid valve	



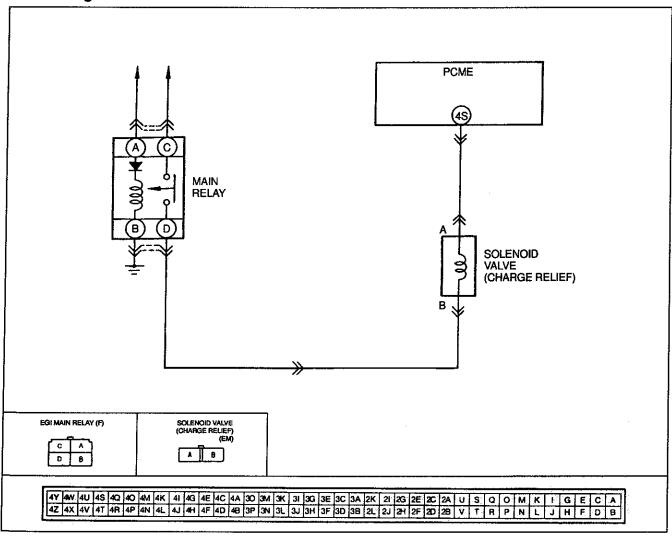
CODE	No.		44 (SOL	ENOID \	/ALVE-TURBO CONTROL)	
STEP			SPECTION		ACTION	
1	Does tion?	Does solenoid valves circuit have a poor connection?		Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	
				No	Go to next step	
2		nnector B terminal vo	Itage OK with solenoid ted?	Yes	Go to next step	
į	İgn	Condition ition switch ON			Check for open or short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valves B terminal-Main relay D terminal)	
3	Is there continuity between solenoid valves A terminal and PCME terminal 4R?		Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valves A terminal–PCME terminal 4R) ⇒ If OK, go to next step ⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness	·	
	•			No	Repair wiring harness	
4	is sol	solenoid valve OK? ☞ page F-93		Yes	Replace PCME	r page F–150
				No	Replace solenoid valve	



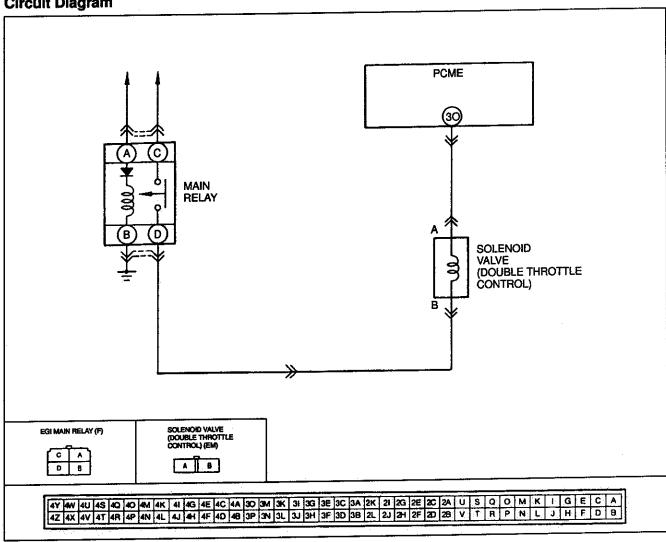
CODE	No.	45 (SOLE	NOID W	ALVE-CHARGE CONTROL)	
STEP		INSPECTION		ACTION	
1	Does solenoid valve o	ircuit have a poor connection?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	
			No	Go to next step	
2	Is connector B termina valve connector disco	al voltage OK with solenoid	Yes	Go to next step	
	Condition			Check for open or short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve B terminal-Main	
	Ignition switch ON	Battery positive voltage		relay D terminal)	
3	Is there continuity bet and PCME terminal 4	Is there continuity between solenoid valve A terminal and PCME terminal 4T?		Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve A terminal-PCME terminal 4T)	
				⇔ If OK, go to next step ⇔ If not OK, repair wiring harness	
			No	Repair wiring harness	
4	Is solenoid valve OK?	solenoid valve OK? *page F-176		Replace PCME	rar page F-150
			No	Replace solenoid valve	······································



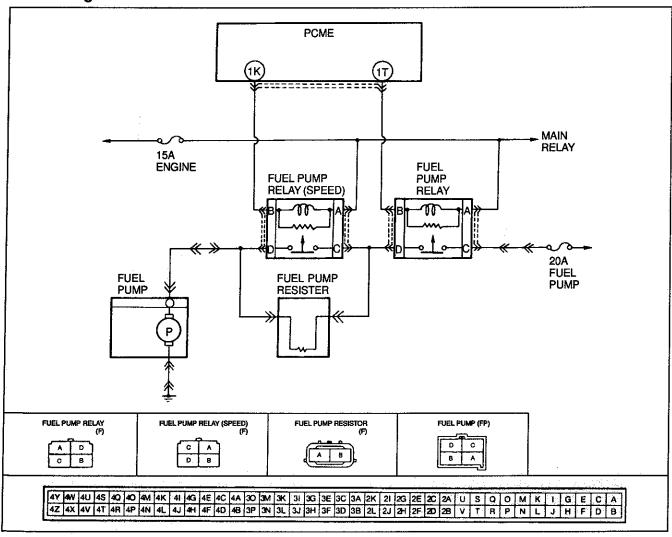
CODE	No.	46 (SOI	D VALVE-CHARGE RELIEF)		
STEP		INSPECTION		ACTION	:
1	Does	solenoid valve circuit have a poor connection?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	
			No	Go to next step	
2		nnector B terminal voltage OK with solenoid connector disconnected?	Yes	Go to next step	
	lgni	Condition Voltage tion switch ON Battery positive voltage	No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve B terminal-Main relay D terminal)	
3	Is there continuity between solenoid valve A terminal and PCME terminal 4S?		Yes	Check for short circuit In wiring harness (Solenoid valve A terminal–PCME terminal 4S) ⇒ If OK, go to next step ⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness	
			No	Repair wiring harness	
4	ls sole	enoid valve OK? rage F-176	Yes	Replace PCME	r page F–150
			No	Replace solenoid valve	



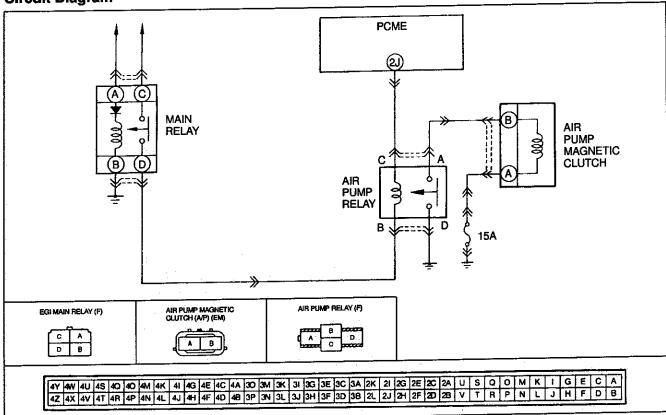
CODE	No.		50 (SOLENOID	VALVE-	DOUBLE THROTTLE CONTROL)	
STEP	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	IN	SPECTION		ACTION	
1	Does solenoid	alve circu	it have a poor connection?	Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	
				No	Go to next step	
2	is connector B to valve connector	erminal vo	oltage OK with solenoid cted?	Yes	Go to next step	
	Condit	ion	Voltage	No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve B terminal-Main	
	Ignition switch		Battery positive voltage		relay D terminal)	
3	Is there continu and PCME term	Is there continuity between solenoid valve A terminal and PCME terminal 3O?			Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Solenoid valve A terminal-PCME terminal 3O)	
					⇒ If OK, go to next step ⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness	
				No	Repair wiring harness	
4	is solenoid valv	e OK?	rsr page F–176	Yes	Replace PCME	r page F-150
				No	Replace solenoid valve	



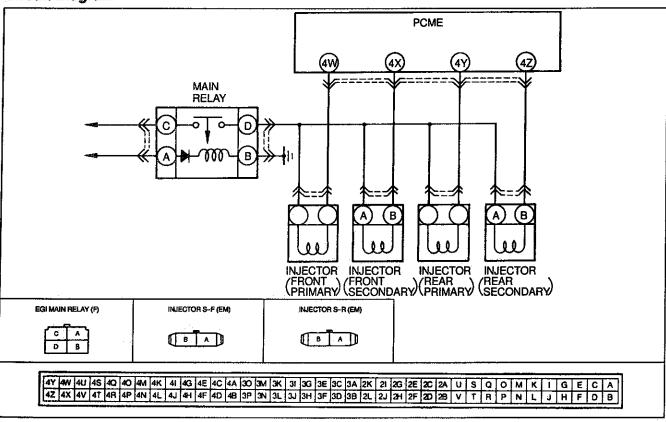
CODE	No.	No. 51 (FUE)			JEL PUMP RELAY [SPEED])		
STEP	EP INSPECTION		ACTION				
1	Does fuel pump relay (speed) circuit have a poor connection?			Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness	•	
					Go to next step		
2		Is connector A terminal voltage OK with fuel pump relay (speed) connector disconnected?			Go to next step	-	
	lgni	Condition Voltage nition switch ON Battery positive voltage		No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring harness (Fuel pump relay A terminal-Main relay D terminal)		
3	Is there Continuity between fuel pump relay (speed) B terminal and PCME terminal 1K?		Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Fuel pump relay (speed) B terminal-PCME terminal 1K) If OK, go to next step If not OK, repair wiring harness			
				No	Repair wiring harness		
4	Is fue	s fuel pump relay (speed) OK? ** page F-110		Yes	Replace PCME	rar page F-150	
				No	Replace fuel pump relay (speed)	· ·	



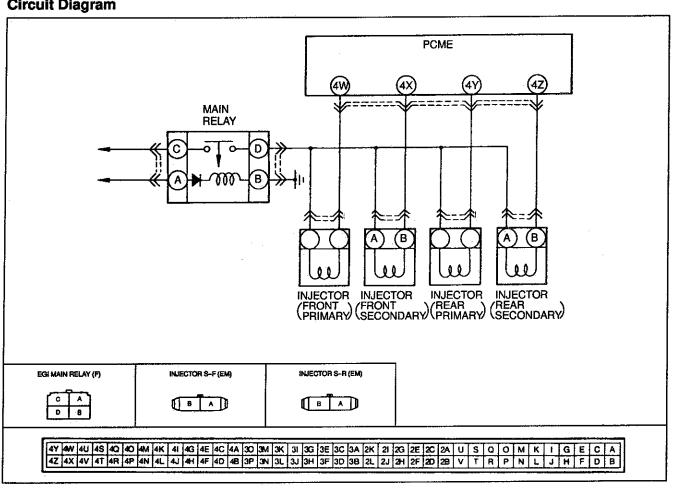
CODE	No.			54 (All	R PUMP RELAY)		
STEP		INSPECTION			ACTION		
1	Does air pump relay circuit have a poor connection?			Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness		
					Go to next step		
2	Is co	Is connector B terminal voltage OK with air pump relay connector disconnected?			Go to next step		
	Condition Voltage			No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring harness (Air pump relay B terminal-Main		
	lgr	nition switch ON	Battery positive voltage		relay D terminal)		
3	Is the	Is there continuity between air pump relay C terminal and PCME terminal 2J?			Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Air pump relay C terminal-PCME terminal 2J)		
					⇒ If OK, go to next step ⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness		
					Repair wiring harness		
4	Is ai	Is air pump relay OK? sr page F-123		Yes	Replace PCME sr page F-15		
				No	Replace air pump relay		



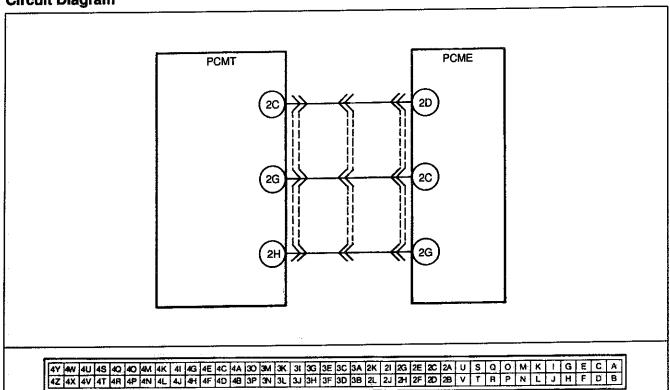
CODE	No.	lo. 71 (INJECTOR			R [FRONT SECONDARY])	
STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION			
1	Does injector circuit have a poor connection?		Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness		
				No	Go to next step	
2		Is connector A terminal voltage OK with injector con- nector disconnected?			Go to next step	
	Igni	Condition Voltage Ignition switch ON Battery positive voltage		No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring harness (Injector A terminal-Main relay D terminal)	
3	Is injector resistance OK? Resistance: 13.5 Ω (20°C [68°F])		Yes	Go to next step		
			No	Replace injector	,	
4	PCMI	Is there continuity between injector terminal and PCME terminal? Injector terminal PCME B 4X		Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Injector-PCME) ⇒ If OK, go to next step ⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness	
				No	Repair wiring harness	
5	secon	Disconnect negative battery cable for at least 20 seconds		Yes	Replace PCME ☞ page F-1	50
	Connect battery cable and recheck for trouble code Is trouble code displayed?		No	Intermittent poor connection Check for cause		



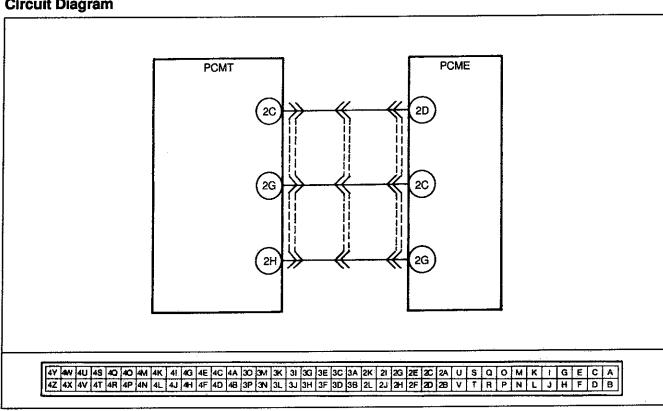
CODE	No.	o. 73 (INJECTO			R [REAR SECONDARY])		
STEP	INSPECTION			ACTION			
1	Does	Does injector circuit have a poor connection?		Yes	Repair connector and/or wiring harness		
					Go to next step		
2		Is connector A terminal voltage OK with injector connector disconnected?			Go to next step		
	lgn	Condition ition switch ON	Voltage Battery positive voltage	No	Check for open or short circuit in wiring harness (Injector A terminal-Main relay D terminal)		
3	Is inje	Is injector resistance OK? Resistance: 13.8 Ω (20°C [68°F])			Go to next step		
	Resi				Replace injector		
4	Is there continuity between injector terminal and PCME terminal? Injector terminal PCME		Yes	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (Injector-PCME) ⇒ If OK, go to next step ⇒ If not OK, repair wiring harness			
	<u> </u>	B 4Z		No	Repair wiring harness		
5	secor	Disconnect negative battery cable for at least 20 seconds Connect battery cable and recheck for trouble code Is trouble code displayed?			Replace PCME	☞ page F–150	
					Intermittent poor connection Check for cause		

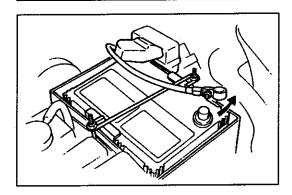


CODE	No.	76 (SLIP LOCKUP OFF SIGNAL)					
STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION				
1	Is there poor connection in Lockup off signal circle between PCME and PCMT?	uit Yes	Repair or replace connector				
		No	Go to next step				
2	Is there continuity between PCME terminal 2G ar PCMT terminal 2H	nd Yes	Go to next step				
		No	Check for open circuit in wiring harness (PCMT-PCME)				
3	Is PCMT terminal 2H voltage OK?	Yes	Go to next step				
		No	Check for cause	rs page F−156			
4	Is PCME terminal 2G voltage OK?	Yes	Replace PCME	r page F–150			
		No	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (PCMT-PCME)				



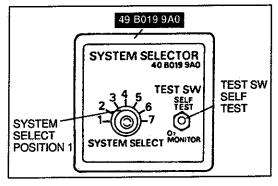
CODE	No.	77 (TORQU	E REDUCED SIGNAL)	
STEP		INSPECTION		ACTION	
1		re poor connection in torque reduced signal between PCME and PCMT?	Yes	Repair or replace connector	
			No	Go to next step	
2		Is there continuity between PCME terminal 2D and Ye PCMT terminal 2C		Go to next step	
			No	Check for open circuit in wiring harness (PCMT-PCME)	
3	is PCI	Is PCMT terminal 2C voltage OK? Yes		Go to next step	
			No	Check for cause s page F-156	
4	is PC	ME terminal 2D voltage OK?	Yes	Replace PCME ≈ page F-150	
			No	Check for short circuit in wiring harness (PCMT-PCME)	





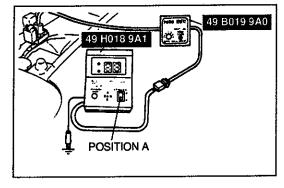
After-repair Procedure

Cancel the memory of trouble code number by disconnecting the negative battery cable for **20 sec** and depress the brake pedal. Reconnect the negative battery cable.



Self-Diagnosis Checker

- 1. Connect the SST (System Selector) to the data link connector.
- 2. Set system select to position 1.
- 3. Set the test switch to SELF TEST.



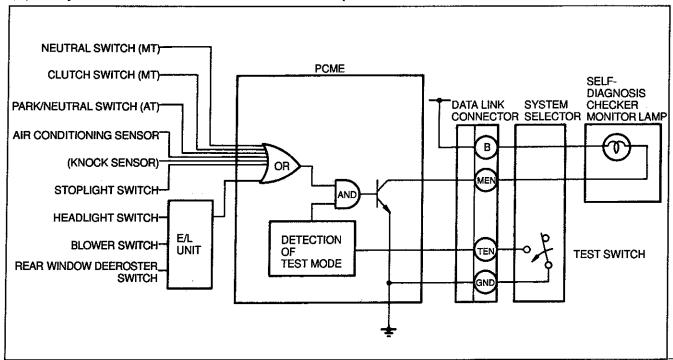
- 4. Connect the SST (Self-Diagnosis Checker) to the System Selector and a ground.
- 5. Set the select switch of the Self-Diagnosis Checker to position A.
- 6. Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 7. Verify that no trouble code numbers are displayed.

SWITCH MONITOR FUNCTION

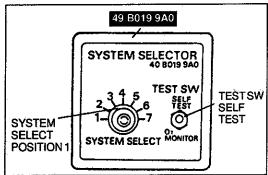
Individual switches can be inspected by the SST (Self-Diagnosis Checker)

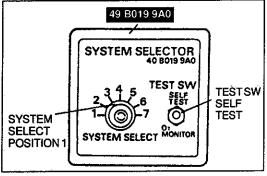
Preparation

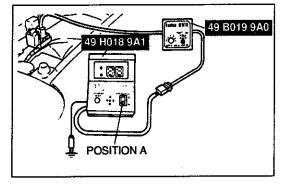
The TEN terminal of the data link connector must be grounded and the ignition switch turned to ON (engine off). If any switch remains activated, the monitor lamp will be illuminated.



Switch	Self-Diagnosis Che	Remarks		
Switch	Lamp ON	Lamp OFF	Hemarks	
Clutch switch (MT)	Pedal depressed	Pedal released	In neutral	
Neutral switch (MT)	In gear	Neutral	Clutch pedal released	
Park/neutral switch (AT)	L, S, D or R range	N or P range	_	
Headlight switch	ON	OFF	Headlight switch I or II position	
Blower switch	ON	OFF	At 3rd or 4th position	
Rear window defroster switch	ON	OFF	-	
Air conditioning sensor	ON	OFF	Blower switch at 1st or 2nd position	
Stoplight switch	Pedal depressed	Pedal released	-	







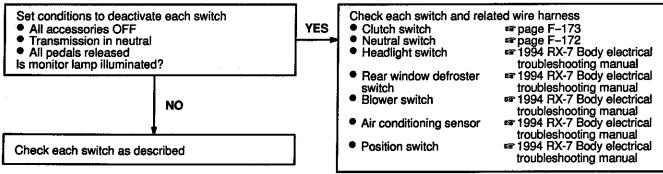
Inspection Procedure Self-Diagnosis Checker

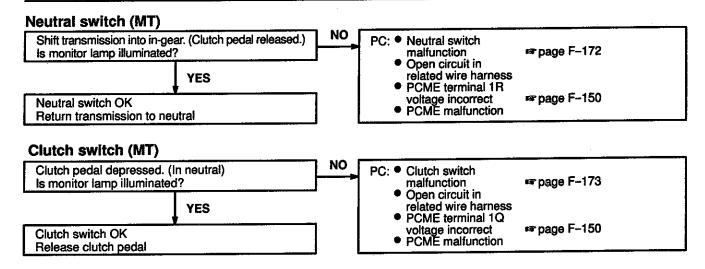
- 1. Connect the SST (System Selector) to the data link con-
- 2. Set system select to position 1.
- 3. Set TEST SW to SELF-TEST.
- 4. Connect the SST (Self-Diagnosis Checker) to the System Selector and a ground.
- 5. Set the select switch of the Self-Diagnosis Checker to position A.
- 6. Turn the ignition switch ON.7. Check if the Monitor Lamp illuminates when each switch is made to function as described.

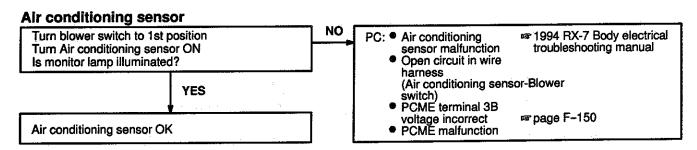
Caution

- If either switch remains activated, the monitor lamp will be illuminated.
- Do not start the engine.

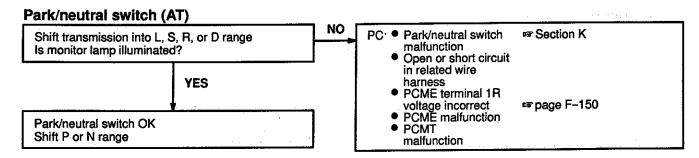
Procedure

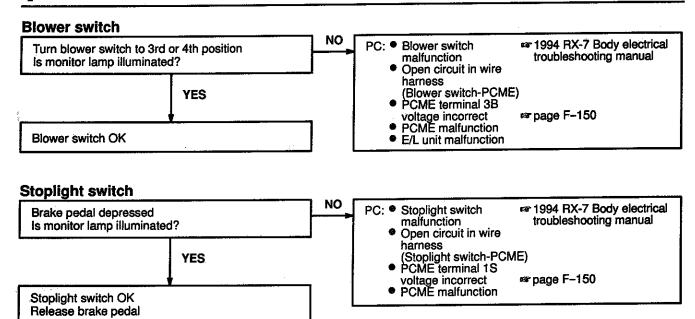






Turn rear window defroster switch ON Is monitor lamp illuminated? YES Rear window defroster switch OK Turn rear window defroster switch OK Turn rear window defroster switch OFF NO PC: Rear window defroster switch on troubleshooting manual malfunction Open circuit in wire harness (Rear window defroster switch-PCME) PCME terminal 3B voltage incorrect voltage incorrect PCME malfunction PCME malfunction PCME malfunction PCME malfunction





OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR FUNCTION

Engine Signal Monitor

With the SST see to O₂ Monitor, the oxygen sensor is monitored by the Self-Diagnosis Checker as described.

Condition		item monitored	Function	
Engine	System selector switch	Han moutotee		
Vehicle running	O ₂ monitor	Oxygen sensor output signal	Oxygen sensor output more than 0.45 V Monitor lamp: Flashes	

KNOCK SENSOR MONITOR FUNCTION

With the System selector set to Engine Signal Monitor. SELF-TEST the knock sensor is monitored by the Self-Diagnosis Checker as described below.

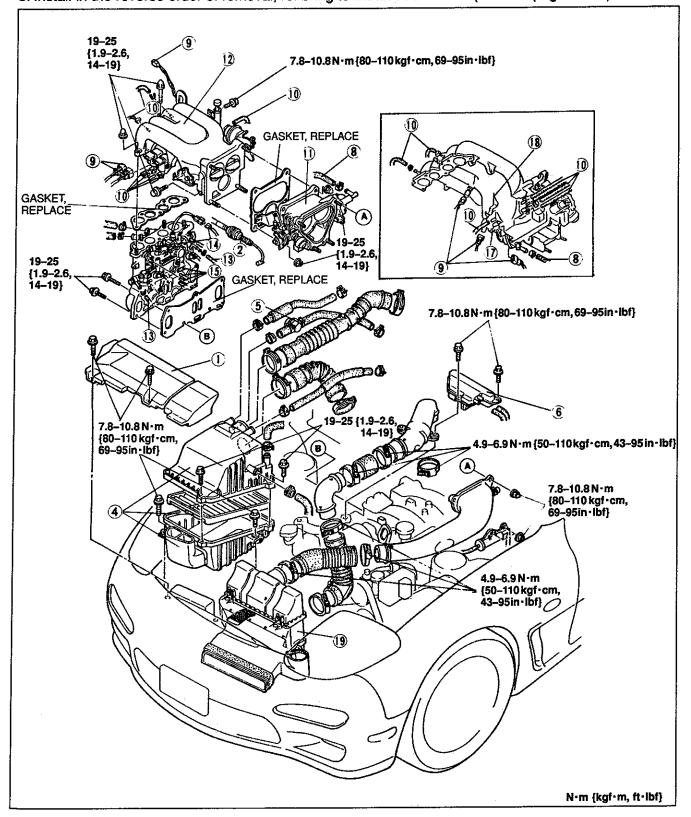
4-		Condition			
Item monitored	Test	Ignition switch	System selector switch	Function	
Knock sensor output signal	Tap the engine hanger lightly with hammer	ON	SELF-TEST	Monitor lamp: Flashes	

INTAKE AIR SYSTEM

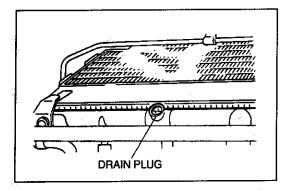
COMPONENT PARTS

Removal / Inspection / Installation

- 1. Remove in the order shown in the figure, reffering to Removal Note. (Refer to page F-77.)
- 2. Inspect all parts and repair or replace as necessary.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal, reffering to Installation Note. (Refer to page F-77.)

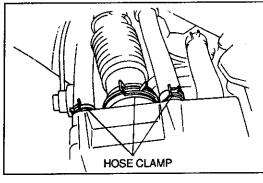


1. Fresh air duct Inspect for damage and cracks 2. Accelerator cable 3. Air intake hose Inspect for damage 4. Air cleaner housing Inspection	16. Intake manifold Inspection
10. Vacuum hose	Removal / Inspection / Installation page F-78



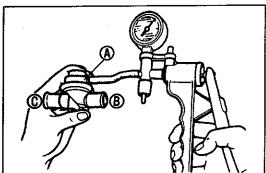
Removal Note

- 1. Loosen the drain plug and radiator cap and drain the coolant from radiator.
- 2. Remove the water hose from the throtlle body.3. After installation of the throttle body, refill the radiator. (Refer to section E.)



Installation Note

Install the air intake hose clamp and hose same place as shown in the figure.



AIR BYPASS VALVE

Inspection

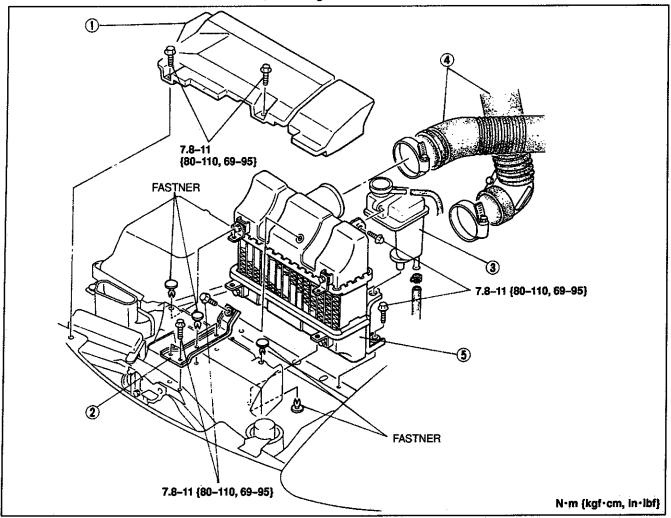
- Remove the air bypass valve.
 Connect a vaccum pump to the air bypass valve port A.
 Check the operation of the air bypass valve.

Apply approx. 14-22 kPa {100-170 mmHg, 3.9-6.7 inHg}	Air flow
Apply approx. 31.3 kPa {235 mmHg, 9.2 inHg}	Fully open

CHARGE AIR COOLER

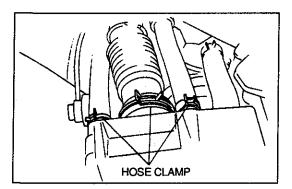
Removal / Inspection / Installation

- Remove in the order shown in the figure.
 Inspect the charge air cooler visually and repair or replace if necessary.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal, reffering to Installation Note.



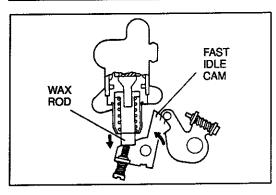
- 1. Fresh air duct
- 2. Charge air cooler braket
- 3. Air separation tank

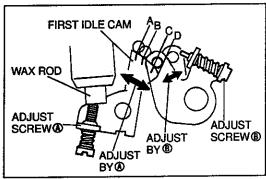
- 4. Air hose
- 5. Charge air cooler

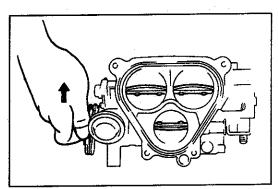


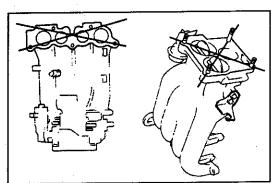
Installation Note

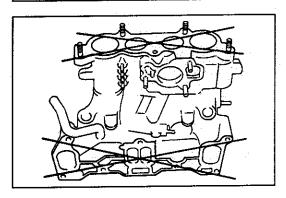
Install the air intake hose and hose clamp same place as shown in the figure.











THROTTLE BODY Inspection

Fast idle cam

- 1. Verify that the indicated mark on the fast idle cam is aligned with the center of the cam.
- 2. Warm up the engine to operating temperature and verify that the waxrod extends outuard fully and the idle cam separates from the roller at 55–65°C {131–149°F}.
- 3. Adjust the adjust screws if necessary.

Adjustment

- To adjust the first idle cam separates point D turn adjust screw B.
- 2. To adjust the first idle cam opening temperature turn adjust screw A.

Temperature	Position
-20°C {-4°F}	Α
0°C {32°F}	В
25°C {77°F}	C
60°C {140°F}	D

Double throttle valve

Inspection

- 1. Verify that the No.2 secondary throttle valve and linkage move smoothly when primary throttle valve is fully opened.
- 2. Replace throttle body if necessary.

EXTENSION MANIFOLD

Inspection

- Visually check for cracks or damage and replace it if necessary
- 2. Check for distortion of extension manifold and replace if necessary.

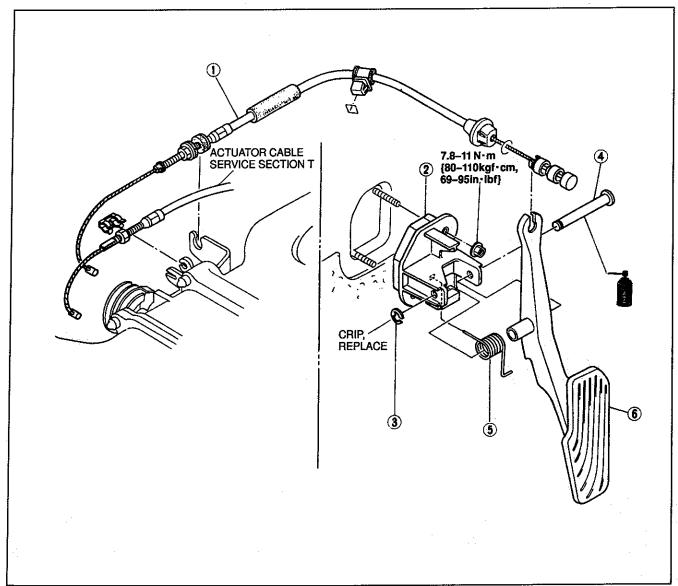
INTAKE MANIFOLD

- 1. Visually check for cracks or damage and replace if necessary.
- 2. Check for distortion of the intake manifold and replace it if necessary.

ACCELERATOR PEDAL

Removal / Inspection / Installation

- 1. Remove in the order shown in the figure.
- 2. Visually check the accelerator pedal and retainer for cracks or damage.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal.



- 1. Accelerator cable Inspection / Adjustment below

- 2. Retainer
- 3. Clip
- ACCELERATOR CABLE
- 5. Return spring 6. Accelerator pedal

ACCELERATOR CABLE

4. Shaft

Inspection / Adjustment

- 1. Warm up the engine at normal operating temperature.
- 2. Depress the accelerator pedal to the floor and check that the throttle valve is fully opened.
- 3. Inspect the play of the accelerator cable.

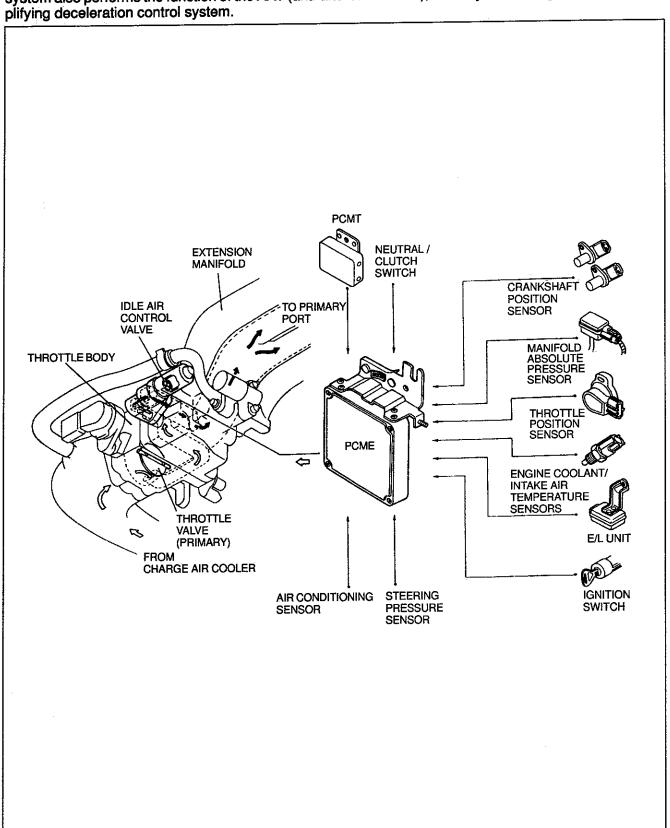
Play: 1-3 mm {0.04-0.12 in}

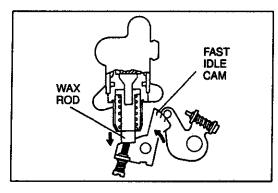
4. Loosen nuts A to adjust the play if necessary.

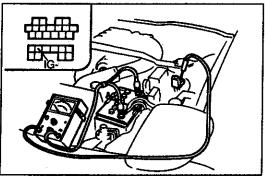
IDLE-SPEED CONTROL SYSTEM

DESCRIPTION

Idle-speed control system controls the bypass air amount that passes through the throttle valve, the idlespeed control system performs closed loop control so that engine idle smoothly and at the target speed. The system also performs the function of the AAV (anti-afterburns valve), there by eliminating the AAV and sim-







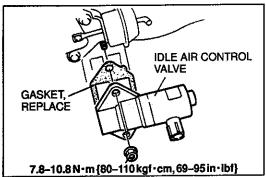
SYSTEM OPERATION

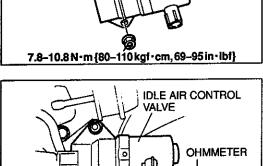
- Warm up the engine and let it idle.
 Verify that the fast idle cam separates.
 Turn all electrical loads OFF.
- 4. Connect a tachometer to the data link connector terminal IG-.
- 5. With the coolant fan off, verify that the idle speed is within specification.

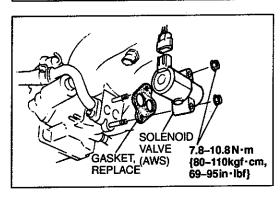
Idle speed (Neutral or P range): 700-750 (720 +30) rpm

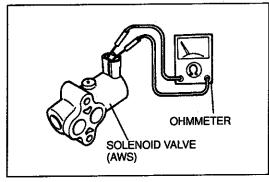
6. Verify that the idle speed is within specification under the condition below.

0	Idle speed (rpm)		
Condition	MT	AT	
No load	700-750 (720 ⁺³⁰ ₋₂₀)		
Electrical load ON	775	i–825	
Air conditioner ON	875-925	775–825	









IDLE AIR CONTROL VALVE Removal / Installation

1. Disconnect negative battery cable.

2. Remove the extension manifold. (Refer to page F-76.)

3. Disconnect the solenoid valve connector.

4. Remove the idle air control valve as shown in figure.

5. Install in the reverse order of removal.

Inspection

1. Remove the solenoid valve. (Refer to above.)

2. Measure the solenoid valve resistance with an ohmmeter.

Resistance: 10.7-12.3 Ω (20°C {68°F})

3. If not as specified, replace solenoid valve.

SOLENOID VALVE (ACCELERATED WARM-UP SYSTEM [AWS])

Removal / Installation

1. Disconnect negative battery cable.

2. Remove the extension manifold. (Refer to page F-76.)

3. Disconnect the solenoid valve connector.

4. Remove the solenoid valve (AWS) as shown in the figure.

5. Install in the reverse order of removal.

Inspection

1. Remove the solenoid valve. (Refer to page F-76.)

2. Measure the solenoid valve resistance with an ohmmeter.

Resistance: 9.3–11.3 Ω (20°C {68°F})

3. If not as specified, replace solenoid valve.

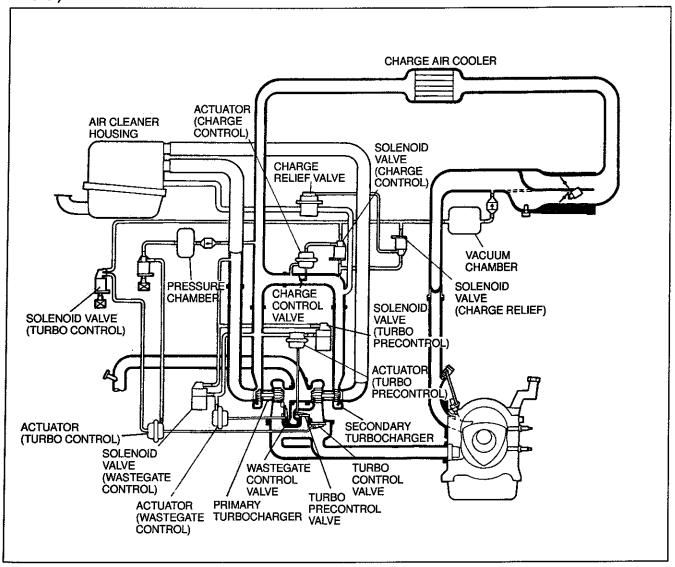
SEQUENTIAL TWIN TURBOCHARGER SYSTEM

The sequential twin turbocharger system consists of two turbochargers (primary and secondary) fitted
in line with each other. In the low-speed, light-load range, turbocharging is done only by the primary turbocharger; in the high-speed, heavy-load range, turbocharging is done by the primary and secondary turbochargers in union.

To prevent a drop of boost pressure when the secondary turbocharger begins to operate, the secondary

turbocharger is made to spin prior to its operation.

The sequential twin turbocharger system consists of the primary and secondary turbochargers and the
actuators and solenoid valves (turbo precontrol, turbo control, wastegate control, charge control, charge
relief).



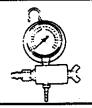
Operation

	Engine speed	Low-speed		High-speed
Devices		light-load		Heavy-load
Primary			Boost press	sure
Turbocharger	Secondary	Stop	Preliminary rotation	Boost
	Turbo precontrol	Duty	control	Duty 5% (Fully open)
	Wastegate control	Duty 95% (Fully closed)	Duty control
Solenoid valve	Charge relief	OFF		ON
	Charge control	C	ON	OFF
	Turbo control	0	FF	ON

PREPARATION SST

49 F088 740

Pressure tester



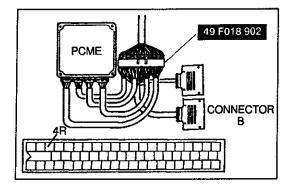
For inspection of turbocharger

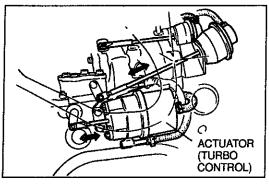
49 F018 902

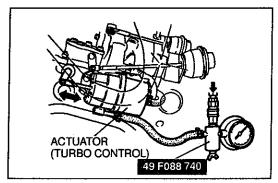
Adapter harness



For inspection of solenoid valve







ACTUATOR (TURBO CONTROL [TCNT]) System Operation

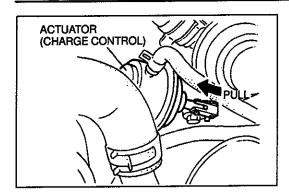
- 1. Connect the SST (Engine signal Monitor Adaptor Harness) to the PCME as shown.
- 2. Start the engine and verify that the actuator rod is moved once.
- 3. Run it idle.
- 4. Short the PCME terminal 4R and verify that the actuator rod is pulled into the actuator.
- If the actuator rod is not moved, check the following condition below.
- Vaccum tube Inspect vaccum line fitting, connections and components for leaks. (Refer to page F-10.)
- Vaccum and pressure chamber
 Visually check for clogging damage or crack.
- Solenoid valve (Turbo control) Inspection (Refer to page F-176.)
- Actuator (Turbo control)
 Inspection (Refer to below.)

Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the air hose and attached it to the SST as shown.
- 2. Adjust the compressioned air pressure to 49 kPa. {0.5 kg·f/cm²,7.1 psi}
- 3. Verify that the actuator rod is move when appying and releasing air pressure.

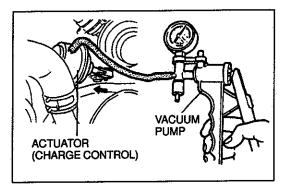
Caution

- Applying more than 79.4 kPa {0.81 kgf/cm², 11.5 psi} of compressed can damage the actuator.
- 4. If not as specified, replace the actuator. (Refer to page F-91.)



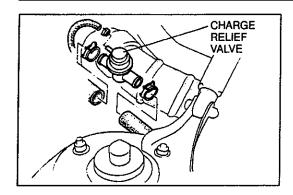
ACTUATOR (CHARGE CONTROL) System Operation

- 1. Start the engine and verify that the actuator rod is pulled into the actuator.
- 2. If the actuator rod is not pulled, check the following condition below.
- Vacuum tube Inspect vaccum line fitting, connections and components for leak. (Refer to page F-10.)
- Vacuum chamber Inspect the damage or crack.
- Solenoid valve (Charge control) Inspection (Refer to page F-176.)
- Actuator (Charge control) Inspection (Refer to below.)
- Shutter valve Inspection (Refer to below.)



Inspection

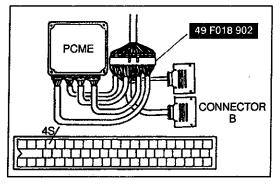
- 1. Disconnect the vacuum hose from the actuator.
- 2. Connect a vacuum pump.
- 3. Verify that the actuator rod is pulled when applying vacuum more than 6.7 kPa {50 mmHg, 1.9 inHg}
- 4. If not as specified, replace the actuator. (Refer to page F-91.)



CHARGE RELIEF VALVE

Removal / Installation

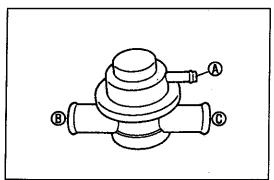
- Remove in the order shown in figure.
 Install in the reverse order of removal.



System operation

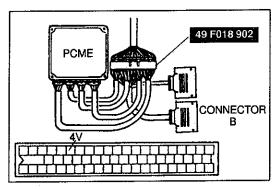
- 1. Connect the SST (Engine Signal Monitor Adaptor Harness) to the PCME as shown.
- 2. Turn ignition switch to ON.
- 3. Short the PCME terminal 4S and verify that the operating
- sound is heard when the solenoid valve ON.

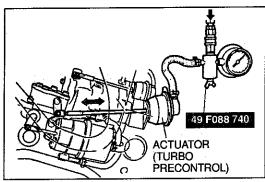
 4. If no sound is heard, check the solenoid valve. (Refer to page F-176.)



Inspection

- 1. Remove the charge relief valve.
- 2. Connect a vacuum pump to port A.
- 3. Apply approx. 26.7 kPa {200 mmHg, 7.87 inHg} to port A and verify that air flows between B and C.
- 4. Replace if necessary.





TURBOCHARGER

Actuator (Turbo precontrol)

System operation

1. Connect the SST (Engine Signal Monitor Adaptor Harness) to the PCME.

2. Turn ignition switch to ON.

- 3. Short the PCME terminal 4V and verify that the operating sound is heard.
- 4. If no sound is heard, check the solenoid valve. (Refer to page F-93.)

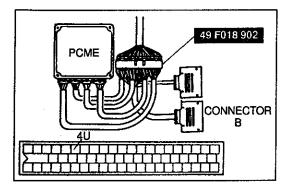
Inspection

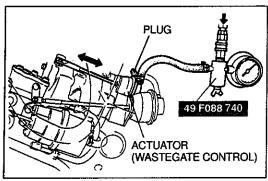
1. Disconnect the air hoses and attached one to the **SST** and plug the other pipe as shown.

2. Verify that the actuator rod is moved when applying compressed air pressure to 69–98 kPa {0.7–1.0 kgf/cm², 10–14 psi}

Caution

- Applying more than 98 kPa {1.0 kgf/cm², 14 psi} of compressed can damage the actuator.
- 3. Replace turbocharger, if necessary. (Refer to page F-91.)





Actuator (wastegate control)
System Operation

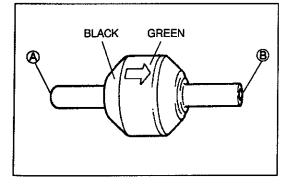
- 1. Connect the SST (Engine Signal Monitor Adaptor Harness) to the PCME.
- 2. Turn ignition switch to ON.
- 3. Short the PCME terminal 4U and verify that the operating sound is heard.
- 4. If no sound is heard, check the solenoid valve (Refer to page F-93.)

Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the air hoses and attached one to the **SST** and plug the other pipe as shown.
- 2. Verify that the actuator rod is moved when applying pressed air pressure to 69-98 kPa {0.7-1.0 kgf/cm² 10-14 psi}

Caution

- Applying more than 98 kPa {1.0 kgf/cm², 14 psi} of compressed can damage the actuator.
- 3. Replace turbocharger, if necessary. (Refer to page F-91.)



CHECK VALVE

Inspection

- 1. Remove the check velve.
- 2. Blow through A and verify that air flows from B.
- 3. Blow through B and verify that air does not flow from A.

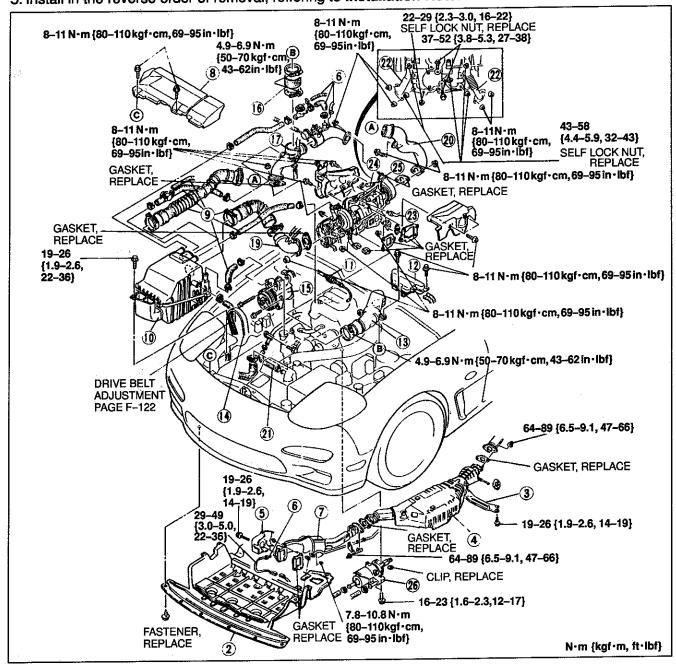
Removal / Installation

Turbocharger handling procedures.

 Holding the actuator, the rod, or the actuator hose when removing and carrying the turbocharger can cause damage.

Set the turbine down with the shaft horizontal.

- Replace damaged studs and nuts. Use only the specified studs and nuts. Using damaged or unspecified studs and nuts can cause gas leakage because of insufficient clamping.
- Cover the turbocharger air port and exhaust port with tape to keep out foreign material.
 Foreign material may damage the turbocharger's internal components.
- 1. Disconnect the negative battery cable.
- 2. Lift up the vehicle.
- 3. Drain the engine coolant.
- 4. Remove in the order shown in the figure.
- 5. Install in the reverse order of removal, reffering to Installation Note.



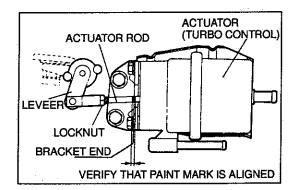
SEQUENTIAL TWIN TURBOCHARGER SYSTEM

F	SEQUENTIAL TWIN TO
1	I. Negative battery cable
	2. Under cover
	B. Braket
- 2	I. Three-way catalyst assembly
	5. Insulator
-	S. Oxygen sensor
	7. Warm-up three-way catalyst
	3. Fresh air duct
Ş). Air hoses
10). Air cleaner housing
	. Accelerater cable
	Removal / Installation page F-80
	Inspection / Adjustment page F-80
12	2. Pressure chamber

13. Air pipe 14. Drive belt 15. Air pump

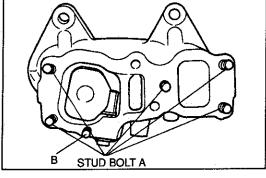
16. Air hose
17. Air pipe18. Charge control valve assembly
Inspection page F-8 19. Air intake pipe (Secondary)
20. Air intake pipe (Primary)
21. Water hose
22. Oil return pipes
23. Oil pipe
24. Water hose
25. Turbocharger
Inspection below
26. Actuator (Turbo control)

Inspection page F-86



Installation Note

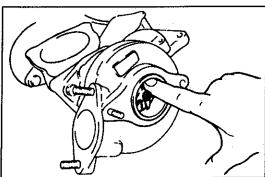
- 1. Verify that the paint mark on the actuator rod is aligned with actuator braket end.
- 2. If the mark is not aligned, adjust the actuator rod length



Check the stud bolt tighting torque before installing turbocharger.

Tighting torque

A: 16-24 N·m {1.6-2.4 kgf·m, 12-17 ft·lbf} B: 8-12 N·m {0.8-1.2 kgf·m, 5.8-8.7 ft·lbf}



Inspection

1. Be sure the engine is cool.

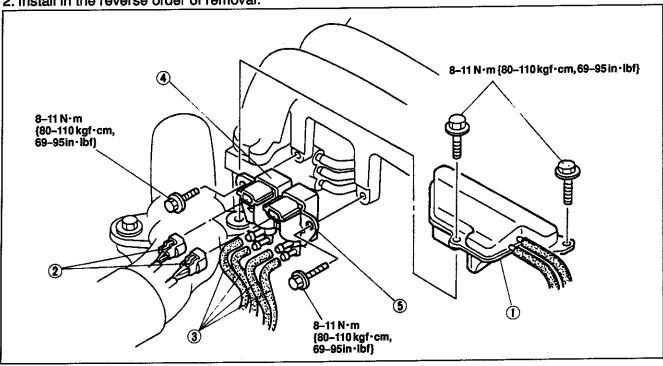
2. Remove the turbocharger.

Check that the compressor wheel assembly turns smootly.

4. If there is excessive drag or noise, replace the turbocharger.

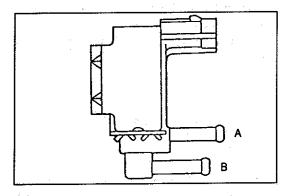
SOLENOID VALVE (TURBO PRECONTROL, WASTEGATE CONTROL) Removal / Installation

- 1. Remove in the order shown in the figure.
- 2. Install in the reverse order of removal.



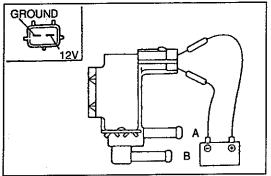
- 1. Pressure chamber
- 2. Connectors
- 3. Vaccum hoses

4. Solenoid valve. (Turbo precontrol)	
Inspection	below
5. Solenoid valve. (Wastegate control)	
Inspection	pelow



Inspection

- 1. Remove the solenoid valve.
- 2. Blow through the solenoid valve from hose A and check that air does not flow from B to A.



- 3. Apply battery positive voltage to solenoid valve and check that air does flow the solenoid valve from A to B.
- 4. If not as specified, measure the resistance.

Resistance: 29-33 Ω {20°C [68°F]}

FUEL SYSTEM

DESCRIPTION

This system supplies the necessary fuel at constant pressure to the injectors.

Fuel is metered and injected into intake manifold and intake port according to the injection control signals from the PCME (Powertrain Control Module (Engine)).

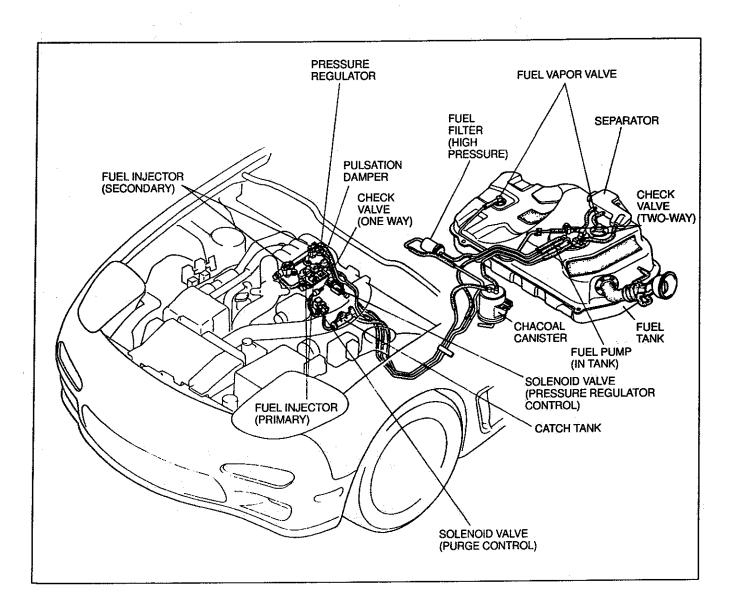
This system consists of fuel pump, fuel filters, pressure regulator, pulsation dumper, solenoid valve (Pressure regulator control), and injectors.

SECONDARY INJECTOR - OPERATING RANGE

When the engine speed is above 2750 RPM and the total fuel injection amount is above the present amount (pre-programmed in the ECU), the secondary fuel injector operates.

The total fuel injection amount is determined by engine speed, intake manifold pressure, intake air temperature and atmospheric pressure.

For troubleshooting the secondary fuel injector, please refer to the self-diagnosis function-service code No. 71 and 73.



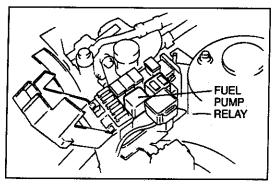
PREPARATION SST

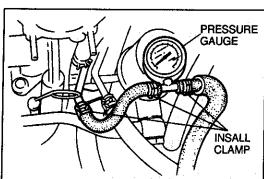


For inspection of injector

49 F013 102 Hose injector checker

For inspection of injector





PRECAUTION

Warning

 Fuel vapor is hazardous. It can very easily ignite, causing serious injury and damage. Always keep sparks and flames away from fuel.

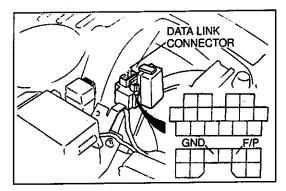
Fuel in the fuel system is under high pressure when the engine is not running.

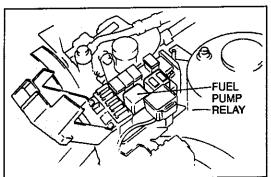
Warning

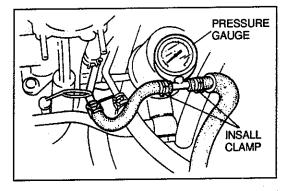
 Fuel line spills and leaks are dangerous. Fuel can ignite and cause serious injuries or death and damage. Fuel can also irritate skin and eyes. To prevent this, always complete the following "Fuel Line Safety Procedures".

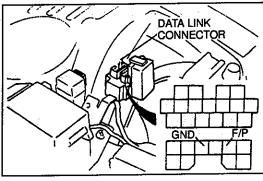
Fuel Line Safety Procedures

- A. Release the fuel pressure before disconnecting a fuel line.
 - 1. Start the engine.
 - 2. Remove the fuel pump relay.
 - 3. After the engine stalls, turn the ignition switch to OFF.
 - 4. Install the fuel pump relay.
- B. Avoid leakage.
 - 1. When disconnecting a fuel line hose, wrap a rag around it to protect against fuel leakage.
 - 2. Plug the hose after removal.
- C.Install hose clamps to secure the fuel pressure gauge connections.









Priming Fuel System

After releasing the fuel pressure for repairs or inspection, the system must be primed to avoid excessive cranking when first starting the engine. Follow the steps below.

1. Connect the data link connector terminals F/P and GND

with a jumper wire.

2. Turn the ignition switch ON for Approximately 10 seconds and check for fuel leaks.

3. Turn the ignition switch OFF and remove the jumper wire.

SYSTEM OPERATION Fuel Pressure Hold Inspection

Warning

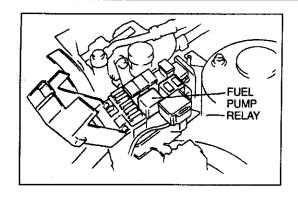
- Fuel line spills and leaks are dangerous. Fuel can ignite and cause serious injuries or death and damage. Fuel can also irritate skin and eyes. To prevent this, always complete the "Fuel Line Safety Procedures" on page F-95.
- 1. Disconnect the negative battery terminal.
- 2. Install a fuel pressure gauge as shown.
- 3. Connect the negative battery terminal.
- 4. Connect the data link connector terminals F/P and GND with a jumper wire.
- 5. Turn the ignition switch ON for 10 seconds to operate the fuel pump.
- 6. Turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the jumper wire
- 7. Observe the fuel pressure 5 minutes.

Fuel pressure: More than 150 kPa {1.5 kgf/cm², 21 psi}

- 8. If not as specified, perform the following inspections.
 - Fuel pump hold pressure. (Refer to page F-100.)

 Pressure regulator fuel line pressure. (Refer to page F-104.)

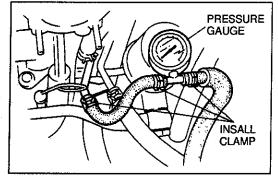
• Injector fuel leakage. (Refer to page F-107.)



Fuel Line Pressure Inspection

Warning

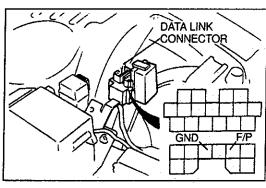
 Fuel line spills and leaks are dangerous. Fuel can ignite and cause serious injuries or death and damage. Fuel can also irritate skin and eyes. To prevent this, always complete the "Fuel Line Safety Procedures" on page F-95.



1. Disconnect the negative battery cable.

2. Install a fuel pressure gauge as shown in the figure.

3. Connect the negative battery cable.



4. Connect data link connector terminals F/P and GND with a jumper wire.

5. Turn the ignition switch ON.

6. Measure the fuel line pressure.

Fuel line pressure: 250–260 kPa {2.5–2.7 kg/cm², 36–38 psi}

Pressure low - Measure fuel pump maximum pressure.
(Refer to page F-101.) If as specified, the fuel line or fuel filter might be clogged or re-

stricted.

Pressure high – Replace the pressure regulator. (Refer to page F-105.)

FUEL TANK Removal / Inspection / Installation

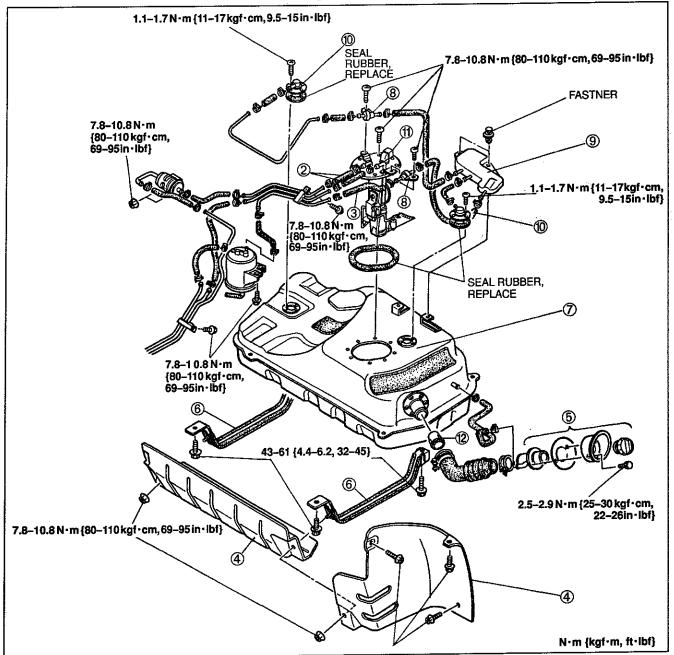
Warning

 Fuel vapor is hazardous. It can very easily ignite, causing serious injury and damage. Always keep sparks and flames away from fuel.

 Fuel line spills and leaks are dangerous. Fuel can ignite and cause serious injuries or death and damage. Fuel can also irritate skin and eyes. To prevent this, always complete the "Fuel Line Safety Procedures" on page F-95.

Repairing a fuel tank that has not been properly steam cleaned can be dangerous. Explosion
or fire may cause death or serious injury. Always properly steam clean a fuel tank before repairing it.

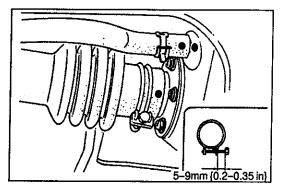
- 1. Drain the fuel from the fuel tank.
- 2. Remove in the order shown in the figure.
- 3. Inspect the fuel tank components visually and repair or replace if necessary.
- 4. Install in the reverse order of removal, referring to Installation Note.



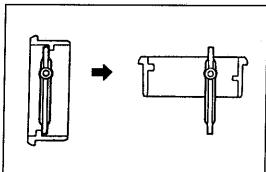
Battery cable	8. Check valve
2. Fuel hoses	Inspection page F-132
Installation Note page F-99	9. Separator
3. Evapolative hoses	Inspect for cracks and corrosion
Installation Note page F-99	10. Fuel vapor valve
4. Under cover	Inspection page F-132
5. Fuel filler pipe	11. Fuel pump
6. Fuel tank strap	inspection page F-101
7. Fuel tank	Removal / Installation page F- 98
Inspect for cracks and corrosion	Assembly / Disassembly page F-102 12. Nonreturn valve
	12. Nonreturn valve

Installation Note

- 1. Push the ends of the main fuel hose, fuel return hose, and evaporative hoses onto the fuel tank fittings at least 25 mm {1.0 in}.
- 2. Push the fuel filter hose onto the fuel tank pipe and filter pipe at least 35 mm {1.4 in}.
- 3. Push the evaporative hoses onto the fuel vapor valve at least 20 mm {0.8 in}.
- 4. Push the evaporative hoses onto the check valve at least 17 mm {0.7 in}.

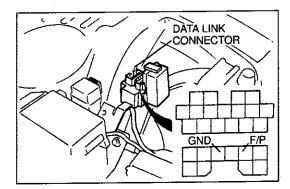


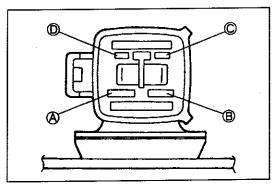
5. Connect the fuel filler hose and breather hose onto the fuel tank as shown in the figure.

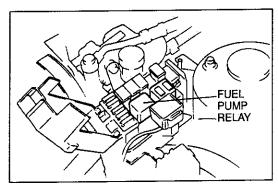


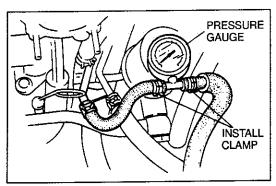
Nonreturn Valve

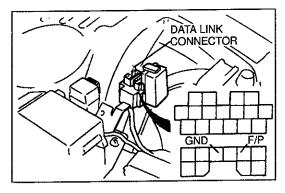
Verify that the nonreturn valve operates under its own weight as shown in the figure.











FUEL PUMP

Inspection

Fuel pump operation

- Connect the data link connector terminals F/P and GND with a jumper wire.
- 2. Remove the fuel filler cap.
- 3. Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 4. Listen for operational sound of the fuel pump at the filler inlet
- 5. Install the fuel filler cap.
- 6. If no sound was heard, measure the voltage the fuel pump connector wire W/R.

Voltage: Battery positive voltage

- 7. If not correct, check the fuel pump relay and its circuits. (Refer to page F-110.)
- 8. If the voltage is normal, check for continuity between fuel pump connector A and B.
- 9. If there is no continuity, replace the fuel pump.

Hold pressure

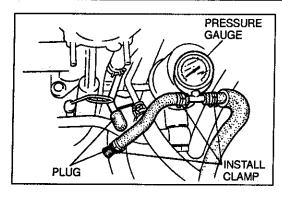
Perform the inspection if the fuel pressure hold inspection is not as specified.

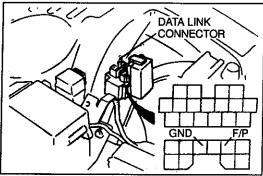
Warning

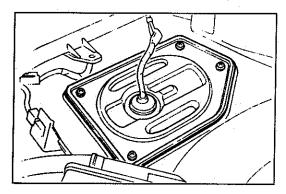
- Fuel line spills and leaks are dangerous. Fuel can ignite and cause serious injuries or death and damage. Fuel can also irritate skin and eyes. To prevent this, always complete the "Fuel Line Safety Procedures" on page F-95.
- 1. Disconnect the negative battery terminal.
- 2. Connect a fuel pressure gauge to the fuel main pipe and plug the outlet of the fuel pressure gauge as shown. (Install clamps as shown.)
- 3. Connect the negative battery terminal.
- 4. Connect data link connector terminals F/P and GND with a jumper wire.
- 5. Turn the ignition switch ON and measure the fuel pressure.

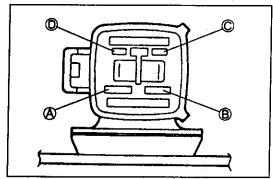
Fuel pressure: 490-740 kPa {5.0-7.5 kgf/cm², 71-106 psi}

- 6. Turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the jumper wire
- 7. If not as specified, replace the fuel pump.









Fuel pump maximum pressure

Warning

- Fuel line spills and leaks are dangerous. Fuel can ignite and cause serious injuries or death and damage. Fuel can also irritate skin and eyes. To prevent this, always complete the "Fuel Line Safety Procedures" on page F-95.
- 1. Disconnect the negative battery terminal.
- 2. Connect a fuel pressure gauge to the fuel main pipe and plug the outlet of the gauge as shown. (Install clamps as shown.)
- 3. Connect the negative battery terminal.
- 4. Connect data link connector terminals F/P and GND with a jumper wire.
- 5. Turn the ignition switch ON to operate the fuel pump.
- 6. Measure the pump maximum pressure.

Fuel pump maximum pressure: 490-740 kPa {5.0-7.5 kgf/cm², 71-107 psi}

- 7. Turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the jumper wire.
- 8. If not as specified, replace the fuel pump.

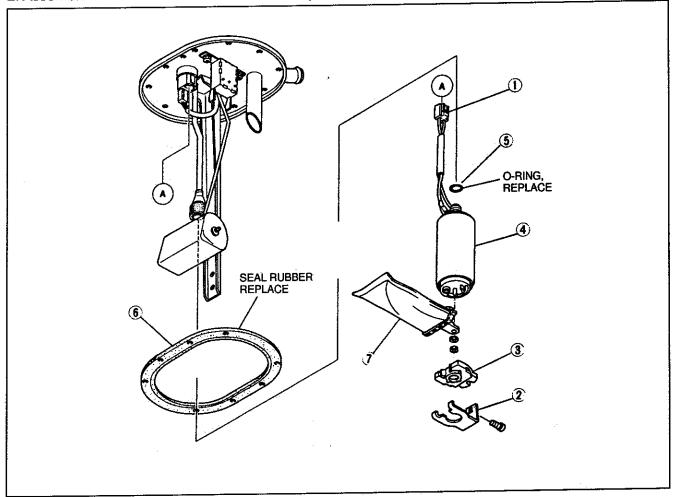
Continuity Inspection

- 1. Remove the luggage room carpet.
- 2. Remove the acoustic wave guide assembly. (if equipped)
- 3. Disconnect the fuel pump connector.
- Check for continuity between the fuel pump connector A and B.
- 5. If there is none, replace the fuel pump. (Refer to page F-98.)

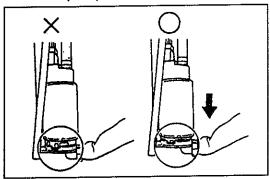
Disassembly / Assembly

Warning

- When replacing the fuel system parts, keep sparks, cigarettes, and open flames away from the
- Fuel line spills and leaks are dangerous. Fuel can ignite and cause serious injuries or death and damage. Fuel can also irritate skin and eyes. To prevent this, always complete the "Fuel Line Safety Procedures" on page F-95.
- 1. Disassemble in the order shown in the figure.
- 2. Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly, referring to Assembly Note.



- 1. Fuel pump connector
- 2. Bracket
- 3. Mounting rubber
- 4. Fuel pump



- 5. O-ring
- 6. Seal rubber
- 7. Fuel filter (Low pressure side)

Assembly Note

After installing the fuel pump to the braket, pull the pump down so that it is tight against the braket.

FUEL FILTER Replacement

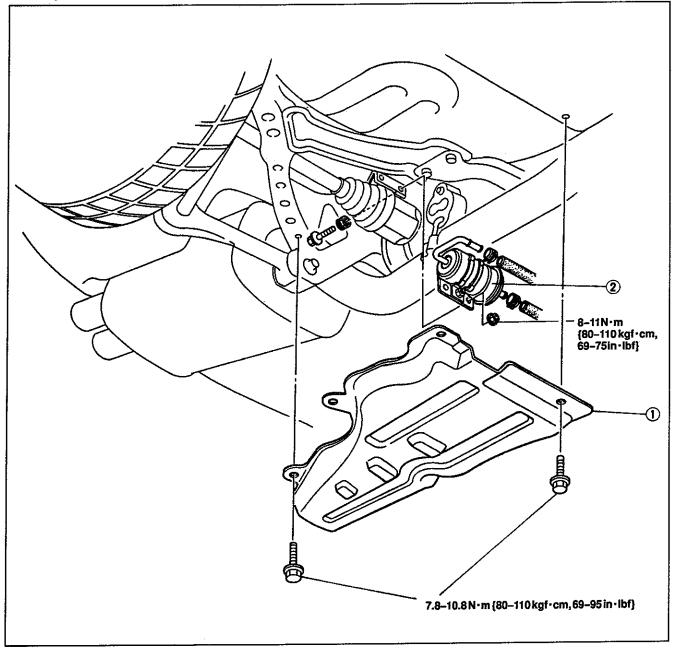
Warning

• Fuel vapor is hazardous. It can very easily ignite, causing serious injury and damage. Always keep sparks and flames away from fuel.

High-pressure side

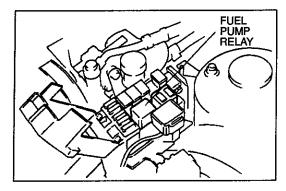
The fuel filter must be replaced at the intervals outlined in the maintenance schedule.

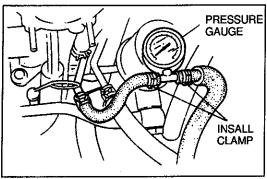
- Before removing the fuel filter, release the fuel pressure from the fuel system.
 Remove in the order shown in the figure.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal.
- 4. Verify that the fuel hoses are pushed fully onto the fuel filter nipple.



1. Under cover

2. Fuel filter (High-pressure side)





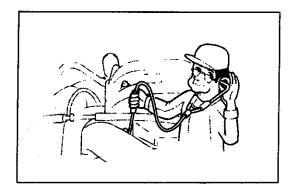
PRESSURE REGULATOR Inspection Fuel line pressure

Warning

- Fuel line spills and leaks can be dangerous. Fuel can ignite and cause serious injuries or death and can damage the vehicle. Fuel can also irritate skin and eyes. To prevent this from happening, release the fuel pressure according to "Fuel Line Safety Procedures" on page F-95.
- 1. Disconnect the negative battery terminal.
- 2. Connect a fuel pressure gauge between the fuel filter and the fuel main hose. (Install clamps as shown.)
- 3. Connect the negative battery terminal.
- 4. Start the engine and run it at idle.
- 5. Measure the fuel line pressure.

Fuel line pressure: 190-220 kPa {1.9-2.3 kgf/cm², 28-32 psi}

Removal / Installation (Refer to page F-105)



INJECTOR Inspection (On-vehicle)

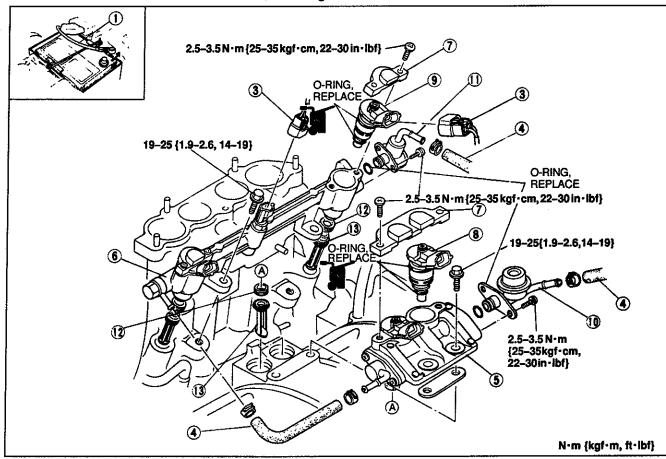
1. Warm up the engine and run it idle.

2. Listen for the operational sound of primary injector with a screwdriver or a sound scope.

Removal / Installation

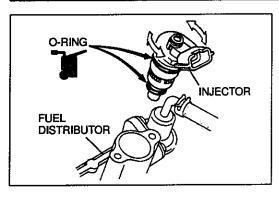
Warning

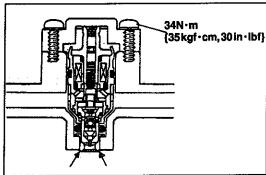
- Fuel line spills and leaks are dangerous. Fuel can ignite and cause serious injuries or death and damage. Fuel can also irritate skin and eyes. To prevent this, always complete the "Fuel Line Safety Procedures" on page F-95.
- 1. Remove in the order shown in the figure.
- 2. Install in the reverse order of removal, referring to Installation Note.

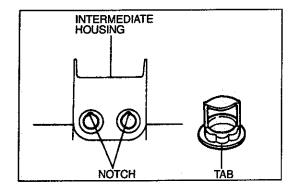


- 1. Negative battery cable
- 2. Extension manifold (Refer to page F-76)
- 3. Connector
- 4. Fuel hoses
- 5. Fuel distributor assembly (Primary)
- 6. Fuel distributor assembly (Secondary)
- 7. Cover

8. Injector (Prima	ry)
Inspection	page F-107
Injector (Secon	dary)
Inspection	page F-107
0. Pulsation damp	per
1. Pressure regul	ator
Inspection	page F-104
2. Insulator	, •
O A!	. 4







Installation Note Injector installation

1. Use new O-rings.

2. Apply a small amount of clean engine oil to the O-rings before installing them.

3. Install the injector squarely into fuel distributor and gradually twist it.

4. Verify that the deposit is not to the holder inside of fuel distributor

5. If there is, clean the holder inside by used to gasoline.

Fuel leakage test

1. Install the fuel hose.

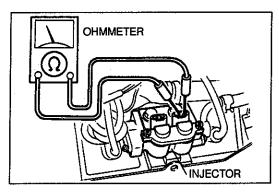
2. Connect the data link connector terminals F/P and GND with a jumper wire.

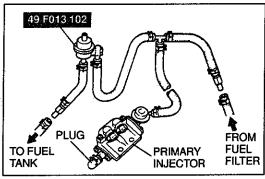
3. Turn the ignition switch ON and check for fuel leaks from the fuel distributor.

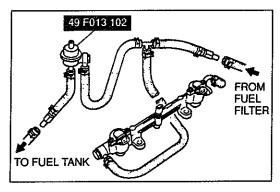
4. If fuel leaks, check the injector O-ring and fuel distributor.

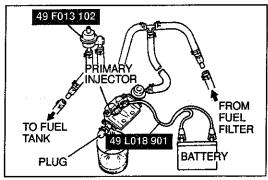
Air bleed socket installation

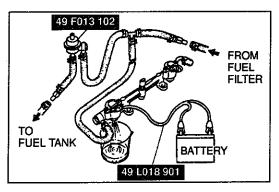
Align the tab of the air bleed socket with the notches in the intermediate housing.











Inspection

Injector resistance

1. Disconnect injector connector as shown in figure.

2. Measure the resistance of the injection with an ohmmeter.

Resistance: Approx. 13.8 Ω {20°C [68°F]}

3. If not as specified, replace the injector.

Fuel leakage test

Warning

- Fuel vapor is hazardous. It can very easily ignite, causing serious injury and damage. Always keep sparks and flames away from fuel.
- 1. Remove the injector together with fuel distributor.

2. Connect the SST as shown in figure.

- 3. Connect the data link connector terminals F/P and GND with a jumper wire.
- 4. Turn the ignition switch ON and check for fuel leaks from the injector.

Fuel leakage: Less than 1 drop / 5 min.

5. If not as specified, check the injector O-ring and fuel distributor contact face.

6. Install the injector.

- 7. Turn the ignition switch ON and check for fuel leaks from injector.
- 8. If not as specified, replace the injector.

Volume Test

- 1. Remove the injectors together with the fuel distributor.
- 2. Connect the SST as shown in figure.

Warning

- Fuel vapor is hazardous. It can very easily ignite, causing serious injury and damage. Always keep sparks and flames away from fuel.
- 3. Check the injection volume with a graduated container.

Injection volume

Primary injector:

128-147 ml {128-147 cc, 3.84-4.41 fl oz} / 15 sec. Secondary injector:

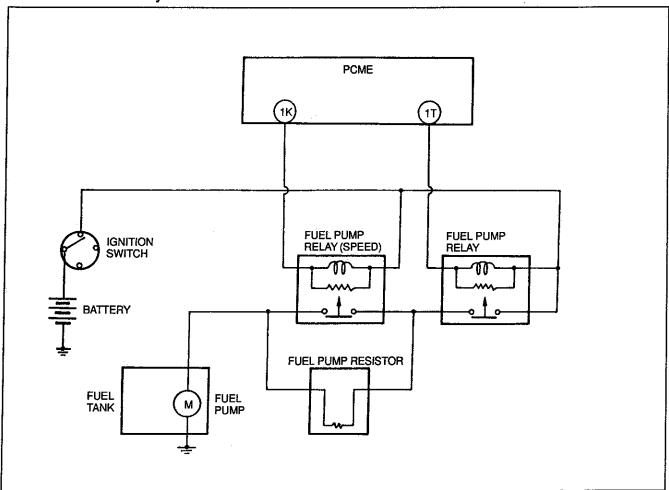
198-227 ml {198-227 cc, 5.94-6.81 fl oz} / 15 sec.

4. If not as specified, replace the injector.

FUEL PUMP CONTROL SYSTEM

Description

 The PCME turns the fuel pump ON/OFF via the fuel pump relay. By controlling the fuel pump relay (speed), the PCME also controls fuel pump operation in two phases to improve fuel pump reliability and ensure the necessary fuel amount.



Fuel pump relay

• The fuel pump relay is controlled by the PCME and turns the fuel pump ON/OFF.

Fuel pump relay (speed)

 The fuel pump relay (speed) is controlled by the PCME and controls fuel pump operation voltage via the fuel pump resistor.

Fuel pump resister

 The fuel pump resister controls fuel pump operation voltage. During low-speed engine operation, fuel pump voltage is supplied via the fuel pump resistor.

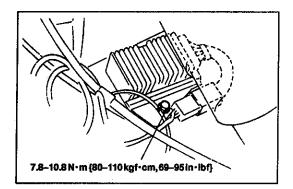
Operation

- (1) In low-speed range (1K terminal of PCME is battery positive voltage)
 - The fuel pump is driven by voltage from the fuel pump resister.
- (2) In high-speed range (1K terminal of is 0V)
 - The fuel pump is driven by battery positive voltage.

Operating conditions

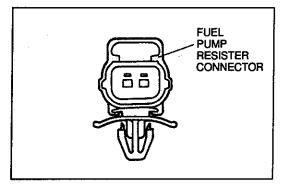
The system operates when either of the following conditions is met.

- During engine start-up
- Solenoid valve (pressure regulator control) operating
- High speed and heavy load



FUEL PUMP RESISTOR Removal / Installation

- Remove in the order shown in the figure.
 Install in the reverse order of removal.

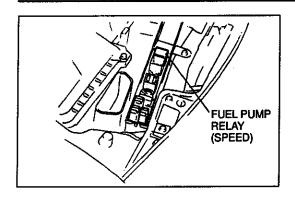


Inspection

- Disconnect fuel pump resistor connector.
 Measure resistance of the fuel pump resistor with an ohmmeter.

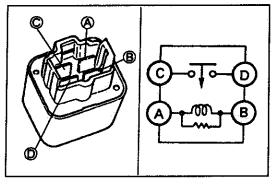
Resistance 0.57–0.70 Ω {at 20°C [68°F]}

3. Replace the fuel pump resistor if necessary.



FUEL PUMP RELAY (SPEED)

Inspection
Operation check
Listen for operational sound of the fuel pump relay (speed) when ignition switch ON.



Continuity inspection
Check continuity between the terminals with ohmmeter.

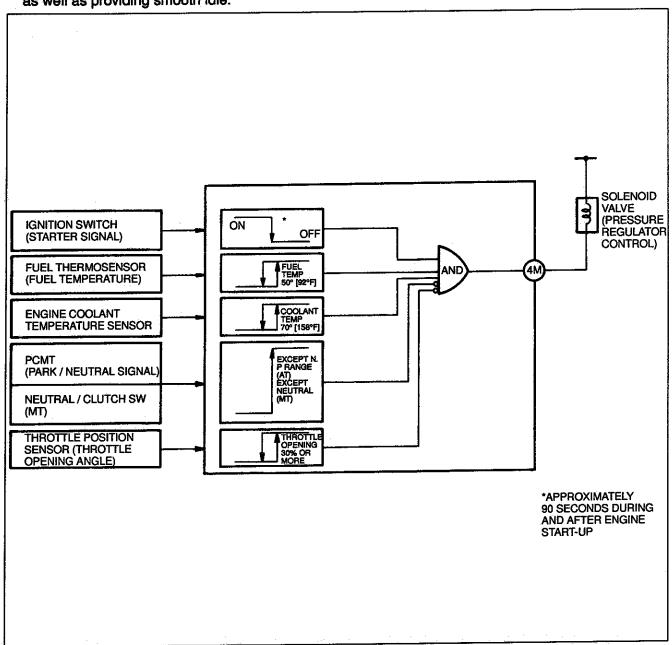
B+: Battery positive voltage

Terminal A-B	Terminal C-D	
Apply B+	Yes	
Not apply B+	No	

PRESSURE REGULATOR CONTROL (PRC) SYSTEM

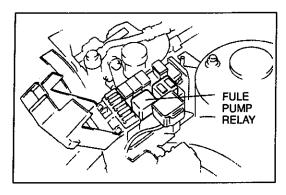
DESCRIPTION

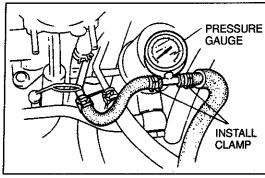
• This system cancels the vacuum applied to the pressure regulator and increases the fuel pressure during hot engine start-up and for a period immediately following engine start-up. This improves hot stanting as well as providing smooth idle.



Operation

To prevent vapor-lock during hot restart idle, vacuum to the pressure regulator is momentarily cut, and fuel injection pressure is increased.





SYSTEM OPERATION

Warning

- Fuel line spills and leaks can be dangerous. Fuel can ignite and cause serious injuries or death and can damage the vehicle. Fuel can also irritate skin and eyes. To prevent this from happening, release the fuel pressure according to "Fuel Line Safety Procedures" on page F-95.
- 1. Remove the fuel pump relay.
- 2. Connect a fuel pressure gauge to the main hose.
- 3. Connect the fuel pump relay.
- 4. Start the engine and run it idle.
- 5. Verify the fuel pressure.

Fuel line pressure 190-220 kPa {1.9-2.3 kgf/cm², 28-32 psi}

6. Short the PCME Terminal 4M and verify that fuel pressure.

Fuel line pressure 250–260 kPa {2.5–2.7 kgf/cm², 36–38 psi}

7. If not as specified, check the pressure regulator and solenoid valve.

EXHAUST SYSTEM

COMPONENT PARTS

inspection (On-vehicle)

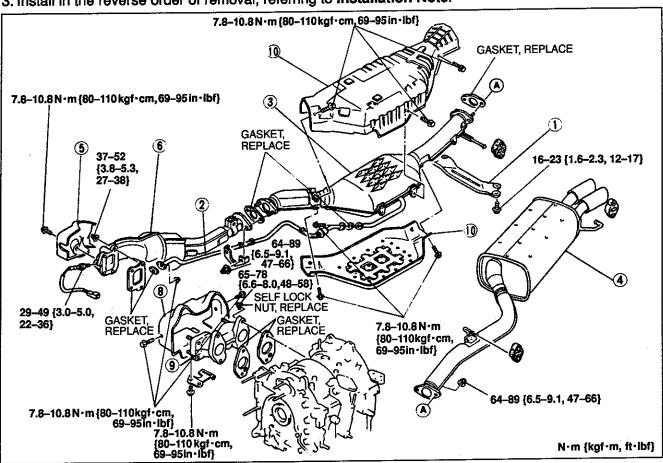
Start the engine and verify that there is no exhaust gas leakage from the exhaust system components.

Removal / Inspection / Installation

1. Remove in the order shown in the figure.

2. Check all parts and repair or replace if necessary.

3. Install in the reverse order of removal, referring to Installation Note.



- 1. Braket
- 2. Secondary air pipe.

Inspect for deterioration and restriction.

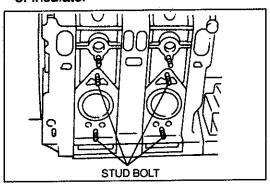
3. Three-way catalyst

Inspect for deterioration and restriction.

4. Main silencer

Inspect for deterioration and restriction.

5. Insulator



- Warm-up three-way catalyst Inspect for deterioration and restriction.
- 7. Turbocharger

- 8. Insulator
- 9. Exhaust manifold

Inspect for deterioration and restriction.

10. insulation

Installation Note

Check the stud bolt tighting torque before installing exhaust manifold.

Tighting torque:

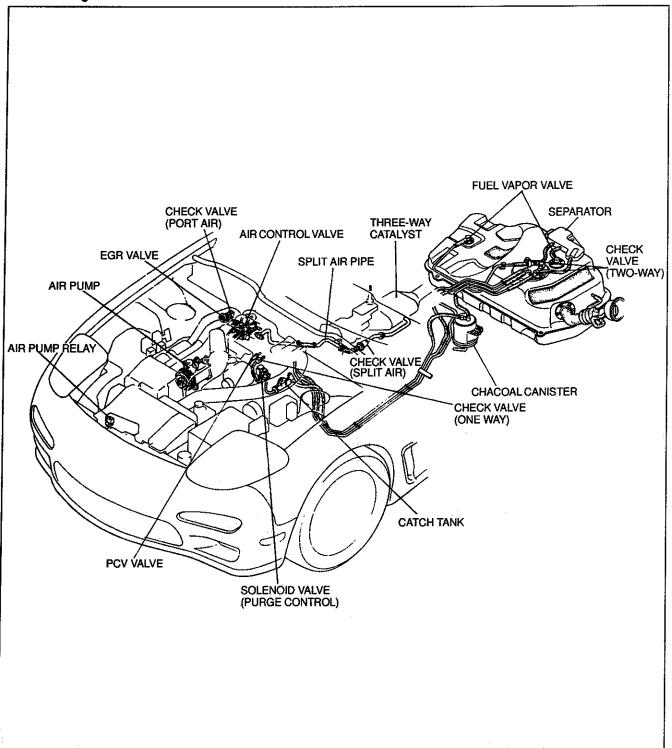
30-35N·m {3.0-3.6 kgf·m, 22-26 ft·lbf}

OUTLINE OF EMISSION SYSTEM

STRUCTURAL VIEW

The following systems are employed to reduce CO, HC, and NOx emissions.

- 1. Secondary air injection
- 2. Positive crankcase ventilation system
- 3. Fuel evaporative system
- 4. Three-way catalyst
- 5. Deceleration control system
- 6. Exhaust gas recirculation



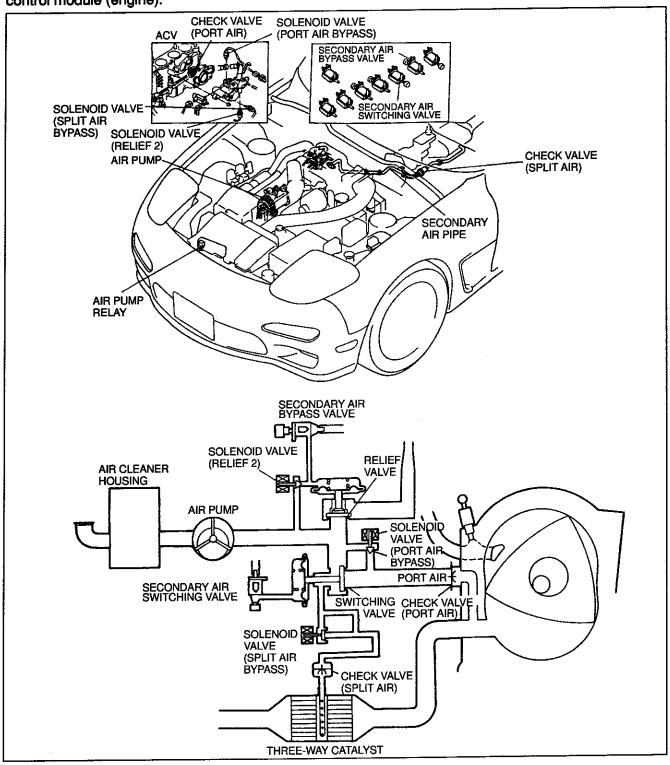
SECONDARY AIR INJECTION

DESCRIPTION

The secondary air injection helps to clean the exhaust gas by introducing fresh air into the exhaust port or three-way catalyst in relation to the during condition.

The PCME controls secondary air by actuating the solenoid valves (secondary air switching, secondary air bypass, relief 2, port air bypass, split air bypass) and the air pump relay.

This system consist of an air control valve (ACV), three way solenoid valves, air pump relay and powertrain control module (engine).



PREPARATION SST

49 2113 011B

Air pump gauge set



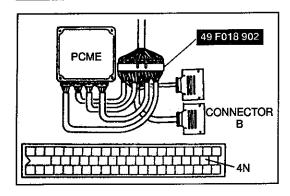
For inspection of air pump

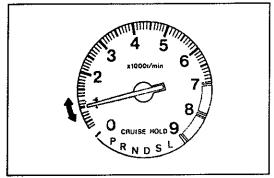
49 F018 902

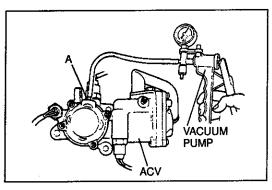
Adapter harness

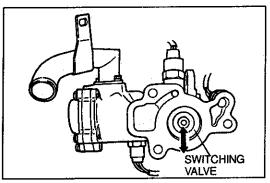


For inspection of solenoid valve









AIR CONTROL VALVE (ACV)

Switching Valve System operation

1. Connect the SST (Engine Signal Monitor Adapter Harness) to the PCME as shown.

2. Start the engine and run it idle.

- 3. Short the PCME terminal 4N and verify that the engine condition change (idle roughing).
- 4. If the engine condition does not change, check the following below.

Vacuum tube

Inspect the vacuum line fitting, connections and com-(Refer to page F-10) ponents for leaks.

 Secondary air switching valve Inspection

(Refer to page F-176)

 Air relief valve Inspection

(Refer to page F-118)

Air pump Inspection

(Refer to page F-121)

 Air pump relay Inspection

(Refer to page F-123)

Inspection

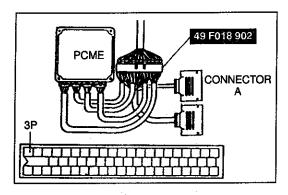
1. Remove the air control valve. (Refer to page F-119.)

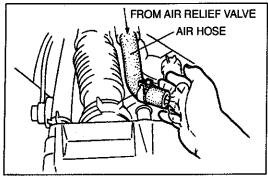
2. Connect a vacuum pump to port A.

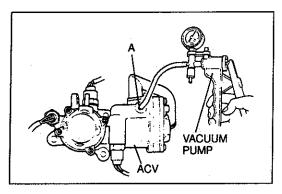
3. Verify that the switching valve opens at a vacuum 14.7 kPa {110 mmHg, 4.3 inHg}.

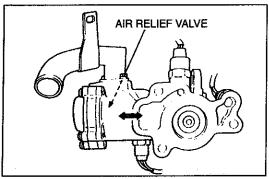
Caution

- Applying vacuum greater than 66.7 kPa {500 mmHq. 19.7 inHq} can damage the air control valve.
- 4. If not as specified, replace air control valve. (Refer to page F-119.)









Air Relief Valve System operation Engine Signal Monitor

1. Connect the SST (Engine Signal Monitor Adaptor Harness) to the PCME as shown.

2. Start the engine and run it idle.

3. Verify that air does not flows from air relief Valve.

4. Short the PCME terminal 3P and verify that the air flows from air relief valve.

If the air does not flow, check the following condition below.

 Vacuum tube Inspect the vacuum line fitting, connections and components for leaks. (Refer to page F-10)

 Secondary air bypass valve Inspection

(Refer to page F-176)

Air pump Inspection

(Refer to page F-121)

Air pump relay.
 Inspection

(Refer to page F-123)

Inspection

1. Remove the air control valve. (Refer to page F-119.)

2. Connect a vacuum pump to port A.

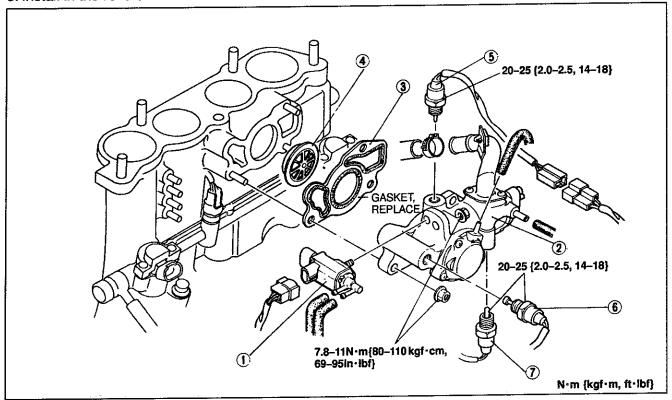
3. Verify that the air relief valve opens at a vacuum 19.3 kPa {145 mmHg, 5.7 inHg}.

Caution

- Applying vacuum greater than 66.7 kPa {500 mmHq, 19.7 inHq} can damage the air control valve.
- 4. If not as specified, replace air control valve.

Removal / Installation

- 1. Remove the extension manifold. (Refer to page F-76.)
- 2. Remove in the order shown in the figure.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal.

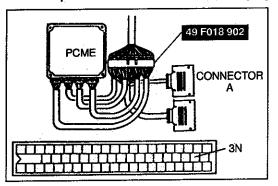


1. Solenoid valve (Turbo control) Inspection page F-176

2. Air control valve

3. Gasket

4. Check valve (Port air) Inspection page F-120 5. Solenoid valve (Port air bypass) Inspection below 6. Solenoid valve (Split air bypass) Inspection page F-120 7. Solenoid valve (Relief2) Inspection page F-123



SOLENOID VALVE (PORT AIR BYPASS) System Operation

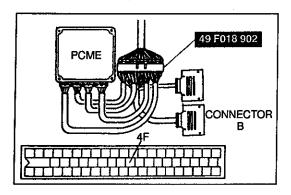
- 1. Connect the SST (Engine Signal Monitor Adaptor Harness) to the PCME.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Short the PCME terminal 3N and verify that the operational sound is heard.

Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the solenoid valve (Port air bypass) connec-
- 2. Measure the solenoid valve resistance with an ohmmeter.

Resistance: 26.6-32.6 Ω (20°C [68°F])

3. If not as specified, replace solenoid valve. (Above)



SOLENOID VALVE (SPLIT AIR BYPASS) System Operation

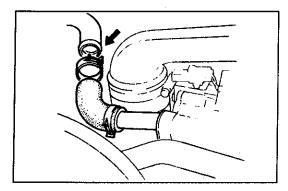
- 1. Connect the SST (Engine Signal Monitor Adaptor Harness) to the PCME.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Short the PCME terminal 4F and verify that the operational sound is heard.

Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the solenoid valve.
- 2. Measure the solenoid valve resistance with an ohmmeter.

Resistance: 27-32 Ω {20°C [68°F]}

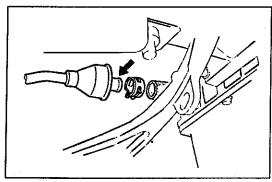
3. If not as specified, replace solenoid valve. (Refer to page F-119.)



CHECK VALVE (PORT AIR)

Inspection

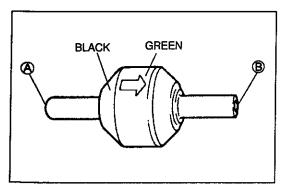
- 1. Disconnect the air hose (From air pump to air control valve) at the air control valve.
- 2. Start the engine and run it idle.
- 3. Verify that the exhaust gas does not flow from air control valve.
- 4. If the exhaust gas flows from air control valve, replace the check valve (port air). (Refer to page F-119.)



CHECK VALVE (SPLIT AIR)

Inspection

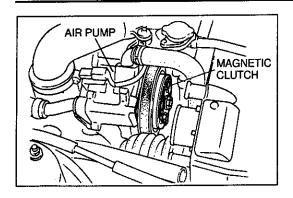
- 1. Disconnect the air hose (From air control valve to air pipe) at the air pipe.
- 2. Start the engine.
- 3. Increase the engine speed to 2,000 rpm and verify that the exhaust gas does not flow from split air pipe.
- 4. If not as specified, replace the check valve (Spilit air).

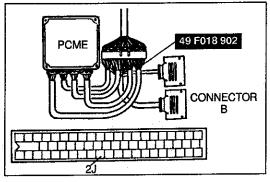


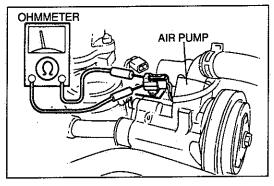
CHECK VALVE

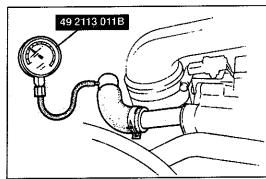
Inspection

- 1. Remove the check valve.
- 2. Blow through A and verify that air flows from B.
- 3. Blow through B and verify that air does not flow from A.









AIR PUMP System Operation

1. Start the engine.

2. Increase the engine speed to above 3250 rpm and verify that the air pump magnetic clutch OFF.

Inspection

Magnetic clutch

- 1. Connect the **SST** (Engine Signal Monitor Adaptor Harness) to the PCME.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Short the PCME terminal 2J and verify that the magnetic clutch OFF.
- 4. If the magnetic clutch does not OFF, check the air pump relay. (Refer to page F-123.)
- 5. If the relay is OK, disconnect the air pump connector and check the continuity.
- 6. If not as specified, replace the air pump.

Continuity

- 1. Disconnect the air pump connector.
- 2. Check for continuity between terminals.
- 3. If no continuity, replace the air pump.

Pressure

- 1. Disconnect air hose (from air control valve to air pump) at the air control valve.
- 2. Connect the SST to the air hose.
- 3. Start the engine and run it idle.
- 4. Measure the pressure.

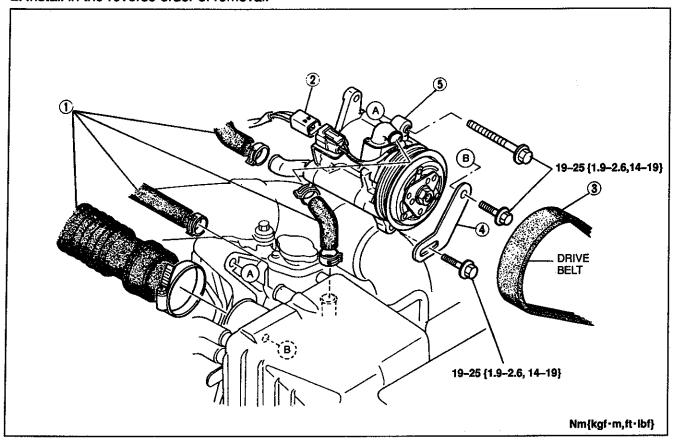
Pressure

More than 4.9 kPa {0.05 kgf/cm², 0.7 psi}

5. If not as specified, replace the air pump.

Removal / Installation

- 1. Remove in the order shown in the figure.
- 2. Install in the reverse order of removal.

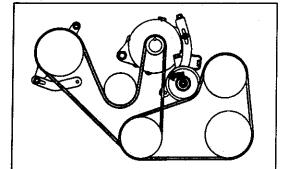


- 1. Air hoses
- 2. Connector
- 3. Drive belt Inspection

4. Braket

5. Air pump Inspection page F-121

below



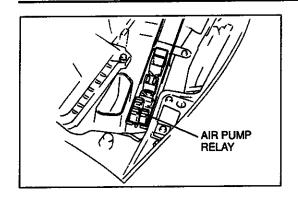
AIR PUMP DRIVE BELT

- Inspection

 1. Check the drive belt for cracks deterioration or oil contamination.
- 2. Replace if necessary.3. If the belt is noisy, check for loose or misaligned pulleys.

Adjustment

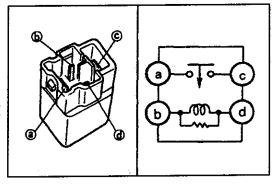
Refer to section C.



AIR PUMP RELAY

Inspection (On-vehicle)

Check that a "clicking" sound is heard at the Air pump relay when turning the ignition switch ON and OFF.



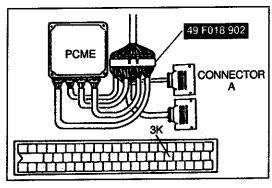
Inspection

1. Disconnect the air pump relay.

- 2. Apply Battery positive voltage and ground to terminals B and D of the relay.
- 3. Check continuity of the relay.

B+: Battery positive voltage

Operation	A-C terminals
B+ Applied	Continuity
B+ Not applied	No continuity



SOLENOID VALVE (RELIEF2)

System Operation

Engine Signal Monitor

1. Connect the SST (Engine Signal Monitor Adaptor Harness) to the PCME.

2. Turn ignition switch ON.

3. Short the PCME terminal 3K and verify that the operation sound is heard.

Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the solenoid valve. (Refer to page F-119.)
- 2. Measure the solenoid valve resistance with an ohmmeter.

Resistance 27–32 Ω {20°C [68°F]}

3. If not as specified, replace solenoid valve. (Refer to page F-119.)

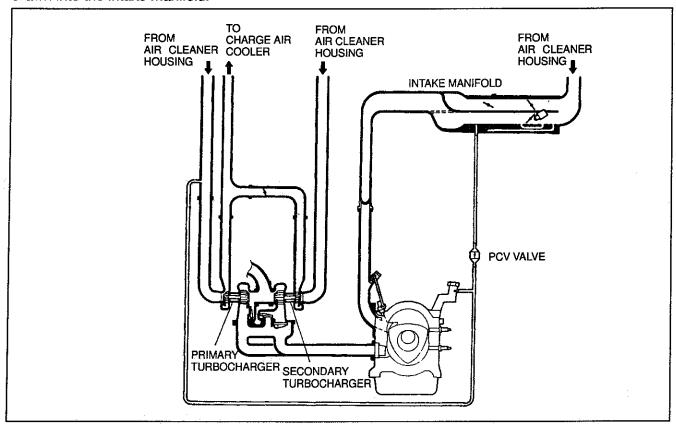
POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION (PCV) SYSTEM

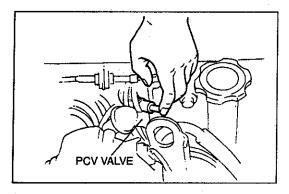
DESCRIPTION

The PCV valve is operated by the intake manifold vacuum.

When the engine is running at idle, the PCV valve is opened slightly and a small amount of blow by gas is drawn into the dynamic chamber to be burned.

As the engine speed rises the PCV valve is opened further, allowing a larger amount of blow by gas to be drawn into the intake manifold.

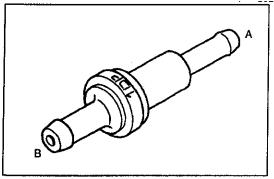




PCV VALVE

Inspection

- 1. Warm up the engine to the normal operating temperature and run it at idle.
- 2. Disconnect the PCV valve with the ventilation hose.
- 3. Block the PCV valve opening.
- 4. Verify that vacuum is felt.



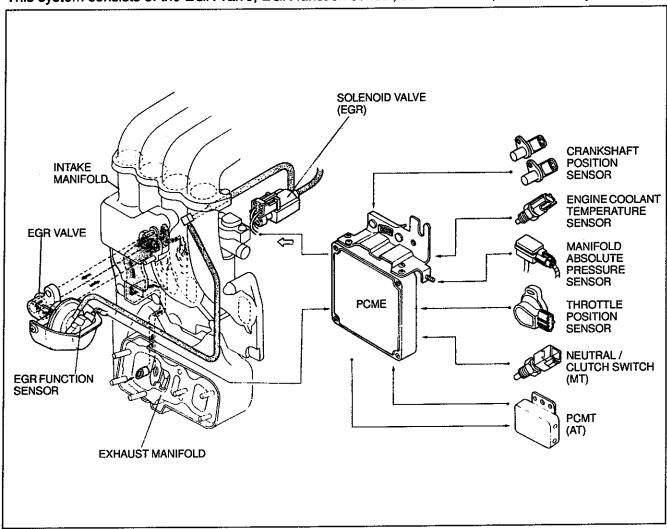
- 5. Remove the PCV valve.
- 6. Blow through the valve from port A and verify that air comes out of port B.
- 7. Blow through the valve from port B and verify that no air comes out of port A.
- 8. Replace the PCV valve if necessary.

EXHAUST GAS RECIRCULATION (EGR)

DESCRIPTION

This system recirculates a small amount of exhaust gas into the intake manifold to reduce the combustion temperature, and reduce NOx emissions.

This system consists of the EGR valve, EGR function sensor, solenoid valve, PCME and input devices.



Operation

Cold engine (Engine coolant temperature: below 70°C [158°F])

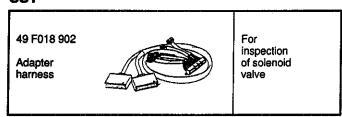
EGR operation is stopped to improve drivability when the engine is cold.

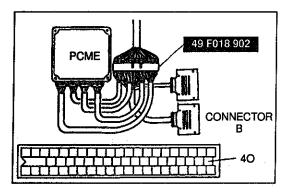
Warm engine

The PCME controls the solenoid valve to supply EGR gases as described below.

Operating condition	EGR operation	Remark	
ldle		_	
Deceleration	Channed		
High engine speed	Stopped	Above 3850 rpm	
Heavy load		<u> </u>	
Others	Supplied EGR gas MT 5th gear, AT OD position Engine speed above 1700 rpm		

PREPARATION SST





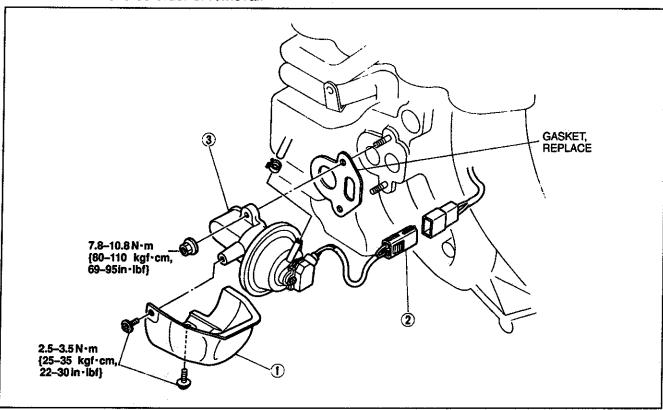
SYSTEM OPERATION

- Connect the SST (Engine Signal Monitor Adaptor Harness) to the PCME as shown.
- 2. Start the engine.
- 3. Accelerates the engine and verify that PCME terminal 40 voltage B+ while the engine is still cold.
- 4. Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature and run it at idle.
- 5. Short the PCME terminal 4O and verify that the engine runs roughly or stalls at idle.

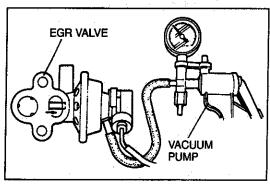
EGR VALVE

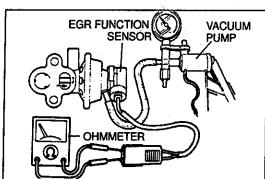
Removal / Installation

- 1. Remove the intake air system component parts. (Refer to page F-76.)
- 2. Remove in the order shown in the figure.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal.



- 1. Insulator
- 2. Connector





3. EGR valve Inspection below

Inspection

- 1. Connect a vacuum pump as shown and apply vacuum.
- 2. Verify that the EGR valve moves at more than the specified vacuum.

Specification:

11-15.3 kPa {85-115 mmHg, 3.3-4.5 inHg}

3. If not as specified, replace EGR valve.

EGR FUNCTION SENSOR

Inspection

- 1. Remove the EGR valve. (Refer to above)
- 2. Connect a ohmmeter between the terminals.
- 3. Connect a vacuum pump as shown and apply vacuum.
- 4. Verify that the EGR function sensor ON (continue) at more than the specified vacuum.

Specification:

11-15.3 kPa {85-115 mmHg, 3.3-4.5 lnHg}

5. If not as specified, replace EGR valve.

SOLENOID VALVE (EGR)

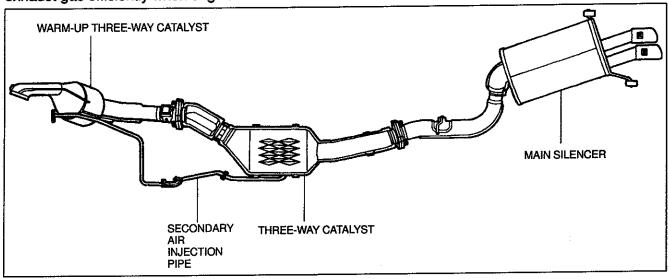
Inspection

(Refer to page F-176)

THREE-WAY CATALYST SYSTEM

DESCRIPTION

Two bets three-way catalysts are used to reduce CO, HC, and NOx emissions. For efficient operation, the warm-up three-way catalyst is placed close to the exhaust manifold so that it will heat up quickly and purify exhaust gas efficiently when engine runs at idle.



The three-way catalysts reduce CO and HC, emissions through oxidization and NOx emissions by chemical reaction.

Three-way catalyst	Туре
Warm-up three-way catalyst	Metal
Three-way catalyst	Monotythic

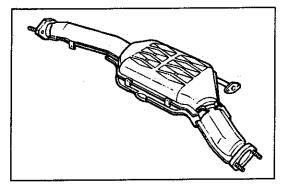
Operation

(1) Before the engine is warmed up, when large amounts of CO and HC are ceated, the three-way catalyst is supplied port air and uses both the first and second stages as the oxidization catalyst.

(2) In the normal driving range, the three-way catalyst is supplied split air and uses the first stage as the ternary catalyst and second stage as the oxidization catalyst.

(3) During high-speed driving, an additional air to the three-way catalyst is cut off, and the first and second stages are used the ternary catalyst.

	First stage	Second stage	Remark
Port air	Oxidation	Oxidation	Low-speed range, Deceleration range
Split air	Ternary	Oxidation	Cruising range
Air cut	Ternary	Ternary	High-speed range



THREE-WAY CATALYST (WARM-UP THREE-WAY CATALYST AND THREE-WAY CATALYST)

Inspection

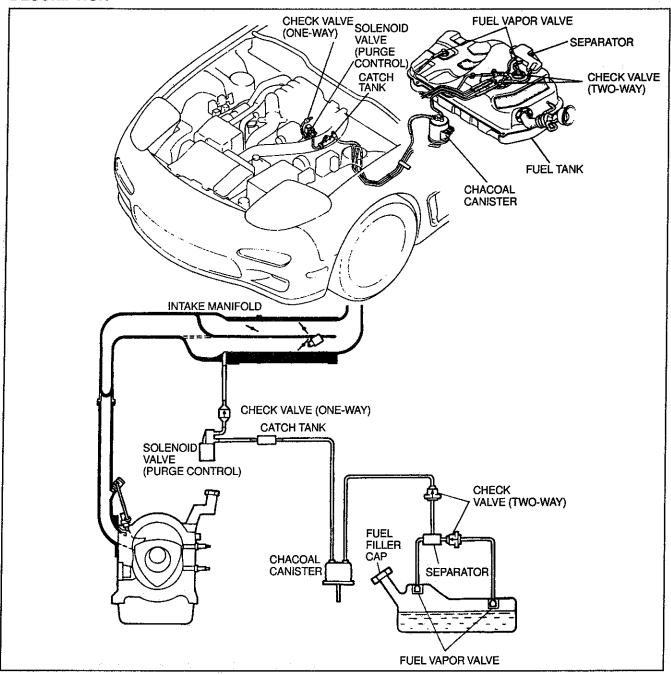
Check the three-way catalyst for deterioration or clogging.
 Check the insulation covers welded onto the three-way

catalyst for damage.

3. Excessive heat will occur at the floor if the insulation cover is touching the three-way catalyst.

FUEL EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM

DESCRIPTION



The fuel evaporative system temporarily stores in the canister the evaporative fumes generated in the fuel tank. The stored gas is then passed into the air intake system for combustion when the engine is running. This operation prevents evaporative fumes from flowing out to the atmosphere.

Sending a large volume of evaporative fumes at one time into the air intake system deteriorates the air fuel ratio; thus, the PCME uses the solenoid valve (purge control) to regulate this volume.

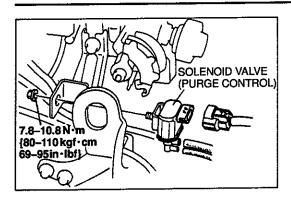
Operation

With engine stopped and no load applied

The evaporative fumes from the fuel tank are absorbed by the charcoal canister.

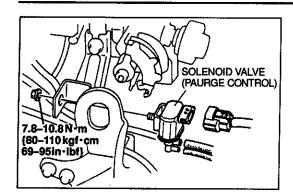
With engine running and load applied

The evaporative fumes absorbed by the charcoal canister are drawn into the engine via the solenoid valve (purge control). The volume of fumes drawn depends on engine conditions.



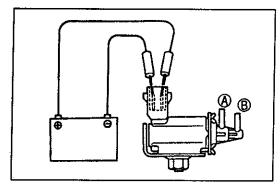
SYSTEM OPERATION

- 1. Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature and run it at idle.
- Disconnect the vacuum hose from the solenoid valve (purge control) as shown in the figure, and verify that no vacuum is felt at the solenoid valve.
 If not as specified, check the solenoid valve.



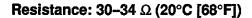
SOLENOID VALVE (PURGE CONTROL) Removal / Installation

- 1. Disconnect the vacuum hoses and connector from solenoid valve.
- 2. Remove the mounting nuts and solenoid valve.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal.

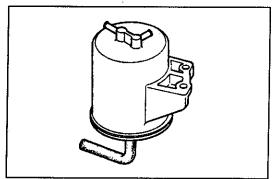


Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the vacuum hoses and connector from the solenoid valve.
- 2. Blow into the valve and verify that no air flows through it.
- 3. Apply battery positive voltage as shown in the figure.4. Blow into the valve and verify that air flows through it.
- 5. If not as specified, measure the solenoid valve resistance with an ohmmeter.



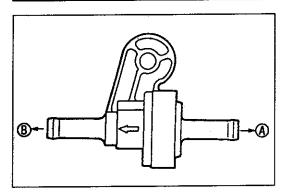
6. If not as specified, replace the solenoid valve.



CHARCOAL CANISTER

Inspection

Visually check for damage and replace the charcoal canister if necessary.



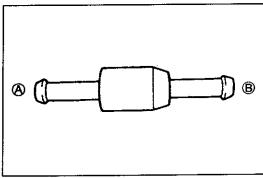
CHECK VALVE (TWO-WAY)

Inspection

1. Remove the check valve.

2. Check the operation of the check valve by using a vacuum pump.

Apply approx. 5 kPa (37 mmHg, 1.46 inHg) vacuum at port A	Air flow
Apply approx. 6 kPa {44 mmHg, 1.73 inHg} vacuum at port B	Air flow



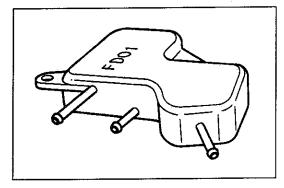
CHECK VALVE (ONE-WAY)

Inspection

1. Remove the check valve.

2. Blow through the check valve from port A, and check that the air flows from port B.

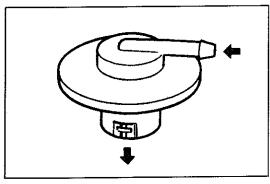
3. Blow through the check valve from port B, and check there is no flow.



SEPARATOR

Inspection

Visually check for damage and replace the separator if necessary.

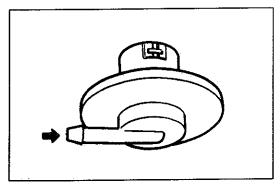


FUEL VAPOR VALVE

Inspection

1. Remove the valve.

2. Blow through the valve and verify that air flows in the direction shown.



- 3. Turn the valve over and blow through the valve. Verify that no air flows.
- 4. Replace the valve if necessary.

DECELERATION CONTROL SYSTEM

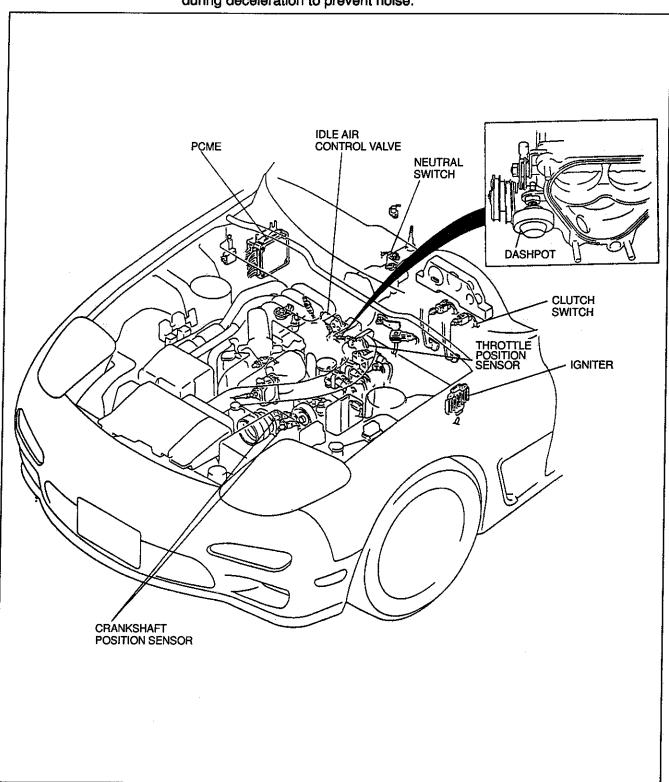
DESCRIPTION

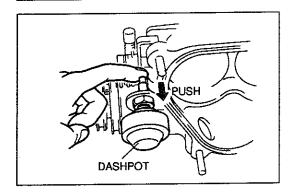
Dashpot

To prevent the throttle valves from closing suddenly.
To prevent afterburn, air is supplied to intake manifold during deceleration.
To improve the fuel economy and to prevent engine bucking during decelera-• Idle air control valve Fuel cut control

 Air bypass valve : Bypasses compressed air from after the turbocharger to air cleaner housing

during deceleration to prevent noise.

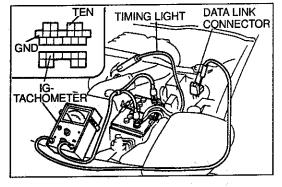




DASHPOT

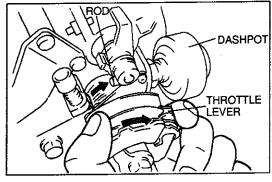
Inspection

- 1. Open the throttle valve fully, then push the dashpot rod with a finger and verify that the rod goes in slowly.
- 2. Release the rod and verify that it comes out quickly.
- 3. Replace it, if necessary.



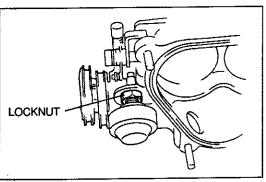
Adjustment

- 1. Warm up the engine to the normal operating temperature and run it idle.
- 2. Verify that the fast idle cam separates.
- 3. Turn all electrical loads OFF.
- 4. Connect a tachometer to the data link connector terminal IG-

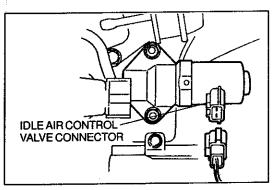


- 5. Open the throttle valve until the dashpot rod separates from the lever.
- 6. Check the engine speed when the dashpot rod touches to the lever.

Engine speed: 2600-3000 $\{2800 \pm 200\}$ rpm



7. Loosen the locknut and adjust by turning the dashpot, if necessary.



ANTI AFTERBURN CONTROL

System operation

1. Start the engine and run it at idle.

2. Disconnect the idle air control valve connector.

3. Increase the engine speed to over 4,000 rpm then decrease the engine speed rapidly.

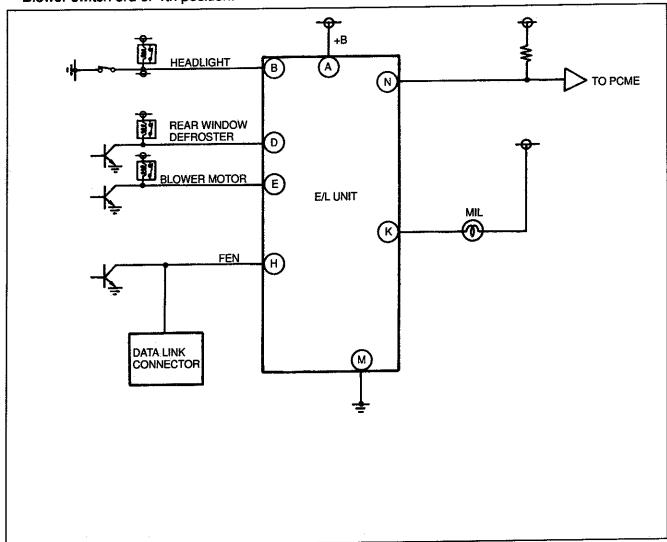
4. Verify that the engine speed decrease roughly at 1500–1000 rpm.

ELECTRICAL LOAD (E/L) CONTROL SYSTEM

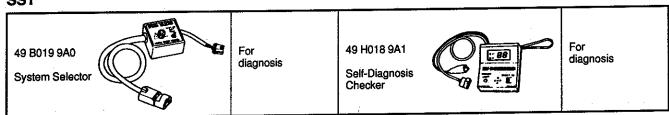
DESCRIPTION

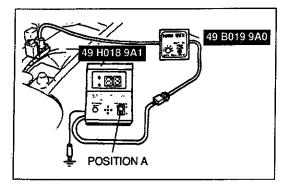
The engine speed increases when any of the following switches are ON.

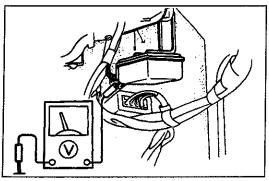
- Rear window defroster switch
- Headlight switch
- Blower switch 3rd or 4th position.



PREPARATION SST







SYSTEM OPERATION

- 1. Connect the **SST** (System selector) to the data link connector.
- 2. Set switch A to position 1 and TEST SW to SELF-TEST.
- 3. Connect the SST (Self-Diagnosis Checker) to the System Selector and a ground.
- 4. Set the select switch to position A.
- 5. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 6. Check if the monitor lamp illuminates when E/L unit relative switch is made to function. (Refer to page F-67.)

Inspection

- 1. Remove the E/L unit. (Refer to page F-150.)
- 2. Connect the E/L unit connector.
- 3. Measure the voltage at each terminal by using a voltmeter.
- 4. If any E/L unit terminal voltage is incorrect, check the input or output device and related wiring harness. If they are normal, replace the E/L unit.

Terminal voltage

B+: Battery positive voltage

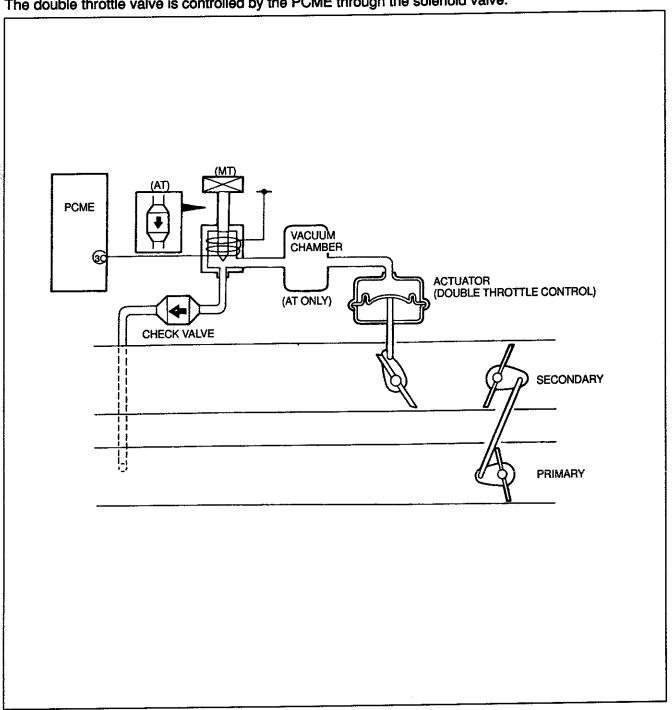
Terminal	Input	Output	Connected to	Test condition	Correct voltage	Remark
Α		_	Main relay	Ignition switch ON	B÷	-
В	0		TNS relay	Position light ON	Below 1.0V	
				Position light OFF	B+	
С		_	_			_
D	0		Rear window	Rear window defroster OFF	B+	Ignition switch ON
			defroster ready	Rear window defroster ON	Below 1.0V	
E	0		Blower motor relay	Blower switch 3rd or 4th position	Below 1.0V	Ignition switch ON
				Blower switch 1st or 2nd position	B+	
F	1	-	_	_	_	
G	_	. 1,	-		_	<u> </u>
н		0	Self-Diagnosis checker	Buzzer sounded for 3 sec, after ignition switch OFF → ON	Below 2.5V	With Self- Diagnosis Check-
			Data link connector (FEN)	Buzzer not sounded for after 3 sec.	B+	er and System Selector
			` ,	Buzzer sounded	Below 2.5V	With System Selector test switch
				Buzzer not sounded	B+	at SELF TEST
1	_		_	_	-	<u> </u>
J	_	_	_		_	_
к		0	Malfunction indicator lamp (MIL)	Lamp illuminated for 3 sec. after ignition switch ON	Below 2.5V	With system selector test switch
				Lamp not illuminated after 3 sec.	B+	at SELF TEST
				Lamp illuminated	Below 2.5V	Ì
				Lamp not illuminated	B+	
L	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_
М			Ground	Constant	0V	_
N		0	PCME	Electrical load ON	Below 4.0V	Ignition switch ON
				Electrical load OFF	4.5-5.5V	
0	_	_	_	_	_	_
. Р	. —	_	_	the state of the s	_	_

DOUBLE THROTTLE CONTROL SYSTEM

DESCRIPTION

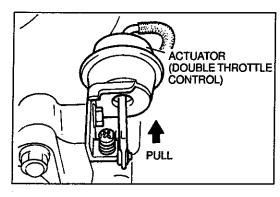
The response delay of the manifold absolute pressure sensor followed mounted by rapid acceleration temporarily causes a lean fuel mixture. The double throttle control system prevents hesitation caused by this lean fuel mixture by slightly delaying the opening of the double throttle valve after the secondary throttle valve.

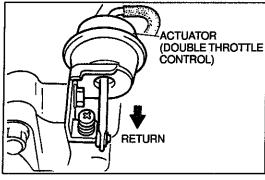
The double throttle valve is controlled by the PCME through the solenoid valve.



OPERATION

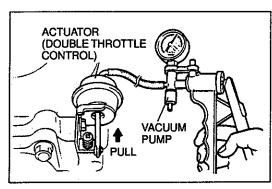
When the engine coolant temperature below 80°C {176°F} the PCME turns the solenoid valve ON, applies vacuum to the actuator (double throttle control), and closes the double throttle valve.

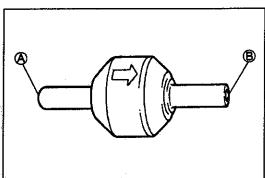




SYSTEM OPERATION

- Start the engine and verify that the actuator (Double throttle control) rod is pulled into actuator while engine is cold.
- 2. If the actuator rod is not pulled, check the following condition below.
 - Vacuum tube Inspect vacuum line fitting, connections and components for leaks. (Refer to page F-10.)
 - Vacuum chamber
 Visually check for dogging damage or crack.
 - Actuator
 Inspection
 (Refer to below.)
 - Solenoid valve (Double throttle control)
 Inspection (Refer to page F-176.)
 - Engine coolant temperature sensor Inspection (Refer to page F-169.)
- 3. Verify that the actuator rod is returned, when warm up the engine to normal operating temperature.
- 4. If the actuator rod is not return, check the following condition below.
 - Solenoid valve (Double throttle control)
 Inspection (Refer to page F-176.)
 - Engine coolant temperature sensor Inspection (Refer to page F–169.)





ACTUATOR (DOUBLE THROTTLE CONTROL) Inspection

1. Disconnect vacuum hose.

 Connect a vacuum pump and verify that actuator rod is pulled into actuator when apply the vacuum more than 22.0–28.7 kPa {165–215 mmHg, 6.5–8.5 inHg}

3. If not as specified, replace the actuator.

Removal / Installation (Refer to page F-76.)

CHECK VALVE Inspection

1. Remove the check valve.

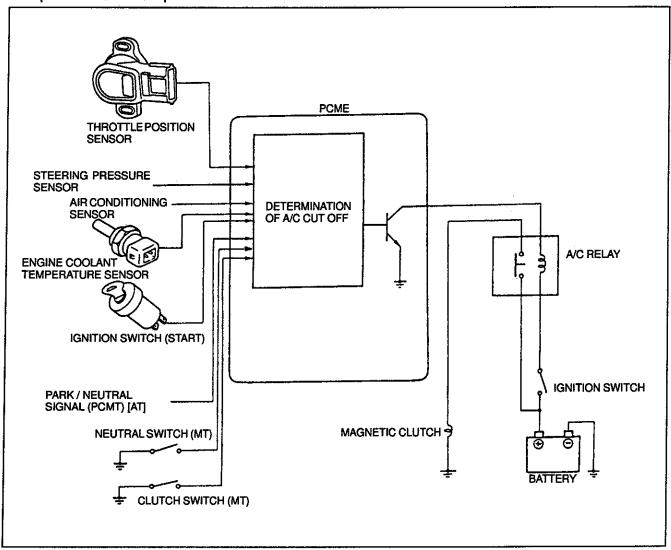
2. Blow through A and check that air flows from B.

3. Blow through B and check that air does not flow from A.

A/C CUT-OFF SYSTEM

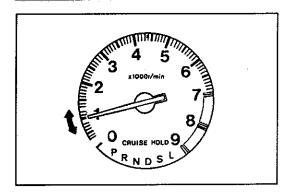
DESCRIPTION

An A/C cut-off system in used to improve idle smoothness immediately after starting the engine and to improve acceleration performance.



Operation

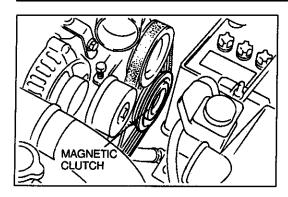
Engine condition	Purpose	Cut off period
After engine started	Improved idle	Approx. 8 sec.
Throttle valve wide open throttle	Improved drivability	Approx. 7 sec.
Engine coolant temperature over 117°C {243°F}	Prevent engine from over heating	Engine coolant temperature under 115°C {239°F}

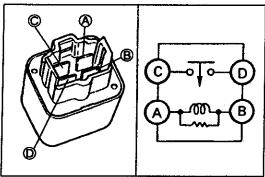


SYSTEM OPERATION

Start the engine and let it idle.
 Turn the A/C sensor and blower switch ON, and verify that no engine speed decrease.
 Turn the blower switch OFF and verify that no engine

speed increase.





Inspection

Acceleration cut-off

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Shift transmission into gear (MT) on shift into D range (AT).
- 3. Turn the A/C sensor and blower switch ON.
- Open the throttle valve fully and verify that the magnetic clutch disengage (click is heard) then renganges after approx. 5 seconds.

A/C RELAY

Continuity inspection

Check continuity between the terminals with ohmmeter.

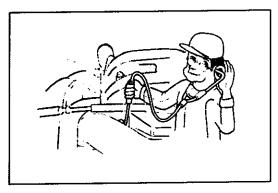
B+: Battery positive voltage

Terminal A-B	Terminal C-D
Apply B+	Yes
Not Apply B+	No

DECHOKE CONTROL SYSTEM

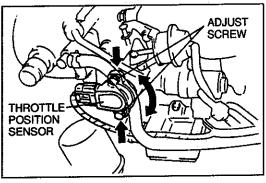
DESCRIPTION

To facilitate starting the engine if the spark plugs become fouled, such as when the engine is flooded, fuel injection is cut if the throttle valve is held wide open throttle while cranking the engine. This allows the spark plugs to dry and purges excess fuel from the cylinders.



SYSTEM OPERATION

1. Verify that the engine will not start and no operational sound of primary injector with a screwdriver or a soundscope when cranked at normal speed with the throttle wide open throttle.

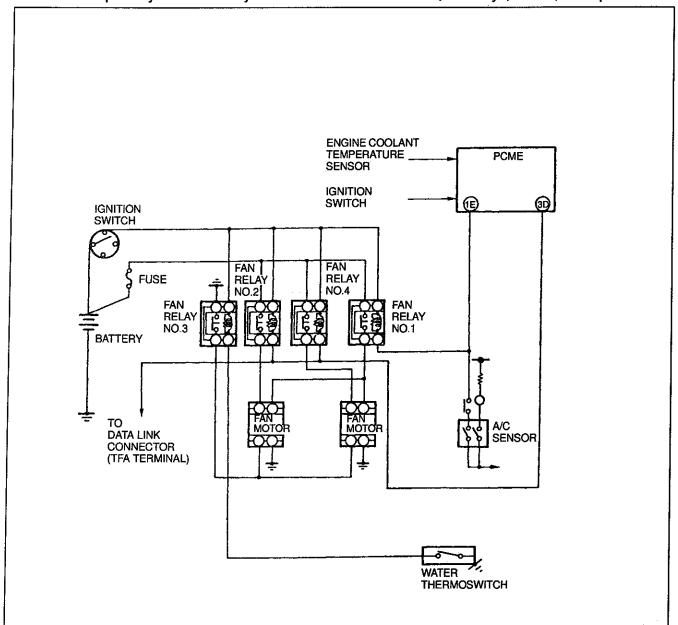


2. If the engine starts, and operational sound of primary injector is heard, inspect the throttle position sensor (Refer to page F-182) and the PCME terminal 1 C voltage. (Refer to page F-152.)

ELECTRICAL COOLANT FAN CONTROL SYSTEM

DESCRIPTION

To improve idle smoothness and engine reliability, the electrical coolant fan control system controls the electrical fan speed by PCME. This system consist of the coolant fan, fan relays, PCME, and input devices.



Operation

Engine condition (No electrical load)	A/C operation	Fan relay No.1	Fan relay No.2	Fan relay No.3	Fan relay No.4	Coolant fan operation
Coolean term proteins below 10590 (0019F)	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Coolant temperature below 105°C {221°F}	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	LOW
Coolant to an eventure 105, 10000 (001, 0000)	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	LOW
Coolant temperature 105–108°C {221–226°F}	ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON	MIDDLE
Coolant temperature above 108°C {226°F}	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	MIDDLE
(Water thermoswitch ON)	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	HIGH
Engine coolant temperature sensor malfunction		OFF	ON	OFF	ON	LOW
TFA terminal ground	<u>-</u>	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	LOW

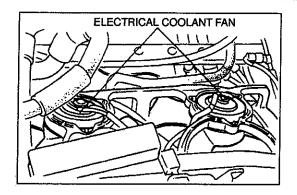
PREPARATION SST

49 F018 902

Adaptor harness

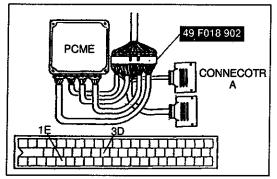


For inspection of solenoid valve



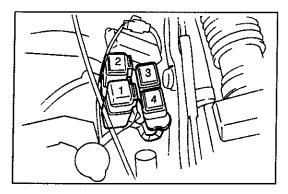
SYSTEM OPERATION

- 1. Connect the data link connector terminals TFA and GND with a jumper wire.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Verify that electrical coolant fans operate.



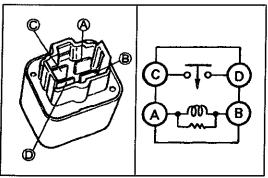
Inspection

- 1. Connect the **SST** (Engine Signal Monitor Adaptor Harness) to the PCME.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Short the PCME terminals and verify that the coolant fan operate as following condition below.



Terminal	Fan relay
3D	2,4
1E	1

4. If not as specified, check the harness and relays.



FAN RELAY

Inspection

- 1. Disconnect coolant fan relay.
- Apply battery positive voltage and ground to terminal A and B of fan relay.
- 3. Check continuity of the relay.

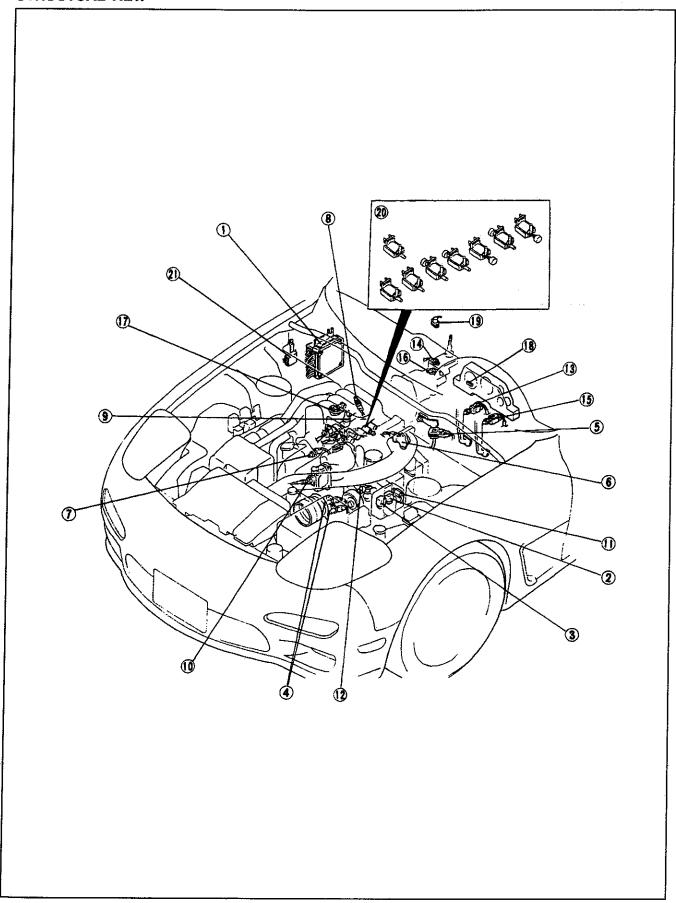
Operation	C-D terminal
B+ applied	Continuity
B+ Not applied	No continuity

CONTROL SYSTEM

PREPARATION SST.

49 9200 162 Engine Signal Monitor		For inspection of PCME terminal voltage.	49 F018 902 Adaptor harness	For inspection of PCME terminal voltage
49 F018 903 Sheet	AND NO.	For inspection of PCME terminal voltage	49 H018 9A1 Self-Diagnosis Checker	For inspection of oxygen sensor and knock sensor
49 B019 9A0 System Selector		For inspection of oxygen sensor and knock sensor.		

STRUCTUAL VIEW

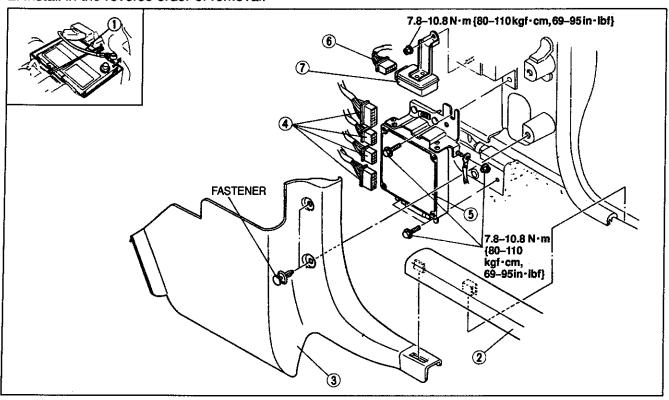


CONTROL SYSTEM

Powertrain control module (engine) (PCME) Removal / Installation page F-150 Inspection page F-150	11. Knock sensor Inspection (On vehicle) page F-171 Removal / Installation page F-171
2. Main relay Inspection page F-174	12. Steering pressure sensor Inspection (On vehicle) page F-172
3. Fuel pump relay	Removal / Installation page F-172 13. Stoplight switch
Inspection (On vehicle) page F-175 Inspection page F-175	Inspection page F-172
4. Crankshaft position sensor	Removal / Installation page F-172
Removal / Installation page F-166	14. Neutral switch (MT)
Inspection page F-166	Inspection page F-172 Removal / Installation page F-172
5. Manifold absolute pressure sensor Inspection page F-167	15. Clutch switch (MT)
6. Throttle position sensor	Inspection page F-173
Inspection page F-168	Removal / Installation page F-1/3
Adjustment page F-168	16.1-2 switch (MT) Inspection page F-173
Removal / Installation page F-168 7. Engine coolant temperature sensor	Removal / Installation page F-173
Removal / Installation page F-169	17 EGR position sensor
Inspection	Inspection page F-127
8. Intake air temperature sensor	Removal / Installation page F-127 18. Mileage switch
Removal / Installation page F-169 Inspection page F-169	Inspection page F-175
9. Fuel thermosensor	19. Heat hazard sensor
Removal / Installation page F-170	Inspection page F-175 Removal / Installation page F-175
Inspection page F-170	20. Solenoid valves
0. Oxygen sensor Inspection page F-170	Removal / Installation page F-176
Removal / Installation page F-170	Inspection page F-177

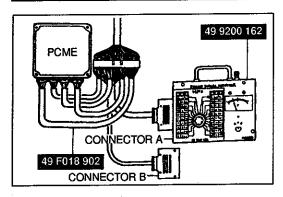
POWERTRAIN CONTROL MODULE (ENGINE) (PCME) Removal / Installation

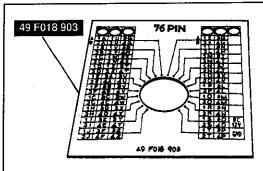
- 1. Remove in the order shown in the figure.
- 2. Install in the reverse order of removal.



- Battery cable
 Scuff plate
 Front side trim
- 4. Connectors

5. PCME Inspection
(Engine Signal Monitor) page F-151 6. Connector
7. E/L unit Inspection page F-136





Inspection Engine signal Monitor

1. Connect the SSTs to the PCME as shown.

Use connector A of the adapter to measure voltage at terminals 1A through 1V and 3A through 3P, and use connector B to measure voltage at the terminals 2A through 2L and 4A through 4Z.

- 2. Place the **SST** (Sheet: 76-pin type) on the **SST** (Engine Signal Monitor).
- 3. Measure the voltage at each terminal.
- 4. If any PCME terminal voltage is incorrect, check the input or output device and related wiring. If they are normal, replace the PCME.

Caution

Applying voltage to SST terminals A or B will damage the SST.

Terminal voltage 1. Using the engine signal monitor

Terminal	Input	Output	Connected to	Test condition		Correct voltage	Remark
1A		_	Battery	Constant		B+	For backup
1B	0		Main relay	Ignition switch	OFF	0V	
			(FUEL INJ relay)		ON	B+] -
1C	0		Ignition switch	While cranking		8+	<u></u>
			(ŠTART)	Ignition switch ON		Below 1.0V 4.5-5.5V	
1D		0	Self- Diagnosis checker		Test switch at SELF TEST Lamp illuminated for 3 sec. after ignition switch OFF → ON		With Self- Diagnosis checker and
			(monitor lamp)	Lamp not illuminated a	after 3 sec.	B+	System Selector
				Test switch at O ₂ MOI nated	NITOR Lamp illumi-	4.5-5.5V	
				Test switch at O ₂ MON minated	NITOR Lamp not illu-	B+	
1E	0		Air	Air conditioning senso	r ON	Below 3.0V	With Blower SW
			conditioning sensor	Air conditioning sensor OFF		B+	ON Ignition switch
1F		0	Self- Diagnosis checker (code number)	Diagnosis switch OFF → ON checker		Below 2.5V	With Self- Diagnosis checker and System Selector
.]		ĺ					With System Selector test
		İ		Buzzer sounded		Below 2.5V	switch at SELF TEST
				Buzzer not sounded		B+	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
1G	1	0	igniter (Trailing)	Ignition switch ON		0V	
			Front rotor	Idle Oscilloscope		0.2-0.5V (Reference) 5V/div 40 meec/div	_
				Engine speed: above 2	,500 rpm	0.5-0.8V (Reference)	Initial acceleration
1H		0	Igniter	niter Ignition switch ON		.0V	
			(Leading)	idle Oscilloscope		0.2–0.5V (Reference) 5V/div 40 msec/div	_
				Engine speed: above 2,	,500 rpm	0.8-1.2V (Reference)	Initial acceleration

F

	ROOM 10A fuse burnt Open circuit in wiring from ROOM 10A fuse to PCME terminal 1A			
	Main relay malfunction (Refer to page F-174) Open or short circuit in wiring from main relay to PCME terminal 1B			
er turns)	Open or short circuit in wiring from ignition switch to PCME terminal 1C Ignition switch malfunction (Refer to section T)			
	 Main relay (FUEL INJ relay) malfunction (Refer to page F-174) Open circuit in wiring from ignition switch to data link connector terminal +B Open or short circuit in wiring from data link connector terminal MEN to PCME terminal 1D 			
	Poor connection at PCME connector PCME malfunction			
V	PCME malfunction			
οV	Short circuit in wiring from air conditioning sensor to PCME terminal 1E Air conditioning sensor malfunction (Refer to section T)			
	Open circuit in wiring from air conditioning sensor to PCME terminal 1E Air conditioning sensor malfunction (Refer to section T)			
No display on Self- Diagnosis Checker	 Main relay (FUEL INJ relay) malfunction (Refer to page F-174) Open circuit in wiring from ignition switch to data link connector terminal + B 			
"88" displayed and buzzer sounds continuously	Open or short circuit in wiring from data link connector terminal FEN to PCME terminal 1F			
	Poor connection at PCME connector PCME malfunction			
	Refer to page F-16 (Ignition timing adjustment)			
	Refer to page F-16 (Ignition timing adjustment)			
	No display on Self- Diagnosis Checker "88" displayed and buzzer sounds			

Terminal	Input	Output	Connected to		Test condition	Correct voltage	Remark
11	0		Data link con-	System Se	elector test switch at O ₂	B+	With System Se-
			nector (TEN terminal)	MONITOR			iector Ignition switch
				System Se	elector test switch at SELF TEST	0V	ŎN
1J		0	Igniter	Ignition switch ON		0V	
			(Trailing) Rear rotor	idle		0.2-0.5V (Reference)	
					Oscilloscope	SV/div 40 msecktiv	_
			<u> </u>	Engine spe	eed: above 2500 rpm	0.5-0.8V (Reference)	Initial acceleration
1K		0	Fuel pump	Ignition swi	itch ON	Below 1.0V	
			relay (Speed)	While cran	king	Below 1.0V	1
					Solenoid valve (PRC) does not operate	B+	_
					Solenoid valve (PRC) operates	Below 1.0V	
1L		0	A/C relay	While crank	king	B+	Air conditioning sensor,
				ldle		Below 1.0V	Blower switch ON
				During acce	eleration (Running)	B+	
1M	0		Vehicle speed sensor	Ignition switch ON		0V or 4.0-5.0V	
		:		Driving		2.0-2.5V	
1N	0		Steering pres- sure sensor	P/S OFF at idle		B+	
	ļ		·	P/S ON at ic	dle	Below 1.0V	_
			Mileage switch	Over 20,000 miles (34,000 km)		Below 1.5V	Ignition switch ON after 2 seconds
	i			Under 20,000 miles {34,000 km}		В+	
10	0		Manifold abso- lute pressure	Ignition switch ON		Approx. 2.6V	
			sensor			Approx. 1.5V 3.2 6 VLTO 0 (0) 72.0 -81.3 {-610} (540) kPa (mmHg) PRESSURE	_
1P	_ †	_			_		
		<u> </u>					

Incorrect condition	Possible cause				
Always below 1.0V	Short circuit in wiring from data link connector terminal TEN to PCME terminal 11				
Always B+	Open circuit in wiring from data link connector terminal TEN to PCME terminal 1I Open circuit in wiring from data link connector terminal GND to ground				
Always 0V	Refer to page F-16 (Ignition timing adjustment)				
Always below 1.0V	Refer to Code No.51 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-60)				
Always B+	 Poor connection at PCME connector Fuel pump relay (speed) malfunction (Refer to page F-110) PCME malfunction 				
Always B+	 A/C relay malfunction (Refer to page F-142) Open circuit in wiring from ignition switch to A/C relay Open circuit in wiring from A/C relay to PCME terminal 1L 				
Always below 1.0V	 Short circuit in wiring from A/C relay to PCME terminal 1L A/C relay malfunction (Refer to page F-142) 				
Always 0V	Open or short circuit in wiring from vehicle speed sensor to PCME terminal 1M Vehicle speed sensor malfunction (Refer to section T)				
Always below 1.0V	 Steering pressure sensor malfunction (Refer to page F-172) Short circuit in wiring from steering pressure sensor to PCME terminal 1N PCME malfunction 				
Always B+	 Steering pressure sensor malfunction (Refer to page F-172) Open circuit in wiring from steering pressure sensor to PCME terminal 1N Open circuit in wiring from steering pressure sensor to ground 				
Always B+ under 20,000 miles	Mileage switch malfunction (Refer to page F-175) PCME malfunction				
Always below 1.5V over 20,000 miles	Mileage switch malfunction (Refer to page F-175) PCME malfunction				
Always below 1.5V over 20,000 miles Always 0V or 5V	Mileage switch malfunction (Refer to page F-175)				
	Mileage switch malfunction (Refer to page F-175) PCME malfunction				

Terminal	Input	Output	Connected to	Test condition	Correct voltage	Remark
1Q	0		Clutch switch (MT)	Clutch pedal: released	B+	Ignition switch ON
				Clutch pedal: depressed	Below 1.0V	
			Powertrain	ídle	B+	Reduce torque
			(Transmission) (AT)	When shifting from 1st to 2nd or from 2nd to 3rd with the throttle opening above 1.5/8	Below 1.0V	signal
		ŀ	""	Idle	8+	Slip lock up signal
				When slip lockup with the throttle opening below 0.5/8	Below 1.0V	
1R	0		Neutral switch (MT)	Neutral	Below 1 0V	Ignition switch ON
				In gear	B+	
			Powertrain control module	Por N range	Below 1.0V	Park/Neutral signal
			(Transmission) (AT)	Other	B+	• Ignition switch ON
18	0		Stoplight	Brake pedal released	Below 1.0V	Ignition switch ON
			switch	Brake pedal depressed	B+	
1T		0	Fuel pump	Ignition switch ON	B+	
			relay	idle	Below 1.0V	_
1U	0		Fuel thermosensor	Idle (after warm up)	1.5-3.0V	
1V]		_		_	****
2A						_
2B		O Data link	Data link connector	Ignition switch ON	0V	
			(IG-terminal)	Idle	0.3-0.8 (Reference)	_
				Engine speed: 3,000 rpm	1.8-2.2V (Reference)	Initial acceleration
2C		0	Powertrain control module (Transmission)	Idle	B+	Slip lock up OFF signal
			(AT)	Engine speed: hold 3,000 rpm (after 8 seconds)	Below 1 0V	Initial acceleration
2D		0	Powertrain control module (Transmission) (AT)	Ignition switch ON	2-4.5V	Barometric abso- lute pressure sig- nal
2E		0	Powertrain control module	ldle	Below 1,0V	Idle signal
			(Transmission) (AT)	Other	Approx 5V	
2F	_	[<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>
2G		0	Powertrain control module	idle	B+	Torque reduced signal
			(Transmission) (AT)	Throttle opening above 1/8 (Engine coolant temp. below 40°C {104°F})	Below 1 0V	
2H	_	_		<u>-</u>	- .	
21	0	ĺ	Heat Hazard	Ignition switch ON	Below 2.0V	
			Sensor	Idle (Temp.: Below 100°C {212°F})	B+	- 1
				Idle (Temp.: Above 100°C {212°F})	Below 1.0V	
2J		0	A/P relay	Engine speed Idle-Below 3,250 rpm	Below 1.0V	*****
				Engine speed above 3,250 rpm	B+	

F

CONTROL SYSTEM

Incorrect voltage	Possible cause
Always B+	Clutch switch malfunction (Refer to page F-173) Open circuit in wiring from clutch switch to PCME terminal 1Q
Always below 1.0V	 Clutch switch malfunction (Refer to page F-173) Short circuit in wiring from clutch switch to PCME terminal 1Q
Always B+	Open circuit in wiring from PCME terminal 1Q to PCMT terminal 2P
Always below 1.0V	Short circuit in wiring from PCME terminal 1Q to PCMT terminal 2P
Álways below 1 0V	Neutral switch malfunction (Refer to page F-172) Short circuit in wiring from neutral switch to PCME terminal 1R
Always B+	 Neutral switch malfunction (Refer to page F-172) Open circuit in wiring from neutral switch to PCME terminal 1R
Always below 1.0V	Park/neutral switch malfunction (Refer to section K) Short circuit in wiring from PCMT terminal 1C to PCME terminal 1R
Always B+	Park/neutral switch malfunction (Refer to section K) Open circuit in wiring from PCMT terminal 1C to PCME terminal 1R
Always below 1 0V (Stoplight OK)	Open circuit in wiring from stoplight switch to PCME terminal 1S
Always below 1.0V or B+	Open or short circuit in wiring from fuel pump relay to PCME terminal 1T Fuel pump relay malfunction (Refer to page F-174)
Always Approx. 0V or approx 5V	Refer to Code No.23 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-40)
-	_
_	
Always 0V	Open circuit in wiring from data link connector IG-terminal to PCME terminal 2B Crankshaft position sensor malfunction (Refer to page F166) PCME malfunction
Always B+	Open circuit in wiring from PCMT terminal 2G to PCME terminal 2C
Always below 1.0V	Short circuit in wiring from PCMT terminal 2G to PCME terminal 2C
Always 0V or 4V	Refer to Code No.14 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-34) Open or short circuit in wiring from PCMT terminal 2C to PCME terminal 2D
Always below 1.0V	Short circuit in wiring from PCMT terminal 2M to PCME terminal 2E
Always B+	Open circuit in wiring from PCMT terminal 2M to PCME terminal 2E
-	
Always below 1.0V	Short circuit in wiring from PCMT terminal 2P to PCME terminal 2G
Nways B+	Open circuit in wiring from PCMT terminal 2P to PCME terminal 2G
Always below 1.0V	 Short circuit in wiring from heat hazard sensor to PCME terminal 2I Heat hazard sensor malfunction (Refer to page F-175)
Always B+	Open circuit in wiring from heat hazard sensor to PCME terminal 2I Heat hazard sensor malfunction (Refer to page F-175)
Always below 1 0V or B+	Refer to Code No.54 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-61)

Terminal	Input	Output	Connected to]	Test condition	Correct voltage	Remark
2K	0		1-2 switch (MT)	1st and	2nd position	B+	Ignition switch ON
				Other		Below 1.0V	
			PCMT	2nd or 3	rd position	Below 1.0V	While running
		<u> </u>		Other		B+	
2L	0		1-2 switch (MT)	2nd pos	ition	Below 1.0V	Ignition switch ON
!			ļ	Other		B+	
			PCMT	3rd or O	/D position	Below 1.0V	While running
				Other		B+	
ЗА	0		Metering	Ignition s	switch ON	1.0-4.2V	Voltage increase
			oil pump position	ldle		Approx. 1.1V	when accelerating
			sensor	Accelera	tor pedal depressed	1.1-4.2V	
3B	0		E/L	Headligh	t switch position i, II,	Below 4.0V	
			unit	Blower n	notor position III, IV,		
ı				Rear def	roster switch ON		
					t switch, Blower motor, rear de- vitch are OFF	4.5-5.5V	
3C	0		Oxygen	Driving	Cold engine	Approx 0V	
			sensor		After warm up	0.0-1.0V	
					Oscilloscope	VOLTAGE (V)	_
				A 1		0.5 s/div 0.5–1.0V	
	1			Acceleration (after warm up)			
					tion (after warm up)	0.0-0.4V	
3D		0	Coolant fan relay	Idle	Electrical coolant fan does not operating	B+	***
					During electrical coolant fan operating	Below 1.0V	
				TFA term grounded	nal of data link connector is	Below 1.0V	Ignition switch ON
3E	0		Engine coolant	Engine co	olant temperature 20°C {68°F}	Approx. 2.5V	Ignition switch ON
			temperature sensor	After warm up		Below 0.5V	
3F	0		Throttle posi- tion sensor	Accelerator pedal released		0.75–1.25	Ignition switch ON
			(Narrow range)	Accelerator pedal fully depressed		4.8-5.0	After warm-up
3G	0		Throttle posi-	Accelerate	or pedal released	0.1-0.7	Ignition switch
			tion sensor (Full range)	Accelerate	or pedal fully depressed	4.2-4.6	ON • After warm-up
3H		0	Solenoid	ignition sv	vitch ON	B+	_
			valve (purge control)	Idle			
				Engine sp	eed: 1,500-3,300 rpm	4-10V	While running

Incorrect voltage	Possible cause
Always below 1.0V	 Short circuit in wiring from 1–2 switch to PCME terminal 2K 1–2 switch malfunction (Refer to page F–173)
Always B+	 Open circuit in wiring from 1–2 switch to PCME terminal 2K 1–2 switch malfunction (Refer to page F–173)
Always below 1.0V	Short circuit in wiring from PCMT terminal 1D to PCME terminal 2K
Always B+	Open circuit in wiring from PCMT terminal 1D to PCME terminal 2K
Always below 1.0V	 Short circuit in wiring from 1–2 switch to PCME terminal 2L 1–2 switch malfunction (Refer to page F–173)
Always B+	 Open circuit in wiring from 1–2 switch to PCME terminal 2L 1–2 switch malfunction (Refer to page F–173)
Always below 1.0V	Short circuit in wiring from PCMT terminal 1B to PCME terminal 2L
Always B+	Open circuit in wiring from PCMT tarminal 1B to PCME terminal 2L.
Always approx 0V or approx 5V	Refer to Code No.27 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-43)
Always below 1.0V	Short circuit in wiring from switches ~ E/L unit ~ PCME terminal 3B Switches malfunction (Refer to section T)
Aiways B+	Open circuit in wiring from switches ~ E/L unit ~ PCME terminal 3B Switches malfunction (Refer to section T)
0V after warm-up	Refer to Code No.15 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-34)
Always approx. 1V after warm-up	Refer to Code No.17 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F–36)
Always below 1.0V or Always B+	Open or short circuit in wiring from coolant fan relay to PCME terminals 3D Fan relay malfunction (Refer to page F-146) PCME malfunction
Always approx. 0V or approx. 5V	Refer to Code No.09 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-30)
Always approx. 0V	Refer to Code No.12 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F=32)
Always approx. 5V	
Always approx, 0V	Refer to Code No.18 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-38)
Always approx. 5V	-
- • •	Refer to Code No.40 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-53)

Terminal	Input	Output	Connected to		Test condition	Correct voltage	Remark
31	0		Throttle position sensor	Constant		Approx 5.0V	Ignition switch ON
3J	0	-	EGR function	EGR val	ve operates	B+	_
			sensor	EGR valve does not operate		Below 1.0V	
3K		0	Solenoid valve	Ignition s	witch ON	B+	
			(Relief2)	ldle	Before warm up approx. 40°C {104°F}	Below 1.0V	_
					After warm up	B+	
3L	0		Intake air	Ambient	air temperature 20°C (68°F)	Approx. 2.5V	Ignition switch ON
			temperature sensor	After war	т ир	Approx 0.6V	
3M	0		Knock sensor	lanition s	witch ON	Approx. 2.5V	_
O.VI			, in the second	Knocking		2.6-2.8V (Reference)	Ignition switch ON (Measure the ter- minal voltage by using the digital type voltmeter)
3N		0	Solenoid valve	lanition s	witch ON	B+	_
V II.			(Port air by- pass)	After war		Below 1.0V	While running
30		0	Solenoid valve (Double throttle	Engine c 80°C {17	oolant temperature below 6°F}	Below 1.0V	Ignition switch ON
			control)	After war	m up	B+	
3P		0	Secondary air	Idle		B+	 After warm up
			bypass valve	Engine s	peed: 3,250-3,750 rpm for 0.5 sec.	Below 1.0V	
4A			Ground (Output)	Constant		0V	
4B	. —	_	Ground (Output)	Constant		0V	_
4C	_	_	Ground (CPU)	Constant		0V	
4D		_	Ground (Input)	Constant		0V	
4E	0		Crankshaft	Ignition s	witch ON	Below 1.0V	Engine signal monitor:
			position sensor [NE + signal]	Idie	Oscilloscope	NE 20 msec/div	Red lamp flash
					Voltmeter	0.1-0.4V (Reference)	
4F		0	Solenoid valve	Idle		B+	
			(Split air by- pass)	5th position (MT) / OD (AT)		Below 1.0V	After warm upWhile running
4G	0		Crankshaft	Ignition switch ON		Below 1.0V	
		THE PRODUCTION OF THE PRODUCTI	position sensor [G signal]	Idle	Oscilloscope	NE 20 msec/div	 -
					Voltmeter	0.1-0.4V (Reference)	

Possible cause
 Short circuit in wiring from main relay to PCME terminal 3I Main relay malfunction (Refer to page F-174)
 EGR function sensor malfunction (Refer to page F-127) Open or short circuit in wiring from EGR function sensor to PCME terminal 3J
Refer to Code No.39 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-52)
Refer to Code No.11Troubeshooting (Refer to page F–31)
Refer to Code No.05 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-28)
Refer to Code No.33 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-48)
Refer to Code No.50 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F~59)
Refer to Code No.31 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-46)
Poor connection at ground terminal Open circuit in wiring from PCME
Refer to Code No.03 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-27)
Refer to Code No.30 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-45)
Refer to Code No.02 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-26)

Terminal	Input	Output	Connected to	Test condition	Correct voltage	Remark
4H	0		Crankshaft position sensor	Constant	Below 1.0V	_
41		0	Stepping	Ignition switch ON	B+	
4J			motor (Metering oil	Idie	3 terminals /	
4K			pump)		4 terminals B+	
4L		1			Other terminal 5-9V	
4M		0	Solenoid valve (Pressure	ldle	B+	
			regulator control)	idle after hot start	Below 1.0V	approx. 90 seconds
4N		0	Secondary air	Ignition switch ON/Idle	B+	
			switching valve	Engine speed: above 3,200 rpm (After warm up)	Below 1.0V	Initial acceleration
40		0	Solenoid valve	Idle	B+	
			(EGR)	5th position (MT)/OD (AT)	Below 1.0V	While running
4P		0	Solenoid valve	Before warm up approx. 40°C {104°F}	Below 1.0V	ldle
			(AWS)	After warm up	B+	Defensesselve
4Q		0	Idle air control valve (ISC)	Ignition switch ON	8.0-11.0V	Reference value Granking 99%
				ldle Oscilloscope	5.0–11.0 (Reference) 5V/div 20 msec/div	● Idle 32–65% ● Initial set 38%
4R		0	Solenoid valve	ldle	B+	
			(Turbo control)	Engine speed: above 5,500 rpm (MT)	Below 1.0V	Initial acceleration
			·	Engine speed: above 5,250 rpm (AT)		
48		0	Solenoid valve (Charge relief)	Idle	B+	Initial acceleration
			(Charge reliei)	Engine speed: 4,000–5,500 rpm (MT) for 4–8 sec. 3,500–5,000 (AT) for 4–8 sec.	Below 1.0V	initial acceleration
				Engine speed: above 5,500 rpm (MT) above 5,250 rpm (AT)		
4T		0	Solenoid valve	Idle	Below 1.0V	
			(Charge control)	Engine speed: above 5,500 rpm (MT)	B+	Initial acceleration
				Engine speed: above 5,250 rpm (AT)		Deference volue
4U		0	Solenoid valve (Wastegate	Ignition switch ON	8+	Reference value Idle 5%
			control)	Idle Oscilloscope	SVAtiv 10 mseckliv	 Solenoid valve (Turbo control) before operates 95%
				Initial acceleration	5.0-11.0 V	<u> </u>
4V		0	Solenoid valve	Ignition switch ON	B+	Reference value Idle 5%
•			(Turbo precontrol)	Idle Oscilloscope	B+ 5V/div 10 msec/div	 Solenoid valve (Turbo control) after operates 5%
				Engine speed: above 3,000 rpm	4.0-10.0V (Reference)	Initial acceleration

Incorrect voltage	Possible cause	ttery positive voltage
Always above 1.0V	Refer to Code No.02 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-26)	
Always 0V or B+	Refer to Code No.26 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-42)	
Always below 1.0V or B+	Refer to Code No.25 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F41)	
Aiways below 1.0V or B+	Refer to Code No.32 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-47)	·····
Always below 1.0V or B+	Refer to Code No.28 Troubleshooting (Refer to page P-44)	
Always below 1.0V or B+	Refer to Code No.38 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-51)	
Always below 1.0V or B+	Refer to Code No. 34 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-49)	
Always below 1.0V or B+	Refer to Code No.44 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-56)	
Always below 1.0V or B+	Refer to Code No.46 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-58)	
Aiways below 1.0V or B+	Refer to Code No.45 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-57)	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Always below 1.0V or B+	Refer to Code No.43 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-55)	
Always below 1.0V or B+	Refer to Code No.42 Troubleshooting (Refer to page F-54)	
		į

F

CONTROL SYSTEM

B+: Battery positive voltage

Terminal	Input	Output	Connected to	Test condition		Correct voltage	Remark
4W	O Injector			Ignition switch ON		B+	 Secondary injector not working
			(Front primary)	idle*			at no load condi-
4X		0	Injector (Front secondary)			ip > FP	tion * Engine Signal Monitor: Green
4Y		0	Injector (Rear primary)		Oscilloscope	SP RP	lamp flash
4Z		0	Injector (Rear secondary)			10 msec/div	

PCME Connector (PCME Side)

					
4Y 4W 4U 4S 40 40	4M 4K 41 4G 4	E 4C 4A 30 3M 3K 31	3G 3E 3C 3A 2K 21 2G	2E 2C 2A U S Q O	MKIGECA
4Z 4X 4V 4T 4R 4P	4N 4L 4J 4H 4	IF 4D 48 3P 3N 3L 3J	3H 3F 3D 3B 2L 2J 2H	1 2F 2D 28 V T R P	NLJHFDB

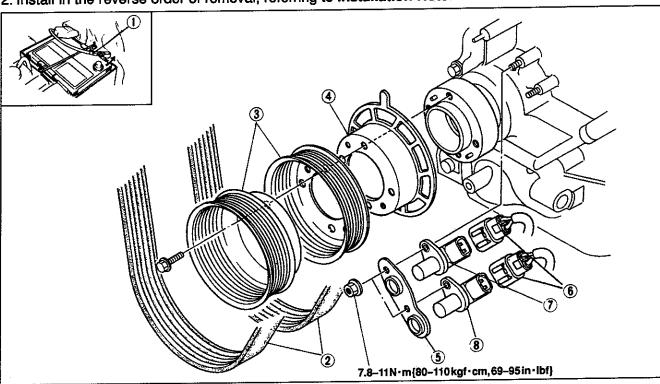
Incorrect voltage	Possible cause
Always 0V	 Open or short circuit in wiring from injector to PCME terminal 4W, 4X, 4Y, or 4Z Main relay malfunction (Refer to page F-174) Refer to Code No.71, 73 (Refer to page F-62, 63) troubleshooting

CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR

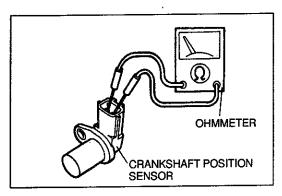
Removal / Installation

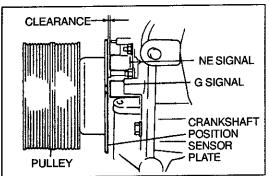
1. Remove in the order shown in the figure.

2. Install in the reverse order of removal, referring to Installation Note.



- 1. Battery cable
- 2. Drive belt
- 3. Eccentric shaft pulley
- 4. Crankshaft position sensor plate
- 5. Bracket





- 6. Connectors
- 7. Crankshaft position sensor (NE-signal)
 Inspection below
- 8. Crankshaft position sensor (G-signal)
 Inspection below

Inspection

- 1. Remove the crankshaft position sensor.
- 2. Measure the resistance of the sensor.

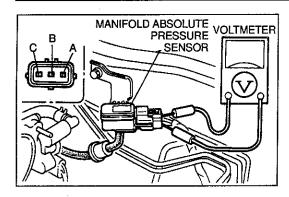
Resistance: 0.95-1.25 kΩ (20°C [68°F])

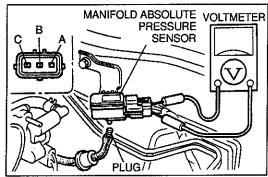
3. If not as specified, replace the crankshaft position sensor.

Installation Note

Measure the crankshaft position sensor to crankshaft position sensor plate clearance by using feeler gauge.

Clearance: 1.0-2.0 mm {0.039-0.078 in)





MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR Inspection

- 1. Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature and run it at idle.
- 2. Turn all electrical load off.
- 3. Connect a voltmeter between the manifold absolute pressure sensor terminal A and B and verify that the voltage is within specification.

Voltage: 1.3-1.6V

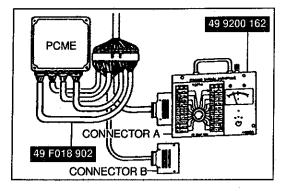
4. Disconnect vacuum tube and plug the vacuum tube and verify that the voltage is within specification.

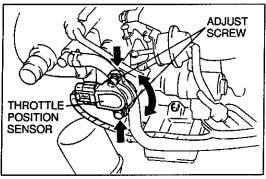
Voltage: 2.38-2.78V

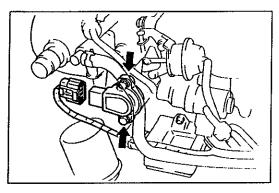
- 5. Connect a vacuum pump to the manifold absolute pressure sensor.
- Apply vacuum and measure the voltage of the manifold absolute pressure sensor.

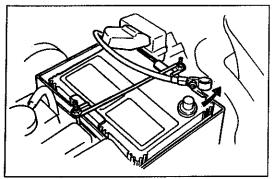
Vacuum	Voltage	
-66 kPa {-500 mn ₁ Hg-19.7 inHg} (Vacuum)	1.25-1.55V	
0 kPa {0 mmHg, 0 inHg}	2.38-2.78V	
98.7 kPa {740 mmHg, 29.1 inHg} (Pressure)	4.35-4.65V	

- 7. If not as specified, replace the manifold absolute pressure sensor.
- 8. Cancel the memory of malfunctions by disconnecting the negative battery cable for at least 20 seconds and depress brake pedal.
- 9. Reconnect the negative battery cable.









THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Inspection

- 1. Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature and run it at idle.
- 2. Verify the first idle cam separates.

3. Stop the engine.

- 4. Connect the SSTs (Engine Signal Monitor and Adaptor Harness) to PCME.
- 5. Turn the ignition switch to ON.
- 6. Rotate the throttle link by hand verify that the voltage is within specification.

Specification

	T	hrottle valve conditio	n
PCME Terminal	Closed throttle position	closed to open	Wide open throttle
3F (Narrow range)	0.75-1.25V	1.0-5.0V	4.8-5.0V
3G (Full range)	0.1-0.7V	0.4-4.3V	4.2-4.6V

7. If not as specified, adjust or replace the throttle position sensor.

Adjustment

- 1. Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature and run it idle.
- 2. Verify that the first idle cam separates.

3. Stop the engine.

4. Connect the SSTs (Engine Signal Monitor and Adaptor Harness) to PCME.

5. Turn the ignition switch to ON.

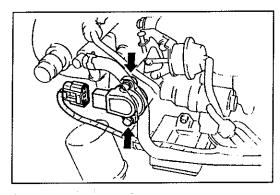
- Loosen the screws and rotate the throttle position sensor to set the correct closed position voltage. (Refer to "Specification" above)
- 7. Check the correct open position voltage and close to open voltage.

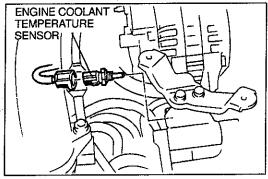
(Refer to "Specification" above)

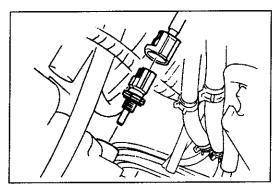
9. Tighten the screws.

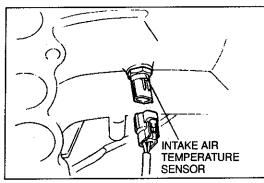
Tightening Torque 1.6-2.4 N·m {16-24 kgf·cm, 140-210 in ·ibf}

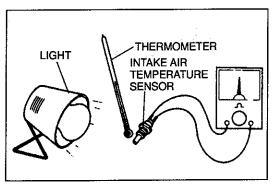
- 10. Cancel the memory of malfunctions by disconnecting the negative battery cable for at least 20 seconds and depress the brake pedal.
- 11. Reconnect the negative battery cable.











Removal / Installation

- 1. Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the throttle position sensor connector.
- 3. Remove the throttle position sensor.
- 4. Install the throttle position sensor.
- 5. Adjust the throttle position sensor. (Refer to page F-168.)

ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR Removal / Installation

Warning

- Removing the engine coolant temperature sensor while the engine hot is dangerous. Scalding coolant and steam may shoot out and cause serious injury. Turn off the engine and wait until it is cool. Even then, be very careful when removing the engine coolant temperature sensor.
- 1. Remove the extension manifold. (Refer to page F-76.)
- 2. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor connector.
- 3. Remove the engine coolant temperature sensor.
- Install a new gasket and install in the reverse order of removal.

Tightening torque: 20–24 N·m {2.0–2.5 kgf·m, 15–18 ft·lbf}

Inspection

- 1. Place the engine coolant temperature sensor in water with a thermometer and heat the water gradually.
- 2. Measure the resistance of the sensor with an ohmmeter.

Water temperature	Resistance		
20°C {68°F}	2.2–2.7 kΩ		
80°C {176°F}	0.29-0.35 kΩ		

3. Replace the sensor, if necessary.

INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR Removal / Installation

- 1. Remove the extension manifold. (Refer to page F-76.)
- 2. Remove the intake air temperature sensor from extension manifold.
- 3. Install the intake air temperature sensor.

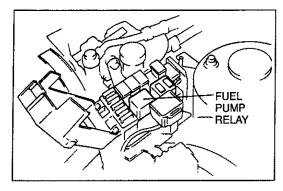
Tightening torque: 7.9–11.7 N·m {80–120 kgf·cm, 70–104 in ·lbf}

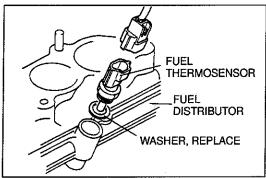
Inspection

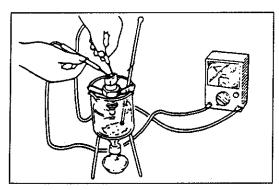
- 1. Remove the intake air temperature sensor and heat the sensor as shown in the figure.
- 2. Measure the resistance of the sensor with an ohmmeter.

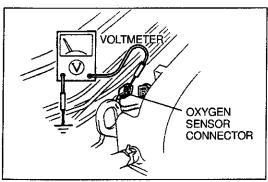
Temperature	Resistance
20°C {68°F}	2.2-2.7 kΩ
80°C {176°F}	0.29-0.35 kΩ

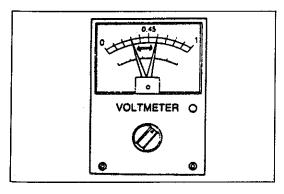
3. Replace the sensor, if necessary.











FUEL THERMOSENSOR Removal / Installation

Warning

- Fuel line spills and leaks can be dangerous. Fuel can ignite and cause serious injuries or death and can damage the vehicle. Fuel can also irritate skin and eyes. To prevent this from happening, release the fuel pressure according to "Fuel Line Safety Procedures" on page F-95.
- 1. Remove the intake air system component parts. (Refer to page F-76.)
- 2. Disconnect the fuel thermosensor connector.
- 3. Remove the fuel thermosensor.
- 4. Install in the reverse order of removal.

Tightening torque: 20-24 N·m {2.0-2.5 kgf·m, 15-18 ft·lbf}

Inspection

- 1. Place the fuel thermosensor in water with a thermometer and heat the water gradually.
- 2. Measure the resistance of the sensor with an ohmmeter.

Water temperature	Resistance
20°C {68°F}	2.2-2.7 kΩ
80°C {176°F}	0.29-0.35 kΩ

3. Replace the sensor, if necessary.

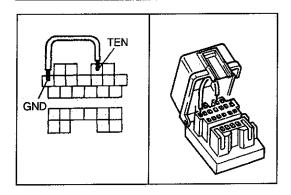
OXYGEN SENSOR

Inspection of Terminal Voltage.

- 1. Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature and run it at idle.
- 2. Disconnect the oxygen sensor connector.
- 3. Connect a high internal resistance voltmeter (more than $40 \text{ k}\Omega$) between the oxygen sensor terminal and ground.
- 4. Measure the voltage while increasing and decreasing the engine speed suddenly several times.

Specification

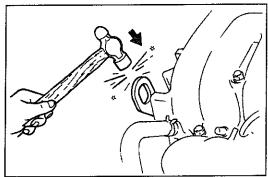
Engine condition	Voltage
While decelerating	0.0-0.4V
While accelerating	0.5-1.0V



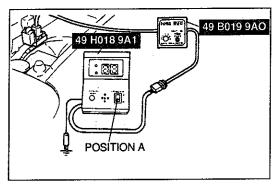


Inspection (On vehicle)

- Connect a voltmeter
 oterminal to the MEN terminal of the data link connector
- 2. Connect the data link connector terminals TEN and GND by using a jumper wire.
- 3. Turn the ignition switch to ON.

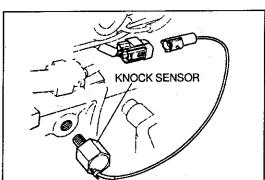


- 4. Lightly tap the engine hanger with a hammer.
- 5. Verify that the voltmeter indicator moves.
- 6. Turn the ignition switch to OFF.



Self-Diagnosis Checker

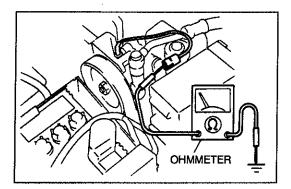
- 1. Connect the SSTs (System Selector and Self-Diagnosis Checker) to data link connector.
- 2. Set switch A to position of Self-Diagnosis Checker.
- 3. Set SYSTEM SELECT position 1 and TEST SW to SELF-TEST of System Selector.
- 4. Turn the ignition switch to ON.
- 5. Lightly tap the engine hanger with a hammer.
- 6. Verify that the monitor lamp illuminates for approx. 0.5 seconds.
- 7. Turn the ignition switch to OFF.



Removal / Installation

- 1. Disconnect knock sensor connector.
- 2. Remove the knock sensor.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal.

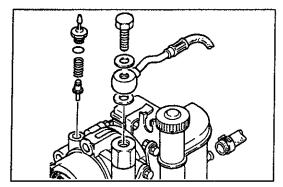
Tightning Torque: 20-34 N·m {2.0-3.5 kgf·m, 14-25 ft·lbf}



STEERING PRESSURE SENSOR Inspection (On the vehicle)

- 1. Disconnect the steering pressure sensor connector.
- 2. Start the engine, and check continuity of the switch.

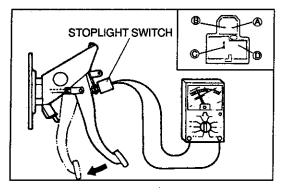
Steering wheel	Continuity
Turned	Yes
Straight ahead	No



3. Replace the steering pressure sensor if not as specified.

Removal / Installation

Refer to section N.



STOPLIGHT SWITCH

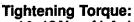
Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the stoplight switch connector.
- Connect a circuit tester between the stoplight switch terminals C and D.
- 3. Check the continuity of the switch.

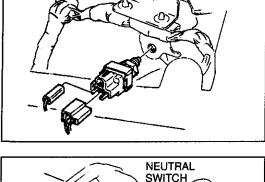
Pedal	Continuity
Depressed	Yes
Released	No

Removal / Installation

- 1. Disconnect the stoplight switch connector.
- 2. Remove the stoplight switch.
- 3. Install the stoplight switch.
- 4. Connect a circuit tester between the stoplight switch terminals C and D, and verify that the continuity when the brake pedal depressed and no continuity when the brake pedal released.
- 5. Tighten the adjust nut.



14-18 N·m {1.4-1.8 kgf·m, 10-13 ft·lbf}

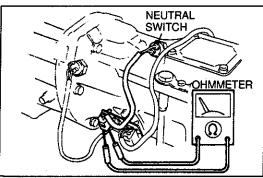


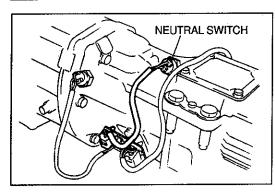
NEUTRAL SWITCH (MT)

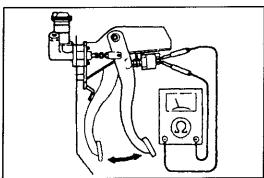
Inspection

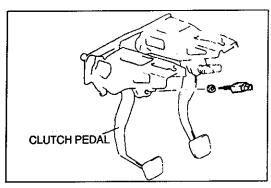
- 1. Disconnect the neutral switch connector.
- 2. Connect a circuit tester to the switch.
- 3. Check the continuity.

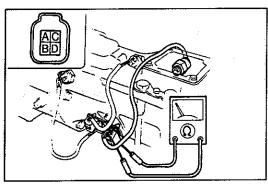
Transmission	Continuity
In neutral	Yes
In other ranges	No

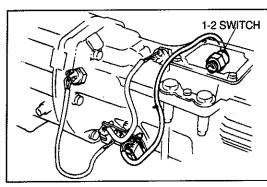












Removal / Installation

- Remove the power plant frame (Refer to section J–MT Refer to section K–AT)
- 2. Disconnect the neutral switch connector.
- 3. Remove the neutral switch.
- 4. Install in the reverse order of removal.

Tightening Torque: 25–34 N·m {2.5–3.5 kgf·m, 18–25 ft·lbf}

CLUTCH SWITCH (MT) Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the clutch switch connector.
- 2. Connect a circuit tester to the switch.
- 3. Check the continuity.

Pedal	Continuity
Depressed	Yes
Released	No

Removal / Installation

- Remove the power plant frame (Refer to section J-MT Refer to section K-AT)
- 2. Remove the clutch switch.
- 3. Install the clutch switch.
- Connect a circuit tester to the switch and verify that the continuity when the clutch pedal depressed and no continuity when the clutch pedal released.
- 5. Tighten the adjust nut.

Tightening torque: 14–18 N·m {1.4–1.8 kgf·m 10–13 ft·lbf}

1-2 SWITCH (MT)

Inspection

- 1. Disconnect 1-2 switch.
- 2. Connect a circuit tester to the switch.
- 3. Check the continuity.

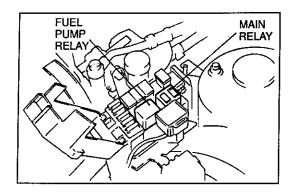
Terminal	Transmission	Continuity
	In 1st and 2nd range	No
A-B	In other range	Yes
	In 2nd	Yes
C-D	In other range	No

Removal / Installation

- 1. Remove the extension housing. (Refer to section J.)
- 2. Remove the 1-2 switch.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal.

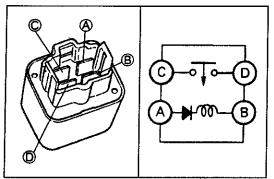
Tightening torque:

25-34 N·m {2.5-3.5 kgf·m, 18-25 ft·lbf}



MAIN RELAY (EGI RELAY) Inspection (On vehicle)

Check that a "clicking" sound is heard at the main relay when turning the ignition switch OFF and ON.

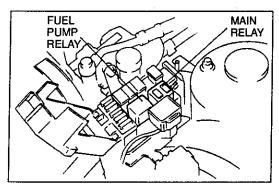


Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the main relay.
- 2. Apply battery positive voltage and ground to terminals A and B of the main relay.
- 3. Check continuity of the relay.

B+: Battery positive voltage

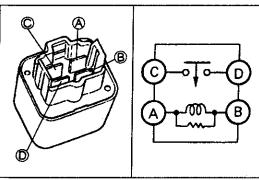
Operation	C-D terminals
B+ Applied	Continuity
B+ Not applied	No continuity



FUEL PUMP RELAY

Inspection (On vehicle)

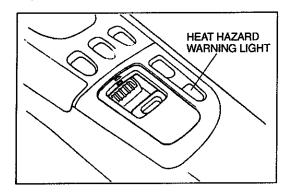
Check that a "clicking" sound is heard at the fuel pump relay, when turning the ignition switch OFF and ON.



Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the fuel pump relay.
- Apply battery positive voltage and ground to terminals A and B of the fuel pump relay.
- 3. Check continuity of the relay.

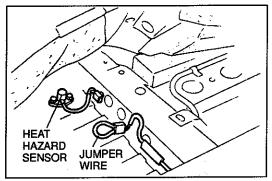
Operation	C-D terminals
B+ applied	Continuity
B+ Not applied	No continuity



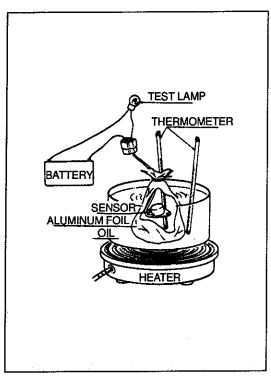
HEAT HAZARD SENSOR

Inspection (Warning system)

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to ON and verify that the heat hazard warning light illuminates.
- 2. Start the engine and verify that the warning lamp goes out.



- 3. Disconnect the heat hazard sensor connector.
- 4. Check that the heat hazard warning light illuminates on when a jumper wire is connected to the terminals of the sensor connector (harness side).



Removal

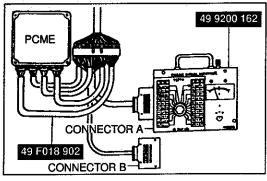
- 1. Remove the right front seat.
- 2. Lift up the floor mat.
- 3. Disconnect the heat hazard sensor connector and remove the sensor.

Installation

Install in the reverse order of removal.

Inspection

- 1. Wrap the sensor and a thermometer in aluminum foil and place them in a container of oil.
- 2. Connect a test lamp and battery positive voltage to the terminals of the sensor connector.
- 3. Gradually heat the oil.
- 4. Verify that the test lamp comes on when the temperature in the aluminum foil reaches 95–105°C {203–221°F}.
- 5. Replace the sensor if necessary.



MILEAGE SWITCH

Inspection

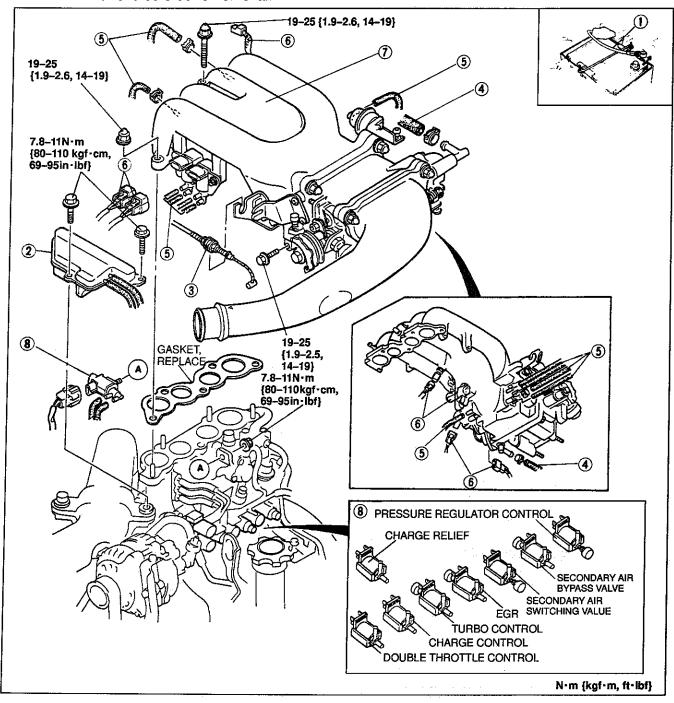
- 1. Connect the SST (Engine Signal Monitor) to the PCME.
- 2. Turn the ignition switch to ON.
- 3. Measure the voltage at PCME terminal 1N within the first two seconds after the ignition switch is turned to ON.

Under 20,000 miles	B+ .
Over 20,000 miles	Below 1.5V

SOLENOID VALVES

Removal / Installation

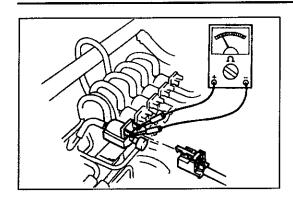
- 1. Remove in the order shown in the figure.
- 2. Install in the reverse order of removal.



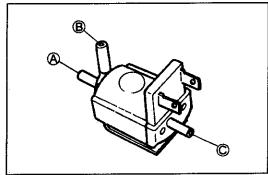
- 1. Battery cable
- 2. Pressure chamber
- 3. Accelerator cable removal / installation page F-80 Inspection / adjustment page F-80
- 4. Water hose
- 5. Vacuum hoses

- 6. Connector
- 7. Extension manifold
- 8. Solenoid valves

Inspection page F-177

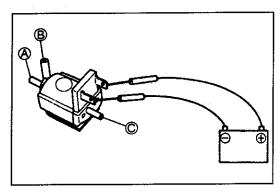


- Inspection1. Disconnect the connector.
- 2. Connect a circuit tester to the solenoid valve.
- 3. Check the continuity at the terminals.



4. Verify that air flows between each ports as below.

Port	Air flow
A-B	No
A-C	No
В-С	Yes



- 5. Connect battery positive voltage and a ground to the terminals of the solenoid valve.6. Verify that air flows between each ports as below.

	Air flow Yes No No
Port	Air flow
A-B	Yes
A-C	No
B-C	No

7. Replace the solenoid valve, if necessary.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

QUICK DIAGNOSIS CHART

This Quick Diagnosis Chart shows the relationship between troubleshooting items and inspection points.

	Possi	ble parts and reference pag			tal sys						Fu	rel	sy	ste	em				gni sys				Ti ch sy	ar		r	Ī		Inj	ect	ary lior em	1	r		Em sic	חכ	
			F-16	F-83	F-83	F-137	F-79	F-76	F-105	F-105	F-103	F-100	F-110	F-109	F-110	F-104	F-112	Secion G	Secion G	Secion G	F-16	F-93	F-93	F-93	F-93	F-93						F-121	F-123	F-128	F-131	F-131	F-127
Iter	n		Air cleaner element	Idle air control valve	Solenoid valve (AWS)	Solenoid valve (Double throttle)	Fast idle cam	intake air leakage	Injector (Primary)	Injector (Secondary)	Fuel filter	Fuel pump	Fuel pump relay (speed)	Fuel pump resistor	Fuel pump relay	Pressure regulator	Solenoid valve (PRC)	Igniter	Ignition coil	Spark plug	lanition timing	Turbo precontrol	_]	Turbo precontrol		Charge relief	Secondary air bypass valve	Secondary air switching valve	Solid Split air bypass	Port air bypass	Relief 2	Air pump	Air pump relay	Three-way catalyst	Charcoal canister	Solenoid valve (Purge control)	Solenoid valve (EGH)
1	Melts main	or other fuse		0	0	0			ା	0		0	O		0		0	0											L		Ц				ightharpoons	\Box	\Box
2	Will not crai	nk or cranks slowly		L	Ц	4	_	_	_	4	_						_			4	_	_	╝			L	L	ļ	L	Ш	Ц	_	Ц	4	4	4	_
3	Crossles	No combustion	L	Ц	Ц	_	4	_	4	_		이	_		0			의	0	의	의	_	_	_	_	L		L	L	Ш	Ц	4	Ц	4	4	4	4
4	Cranks normally but will	Partial combustion- when engine cold					1	9	9			0								0														_			
.5	not start	Partial combustion- after warm-up															0																	_(0	
7	Cranks	Any engine temp.	의	이	\sqcup	4	4	9	2	4	의	의	_	_	0	9		0		-	의	4	4	┙		L		_	Ц		Ц	4	_	4	4	4	4
8	normally but hard	When engine cold				_[잌	\perp	1	1	4	4					-			이		_	_	_					Ц			4	\dashv	4	4	4	4
9	to start	After warm-up	Ц	Ц	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	_	4	4	\rightarrow	의	_	4	4	4	4	4	4			Ц		Щ	\sqcup	4	4	4	4	약	긱	4
10		Idle at any engine temp.	$\boldsymbol{\vdash}$	의	4	4	4	4	4	4	악	익	4	_	_	9	4	0	이	익	익	4	4	4				_		_	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
11		During fast idle	Ц	의	4	4	1	4	4	4	4	4	_	_	4	4	4	_	4	4	4	4	4	4		_	4	_	Н	4	4	\dashv	4	+	_	_	4
12		Idle after warm-up	Ц	4	4	\perp	4	4	1	4	4	4	4	4	4	_	<u> </u>	4	4	4	4	4	4	4			_	_	Н	\dashv	\dashv	4	4	4	악	긕	4
13	Engine	Idle with A/C, P/S, and/or E/L ON		9	_	1	1	1	1	1	\downarrow		1																	_		_	\downarrow	\downarrow	\downarrow	_	
14	stalls	Idle when shifted from N or P to other ranges			_	_		<u> </u>		1	1							Į													_			1	1	_	
15		Driveaway	\Box	4	4	1	1	4	4	4	1	\downarrow	4	4	4	4	\downarrow	4	4	\downarrow	4	1	4	_	_	_	4	4	Ц	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
16		On acceleration	4	4	4	+	4	4	4	4	4	_	4	4	-	이	4	\downarrow	4	4	-[1	4	4		_	4	_		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
17		While cruising	1	4	4	+	+	1	4	+	4	4	4	4	익	4	4	익	익	+	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	\dashv	4	+	+	+	+	+	+	4
18		On deceleration	_	_	+	4	4	+	+	4	+	+	+	4	+	_	4	4	\perp	4	+	+	\dashv	+	4	4			\dashv	\dashv	+	+	╀	+	+	+	┨
19	-		이	_	+	+	+	4	4	4	햑	4	+	+	4	익	4	7		꺅	4	+	+	+	4	4	이	믜	4	4	4		4	+	+	4	4
20	-	During fast idle	4	익	+	10	4	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	4	-{	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	+	+	+	十		╁	\dashv
21	Engine rough	Idle after warm-up Idle with A/C, P/S, and/or E/L ON	-	1	+	\dagger	\dagger	\dagger	\dagger	+	1		\dagger	+	+	ť	일.	\dagger	\dagger	\dagger	1	+	+	\dagger	+	1	\dashv	\dashv	+	+	+	\dagger	+	+	4	†	1
23		Idle when shifted from N or P to other ranges	(1	+	\dagger	1	\dagger	t	\dagger	+	+	1	\dagger		+		+	+	1	+	+	1	1	1		1		1	+	†	†	\dagger	†	†	\dagger	1
24	ļ	On deceleration	+	\dagger	+	t	t	t	t	†	†	\dagger	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	\dagger	†	†	†	1	\forall	7	7	\dagger	\forall	†	十	†	†	+	†	†	1
25	Poor ac-	Driveaway	T	†	7	1	†	T	T	t	1	\dagger	†	†	†	†	十	T	†	T	ℸ	3	5	1	7	1	1	7	1	ol	1	†	†	T	1	†	1
26	celeration		ौ	†	1		T	T	C	1	_	7	5	†	Ť	†	卞	5	7	Ť		3		3		히	1	1	T	1	T	\overline{k}	ो	T	Ţ	Ţ	1
27	High idle spe	ed after warm-up		5	2	C			-	İ	Ţ	J	Ī	Ī	_[<	3	-	1	Ţ	Ì	1	Ţ	1	Ţ	_		Ţ	J	J	Ī	Ī	Ī	I	I	I	I]

CONTROL SYSTEM (INPUT SIGNAL) OTHERS	_/
Melts main or other fuse Will not crank or cranks slowly OO No combustion Partial combustion—when engine cold but will not start warm-up OO Any engine temp. OO Any engine temp. OO Idle at any engine temp. OO Idle with A/C, P/S, and/or E/L ON Idle at any engine temp On acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON acceleration ON deceleration ON acceleration ON	
Melts main or other fuse Will not crank or cranks slowly OO No combustion Partial combustion—when engine cold but will not star warm-up OO Any engine temp. OO Any engine temp. OO Idle at any engine temp. OO Idle with A/C, P/S, and/or E/L ON Idle with A/C, P/S, and/or E/L ON Idle with A/C, P/S, and/or E/L ON OO ON CONDUCTOR ON CONDUC	item
O O No combustion Partial combustion—when engine cold but will not star after warm-up O O Any engine temp. O O Any engine temp. O O Idle at any engine temp. O During fast idle Idle when shifted from Nor P to other ranges O D Driveaway O D Driveaway O D Driveaway O D nacceleration O Midle at any engine temp O During fast idle Idle when shifted from Nor P to other ranges O Driveaway O D nacceleration O During fast idle Idle attany engine temp O Driveaway O Dri	1
Partial combustion—when engine cold survey and the engine cold survey and t	2
Partial combustion—when engine cold but will not start warm-up Partial combustion—after warm-up Partial combustion—after warm-up OO Any engine temp. When engine cold but had but had to start warm-up OO Idle at any engine temp. During fast idle Idle with A/C, P/S, and/or E/L ON Idle with A/C, P/S, and/or e/L ON Idle when shifted from N or P to other ranges OO ON acceleration ON deceleration	3
after warm-up	ly 4
When engine cold but ha to star When engine cold but ha to star After warm-up Oo Idle at any engine temp. During fast idle Idle after warm-up Idle with A/C, P/S, and/or E/L ON Idle when shifted from N or P to other ranges On acceleration When engine cold but ha to star Oo Idle at any engine temp. During fast idle Idle with A/C, P/S, and/or E/L on On acceleration On deceleration On deceleration During fast idle Idle at any engine temp During fast idle Idle after warm-up During fast idle Idle after warm-up Engine	
When engine cold but hat to star OO OO OO OO OO OO OO	
After warm-up to star After warm-up to star After warm-up After warm-up During fast idle Idle after warm-up Idle when shifted from N or P to other ranges N or P to other ranges Diriveaway On acceleration While cruising On deceleration During fast idle Idle after warm-up During fast idle Idle after warm-up During fast idle Idle after warm-up Engine	ď ⊢°
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Idle with A/C, P/S, and/or E/L ON Idle with A/C, P/S, and/or E/L ON Idle when shifted from N or P to other ranges Stalls	11
and/or E/L ON Idle when shifted from N or P to other ranges Driveaway On acceleration Ondeceleration	12
Idle when shifted from N or P to other ranges Stalls	13
O On acceleration O While cruising On deceleration O On decelerati	14
On acceleration On deceleration On deceleration On deceleration On deceleration Ondeceleration O	15
On deceleration On deceleratio	16
O Idle at any engine temp During fast idle Idle after warm-up Idle with A/C, P/S, Engine	17
During fast idle Idle after warm-up Idle with A/C, P/S, Engine	18
Idle after warm-up idle with A/C, P/S, Engine	19
Idle with A/C, P/S, Engine	20
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	22
Idle when shifted from N or P to other ranges	23
O On deceleration	24
Poor a celevration	. —
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	Possible parts and reference pag				ce a ten				F	ıel	sy	ste	em				nii yst			C	Tu ha	ırg	er		s	lr	ıje	da cti		air		si	nis ion ster	!
		F-16	F-83	F83	F-137	F-79	F-76	105	F-103	F-100	F-110	F109	F-110	F-104	F-112	Secion G	Secion G	Secion G	F-16	F-93	F-93	F-93	F-93	F-93	F-123	F-119	6116	F-119	7-123	F-121 E 133	F-128	F-131	F-131	F-127
Iten		Air cleaner element	Idle air control valve	Solenoid valve (AWS)	Solenoid valve (Double throttle)	rast idle cam	Intended Int	Injector (Secondary)	Fuel filter	Fuel pump	Fuel pump relay (speed)	Fuel pump resistor	Fuel pump relay	Pressure regulator	Solenoid valve (PRC)	gniter	Ignition coll	Spark plug	ignition untiling	Mactorial Distriction	Solenoid Title Scoots	- 1	Clarge comp	Charge relief		Solenoid Sectionally all switching valve		Fort all Dypass	Air pump	Air pump relay	Three-way catalyst	Charcoal canister	Solenoid valve (Purge control)	Solenoid valve (EGR)
28	Idle fluctuates / idle hunts	Г		\exists	T	T	0				П		П		T	T		50				T	T	T	Т			T	T	T			П	П
29	Hesitates / Stumbles on acceleration	0	П	7		T	T	0	П					T	7	Ť	(7	c	5	C		才	1	T	T	Ť	Ť	T	1	1		П	
30	Surges while cruising		П			Ţ	0	0		0	П	٦		0	Î	T	(7	T	T		T	Ţ	T	T	T	T	Ţ	T	Τ	Γ	Г	П	П
3	Lack of power	0				Τ	Τ	0	0				7	ा	T) (5	C	Ö			7	T	Τ	Τ	T	1	Τ	Τ	0		П	
32	Poor fuel economy	0		T	T	T	0		П									T	Ī	T	T		T	T	T	T	T	Ţ	T	Τ	0			
33	A/C does not work				Τ	Τ	Γ		П		П		T	T	T	Τ	T	Τ	Τ	Τ	Τ	Τ	Τ	Т	Τ	Τ		T	Τ	Τ			П	
34	Knocking / Pinging				$oxed{\int}$		0	0							(5	Ι	C		I			I	I	Ι		Ι	Ι	T	Γ				0
35	Fuel odor			\int	Ι	Ι								\prod	I	Ι	I	I		Ι		Ι	I	I	Ι	I	I	I	I	\prod		0	ो	brack
36	Exhaust sulfur smell			$oxed{I}$	Ι	I								I	Ι	Ι				Γ			I		Ι			Ι			0			
37	High oil consumption		\int	I		Ι									\prod	I	I	I				I	Ι	Ι	I	Ι	\prod	Ι	L				$ \rfloor $	
38	Self-Diagnosis Checker flashes 88				I									I	I							Γ	Ι	I	I	I	Γ		\prod					$ \rfloor $
39	Self-Diagnosis Checker will not work			T	T	Π	Г			T		T	T	Τ	Τ	T	Τ	Γ		Γ	Γ				T			Γ	Γ				T	7

DEK ER/ TIO System	21. 2							С	ON	ITF	ROI	. s	YS.	ΓEI	VI (I	NP	υT	SI	GN	ΙΑΙ	-)							O	тн	EF	RS	Possible parts and reference page	
F-134	F-77	F-166	F-166 F-160	F-169	F-170	F-167	F-168	F-168	F-170	F-171	Secton 1	Secton D	F-172	Section of	F-172	F-175	F-173	F-152	F-134	7-1/3	F-1/2	F-1/3	Secton K	Secton K	Section A	Secton K	Secton E	Secton D	F-143	Secton C	F-150		
Dashpot	Air bypass valve	Crankshaft position sensor (NE)	Crankshaft position sensor (G)	Intake air temperature sensor	Fuel thermosensor	Manifold absolute pressure sensor	Narrow range Throttle position		Oxygen sensor	Knock sensor	Vehicle speed sensor	Metering oil pump position sensor	Air conditioning absolute pressure sensor	Water thermoswitch	Stoplight switch	Mileage switch	Heat hazard sensor	Starter signal	E/L unit	I-Z SWIICH (MI)	Neutral switch (MT)	Cidical Switch (M.I.)		Solerion valve (Still B) (A1)	Slip lock-up signal (AT)	Park / neutral signal (AT)	Electrical coolant fan	Metering oil pump	A/C relay	Compression down	PCME		ltem
П						3	0	,												1	┙			\perp	┸	L			Ш			Idle fluctuates / idle hunts	28
П	1		Т			0		0	0		П	T		T										k			L		Ц			Hesitates / Stumbles on acceleration	29
П				1					0	0													\perp	\perp	┸	L	L				Ш	Surges while cruising	30
П	1	T	Т	Τ		0		0				П		Τ																0	Ö	Lack of power	31
П				>		0								Τ	Γ							k	2		C		L			0	0	Poor fuel economy	32
П	┪	T		Τ	Г	Г					П	T	7	丌	Γ	Π	П	П	Т	Ţ	I								0			A/C does not work	33
П	1	1			Π						\sqcap	7					П	1		T	T			I	Ι						0	Knocking / Pinging	34
П	7	┪	十	Ť							\sqcap	7	T	1	Γ		П	┪	T	Т	T	Ī	I	Ι							0	Fuel odor	35
Ħ	1	7	T	T		П					Π	1						1				T		Ι	Ι	Ĺ						Exhaust sulfur smell	36
П	T	٦	c	i	П	0					ļ	ो	Т	T	Γ	Γ	П			I	I	I	I		Ι			0			0	High oil consumption	37
П		7	T	T									Τ									I		I							0	Self-Diagnosis Checker flashes 88	38
П	1		Т	Т								T	T	Γ	Γ			T	T	T	T	T	T	Τ	T						0	Self-Diagnosis Checker will not work	39

RELATIONSHIP CHART

I \	OUTPUT DEVICE			Т	Т	1	Ţ					-	-	-								_	T		T	Т	T	Т
	Con or barrot	- 1	INJECTOR					Ţ	Τ	Ţ	Τ	S	OLI	ENC	OID '	VAL	VE	Ţ	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 	NSMISSION)					
INPUT DEVICE		FUEL INJECTION AMOUNT	FUEL INJECTION TIMING	FUEL PUMP RELAY	FUEL PUMP RELAY (SPEED)	IGNITER	IDLE AIR CONTROL	ACCELEATED WARM-UP	DOUBLE THROTTLE CONTROL	PRESSURE REGULATOR CONTROL	TURBO PRECONTROL	WASTEGATE CONTROL	TURBO CONTROL	CHARGE CONTROL	CHARGE RELIEF	SECONDARY AIR BYPASS	SECONDARY AIR SWITCHING	SPLIT AIR BYPASS	PORT AIR BYPASS	RELIEF2	PURGE CONTROL	EGR	POWERTRAIN CONTROL MODULE (TRANSMISSION)	METERING OIL PUMP	A/C RELAY	AIR PUMP RELAY	TROUBLE CODE	MONITOR LAMP
CRANKSHAFT POSITION	NE SIGNAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
SENSOR	G SIGNAL		0			0																					0	
THROTTLE POSITION	NARROW RANGE	0				0	0		0	0						0	0	0	0.	0	0	0	0	0		0	Ö	
SENSOR	FULL RANGE	0	0			0	0				0	0	0	0	0							0			0	0	0	0
ENGINE COOLAN' TEMPERATURE S	EMPERATURE SENSOR NTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE					0	0	0	0		0	0				0	0	O	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	
INTAKE AIR TEMP SENSOR	ERATURE	0				0	0																				0	
FUEL THERMOSE	NSOR	0			0	0	0			0											0						0	
MANIFOLD ABSOL PRESSURE SENS	.UTE OR	0			0	0	0				0	0.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		0	0	
OXYGEN SENSOR		0														0		0	0		0						0	0
KNOCK SENSOR		Ш				0																					0	0
VEHICLE SPEED S	SENSOR	Ш					0																				0	
MOP POSITION SE	NSOR	Ш															_	[0			0	Ш
E/L UNIT				_		0	0								\perp						\perp							0
AIR CONDITIONING		0		_		<u>၂</u>	0		_																			0
STEERING PRESS		0	_				0		_		\dashv	\perp	_		_		\perp					_		_				0
IGNITION SWITCH	·	0		<u>이</u>	0			<u> </u>		<u> </u>			이		_		이								0	0		0
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NEUTRAL SWITCH	·			_	_		<u> </u>	_	\rightarrow	-	이	_	_	-	_	_	-+	_	-	0	-	이		-	-	0		0
CLUTCH SWITCH (MT)	이	_	4	4	의	의	의	4	\rightarrow	-	_	-	-	\rightarrow	익	의	이	익	익	이	의	_	4		이	_	의
1-2 SWITCH (MT)	NOOR	-		4	4	4		_	_	_	익	이	익	0	익	4	4	\dashv	4	4	_	-	\dashv	_	_	의	_	4
EGR FUNCTION SE	INSUH		4	\dashv	4	_		\dashv	4	4	\dashv	4	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	_	\dashv	_	_	\perp	\dashv	익	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	4	0	4
MILEAGE SWITCH HEAT HAZARD SEN	ISOB	\Box	4	\dashv	-+	_	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	4	4	4	+	_	이		이		익	4	_	-	4	_	_		_
201 51:015			-+	\dashv	\dashv	_	\dashv	\dashv	_	\dashv	+	+	+	\dashv	+	+	\dashv	+	\dashv	\dashv	4	\dashv	4	4	\rightarrow	의	\dashv	\dashv
VALVE -	SHIFT A	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv			\dashv	\dashv	익			-+	-+	-	<u> </u>	-	_	잌	\dashv	4	\dashv	-+	0		\dashv	의	_	4
. , ,	SHIFT B	\dashv	_	4	-	이	4	_	익		익	<u> </u>	기'	0	익	4		익	4	_	_	-	0	_		익	_	_
REDUCE TORQUE		_	4	\downarrow	_	의	4	\downarrow	4	_	4	4	_	4	\downarrow	4		4	4	_	_		이	4	4	\dashv	_	_
SLIP LOCK-UP SIGI		$\frac{1}{2}$	+	_		의	\perp	_	_	_	_	\bot	_	4	4	_	4	_	4	4	4	-	0	4	_	_	_	_
DATA LINK CONNEC	RK / NEUTRAL SIGNAL (AT) TA LINK CONNECTOR		+		-) (0	+	0 (<u> </u>	<u> </u>) (2 (0		0	익	┪	
(TEN-TERMINAL) BAROMETRIC ABS	OLUTE PR (IN PCME)	<u> </u>	+	+	- -	+	5	+	+		1				0 0	_	- (+		<u> </u>	-	0	+	\dashv	\dashv		1

Output devices and Engine condition

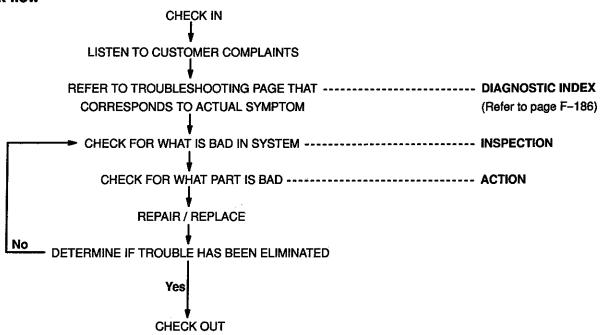
	ENGINE	CONDITION	CRAN- KING	WAR- MING	MEDIUI	M LOAD	1005		DECE-		IG: ON (EN-	
			(COLD EN-	UP (DUR- ING	COLD	WARM	ACCEL- ERA- TION	LOAD	LERA- TION	IDLE	GINE NOT RUN-	REMARK
ου	TPUT DE	VICE	GINE)	IDLE)	COLD	***					NING)	<u>-</u>
		FUEL INJECTION AMOUNT		Rich		Normal	R	ich	FUEL CUT	Rich	No Injec-	
INJ	ECTOR	Primary			Оре	erate	<u> </u>		Not operate	Oper- ate	tion	
		Secondary		Not of	perate		 -	erate	Not of	perate		
		/IP RELAY)N	N. 1	T	OFF	OFF	
	FUEL PU SPE)	MP REAY ED)		Ol (Low s			_	N speed)	. (Low speed	d)	
	IGNI	TER	Fixed at BTDC 5°		Advanced	i depends	on engine	e condition		Fixed at ATDC 5° (L) ATDC 20° (T)		
		LERATED I-UP (AWS)	C)N				OFF				
		LE AIR ROL (IAC)		N ack duty)		(ON Fixed duty	<i>(</i>)			N ack duty)	
		THROTTLE		ON (Closed)		OFF (Open)	ON (AT onry)		Of (Op		(Mary	
		URBO CONTROL	OFF (C	Closed)	Dep	ends on ei	ngine cond	lition		OFF (Closed)		
		STEGATE INTROL		OF (Clos				condition		OFF (Closed)		
s		URBO NTOROL		OF (Clos	sed)		(Op	oen)		OFF (Closed)		
L		E CONTROL		(Clos	sed)		(Op	FF pen)		ON (Closed)	<u></u>	<u> </u>
Z 0 –		GE RELIEF NTROL		OF (Op				N sed)		OFF (Closed)		
D	B	NDARY AIR YPASS		OFF (Closed)		ON (Open)			OFF (Closed)			
V A L		NDARY AIR TCHING	· .	OFF (Port)			ON (Split)	· · ·		OFF (Port)		
V E	SPLIT A	AIR BYPASS		OFF (Closed)			ON (Open)		<u> </u>	OFF (Closed)		
	PORT A	AIR BYPASS	(Clo	FF sed)	O (Op	N en)			OFF (Closed)			
	RE	LIEF 2		N en)			· .	OFF (Closed)				
	REG	SSURE ULATOR ROL (PRC)				OFF o pressure	regulator)	ŀ .		ON*	OFF	* During hot start only
		CONTROL URGE)	OFF			ON (Purge)			OFF			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	EXHAUST GAS RECIRCULATION (EGR) OFF (EGR Cut)				ON* (EGR)			OFF (EGR Cut)		* Engine speed: 1,700-3,850 rpm		
	A/C RI	ELAY	OFF (A/C cut)		OŅ		OFF (A/C cut)		0	N		·
		AN RELAY	OFF				Depends	on engine	nperature			
ME	ETERING (MC	OIL PUMP P)	OFF				ON	_			OFF	

USING THIS SECTION

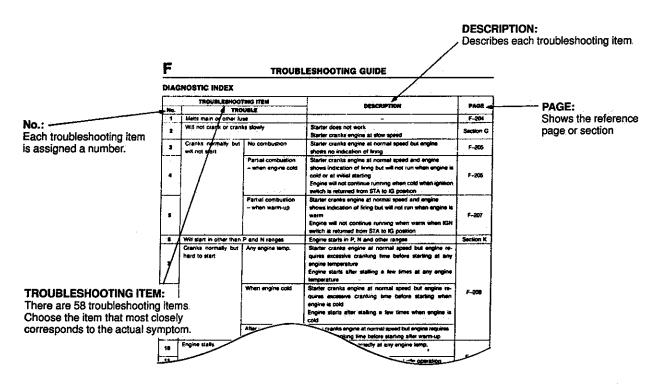
Introduction

Most of the fuel and emission control systems are electronically controlled, often making it difficult to diagnose problems, especially intermittent problems. Before undertaking actual checks, take a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with a drivability complaint. The customer is often a good source of information on such problems, especially the intermittent ones. Through a talk with the customer, you will usually find out what the symptoms are and under what conditions they occur.

Work flow



Diagnostic index



Troubleshooting chart

7, 8,			ANY ENGINE TEMPERATURE WHEN ENGINE COLD AFTER WARM-UP
DESCR TION	A B. W In assemble and disease		uries excessive cranking time before starting refer to "Engine rough" [Nos. 19, 20, 21, 22, or 23])
Dinject Fuel p Fuel p Por Por Press Ma Fast i Ma Spark	el leakage from injector(s) oump or connection of pump connector or connection of fuel pump relay connector sure regulator iffunction of pressure regulator die cam (function of fast idle cam (when engine cold)	Ø ®	Intake air system Air leakage Engine coolant temperature sensor Poor connection of engine coolant temperature sensor Malfunction of engine coolant temperature sensor Solenoid valve (Purge control) Air leakage Metering oil pump Malfunction of pump Crankshaft position sensor Ground circuit open
TEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
	Is "00" displayed on SST with ignition switch ON? ser page F-20 seronosas 21 seronosas 21 seronosas 21 seronosas 21	Yes No	"00" displayed Go to next step Trouble Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence)
2	Is air leakage felt or heard af intake air system components at idle?	Yes	Repair or replace
3			

DESCRIPTION:

Further describes the system. Confirm that the chart addresses the actual symptom before beginning troubleshooting.

TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS:

This describes the possible point of malfunction.

STEP:

This shows the order of troubleshooting. Proceed with troubleshooting as indicated.

INSPECTION:

This describes an inspection to quickly determine the malfunction of parts. If a detailed procedure is necessary to perform the INSPECTION, refer to the page specified by the "" mark.

ACTION:

This recommends the appropriate action to take as a result (Yes/No) of the INSPECTION. How to perform the actions is described on the reference page specified by the "s" mark.

DIAGNOSTIC INDEX

	TROUBLESHOO	OTING ITEM	DECORISTION	DACE
No.	TRO	OUBLE	DESCRIPTION	PAGE
1	Melts main or other fuse	9		F-190
2	Will not crank or cranks	slowly	Starter does not work Starter cranks engine at slow speed	Section G
3	Cranks normally but will not start	No combustion	Starter cranks engine at normal speed but engine shows no indication of firing	F-191
4		Partial combustion - when engine cold	Starter cranks engine at normal speed and engine shows in- dication of firing but will not run when engine is cold or at initial starting Engine will not continue running when cold when ignition switch is returned from STA to IG position	F-191
5		Partial combustion - when warm-up	Starter cranks engine at normal speed and engine shows in- dication of firing but will not run when engine is warm Engine will not continue running when warm when IGN switch is returned from STA to IG position	F-193
6	Will start in other than P	and N ranges	Engine starts in P, N and other ranges	Section K
7	Cranks normally but hard to start	Any engine tempera- ture	Starter cranks engine at normal speed but engine requires excessive cranking time before starting at any engine temperature Engine starts after stalling a few times at any engine temperature	_
8		when engine cold	Starter cranks engine at normal speed but engine requires excessive cranking time before starting when engine is cold Engine starts after stalling a few times when engine is cold	F-194
9		After warm-up	Starter cranks engine at normal speed but engine requires excessive cranking time before starting after warm-up	
10	Engine stalls	Idle at any engine temperature	Engine stops unexpectedly at any engine temperature	F 400
11		During fast idle	Engine stops unexpectedly during fast-idle operation	F-196
12		Idle after warm-up	Engine stops unexpectedly at idle after warm-up	
13		Idle with A/C, P/S, and/or E/L ON	Engine stops unexpectedly when A/C, P/S, and/or E/L is turned ON at idle	F-198
*14		Idle when shifted from N or P to other ranges	Engine stops unexpectedly when shifted from N or P to other ranges at idle	Section K
15		Driveaway	Engine stops unexpectedly upon driveaway	F-199
16		On acceleration	Engine stops unexpectedly at beginning of acceleration or during acceleration	F-201
17		While cruising	Engine stops unexpectedly while cruising	
*18	·	On deceleration	Engine stops unexpectedly at beginning of deceleration or recovery from deceleration Exhaust afterburn	F-202 Section K
19	Engine rough	Idle at any engine temperature	Engine speed fluctuates between specified idle speed and low- er speed and excessive engine shake at any engine tempera- ture Idle speed too slow and excessive engine shake at any engine temperature	F-203
20		During fast idle	Fast idle speed too slow and excessive engine shake during fast idle, but returns to normal after warm-up	••
21		ldle after warm-up	Engine speed fluctuates between specified idle speed and low- er speed and excessive engine shake at idle after warm-up	

^{*} Refer to section F before referring to section K.

	TROUBLESHO	OTING ITEM	DESCRIPTION	PAGE
No.	TR	OUBLE	DESCRIPTION	- 702
22	Engine rough	Idle with A/C, P/S, and/or E/L ON	Engine speed fluctuates between specified idle speed and lower speed and excessive engine shake at idle when A/C, P/S, and/or E/L ON	F-205
23		Idle when shifted from N or P to other range	Engine speed fluctuates between specified idle speed and low- er speed and excessive engine shake at idle when shifted from P or N to other range	. 200
24*		On deceleration	Engine shakes at beginning of deceleration, during decelera- tion, or recovery from deceleration Exhaust afterburn	F-206 Section K
25*	Poor acceleration	Driveaway	Engine speed increases normally but vehicle speed slowly increases during driveaway	F-207
26*		On acceleration	Engine speed increases normally but vehicle speed slowly increases during acceleration	Section K
27	High idle speed after w	arm-up	Idle speed continues at fast idle after warm-up Engine returns slowly to idle after accelerator is released	F-209
28	Idle fluctuates / Idle hur	nts	Engine speed hunts between specified idle speed and higher speed	F-211
29	Hesitates / Stumbles or	acceleration	Momentary pause at beginning of acceleration or during acceleration	F-212
30*	Surges while cruising		Momentary minor irregularity in engine power at steady vehicle speed	F-214 Section K
31*	Lack of power		Performance poor under load (i.e., power down when climbing hills)	F-215 Section K
32*	Poor fuel economy		Fuel economy unsatisfactory	F-215 Section K
33	A/C does not work		A/C compressor magnetic clutch does not engage when Air conditioning sensor ON	F-215
34	Knocking / Pinging		Sound produced as air/fuel mixture is ignited by some-thing other than spark plug (i.e., hot spot in combustion chamber)	F-216
35 .	Fuel odor		Gasoline fuel smell or visible leaks	F-216
36	Exhaust sulfur smell		Rotten egg (sulfur) smell from exhaust	F-216
37	High oil consumption		Oil consumption excessive	F-216
38	Self-Diagnosis Checker	flashes 88	Checker flashes 88 with test connector grounded	F-217
39	MIL never ON		Self-Diagnosis Checker indicates Trouble Code No. of input device but MIL never ON	F-217
40	Vehicle does not move	in D, S, L and/or R ranges	No creep at all Vehicle does not move when accelerator pedal is depressed after shifted to D, S, L and/or R ranges	Section K
41	Vehicle moves in N rang	je	Vehicle creeps in N ranges Vehicle moves with accelerator pedal not depressed	Section K
42	Vehicle moves in P rang	je	Véhicle rolls in P range	Section K
43	Excessive creep	*****	Vehicle moves quickly in D, S, L and R range (with accelerator pedal not depressed) Excessive N to R range and N to D range shift shock felt.	Section K

^{*} Refer to section F before referring to section K.

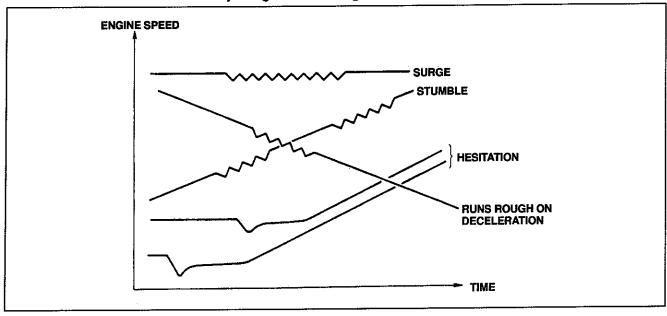
	TROUBLESHOO	TING ITEM	DESCRIPTION	PAGE
No.	TRO	UBLE	DESCRIPTION	PAGE
44	No shift		Single range shift (1st → 2nd, 2nd → 3rd or 3rd → O/D) only Sometimes shifts correctly Gear position held in hold mode	Section K
45	Abnormal shift		Shifts incorrectly (incorrect shift pattern) (ex) Vehicle shifts 1st → O/D directly when accelerating with accelerator pedal depressed slightly	Section K
46	Frequent shifting		Downshift occurs when accelerated slightly in D, S and L ranges (except hold mode)	Section K
47	Shift point high or low		Shift points do not match shift diagram Shift delayed when accelerating Shift occur too fast when accelerating and engine speed does not increase	Section K
48	No lockup		No lockup when vehicle speed reaches lockup range	Section K
49	No kickdown		Does not downshift when accelerator pedal depressed more than 7/8 within kickdown range	Section K
50	Engine speed flares up	When accelerating	Engine speed flares up on acceleration	Section K
51		When upshifting and/or downshifting	Engine flares up when accelerator pedal depressed before up- shifting Engine flares up suddenly when accelerator pedal depressed before downshifting	Section K
52	Excessive shift shock	P, N to R and/or N to D	Strong shift shock felt at id e when shifting from N to D or R range	Section K
53		When upshitting and/or downshifting	Excessive shift shock felt when accelerating at upshitting Excessive shift shock felt when accelerator pedal depressed at downshifting during cruising	Section K
54	No engine braking		Engine speed drops to idle but vehicle does not slow when accelerator pedal released during cruising at medium to high speed Engine speed drops to idle but vehicle does not slow when accelerator pedal released when in L range at low vehicle speed	Section K
55	No mode change		Mode does not change to/from normal mode in D range Hold mode not engaged or not cancelled	Section K
56	Transmission noise	All ranges	Transmission noisy in all ranges when vehicle is idling	Section K
57		D, S, L, R ranges	Abnormal noise from transmission in D, S, L, R	Section K
58	Transmission overheats		ATF smells burnt and/or is discolored	Section K

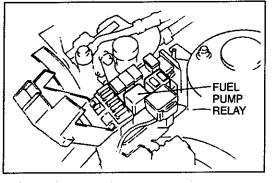
Description of Drivability Problems

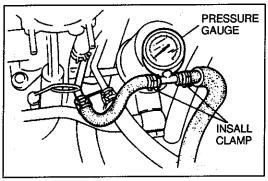
STUMBLE: Mild jerking during acceleration.

HESITATION: Flat spot occurring just after the accelerator pedal is depressed.

SURGE: Continuous soft jerking while cruising.







PRECAUTION

Fuel Pressure Release and Servicing Fuel System

a) Fuel in the fuel system remains under high pressure when the engine is not running.

Before disconnecting any fuel line, release the fuel pressure from the fuel system as described to reduce the possibility of injury or fire.

- 1. Start the engine.
- 2. Remove the fuel pump relay.
- 3. After the engine stalls, turn OFF the Ignition switch.
- 4. Install the fuel pump relay.
- b) Use a rag as protection from fuel spray when disconnecting the hoses.

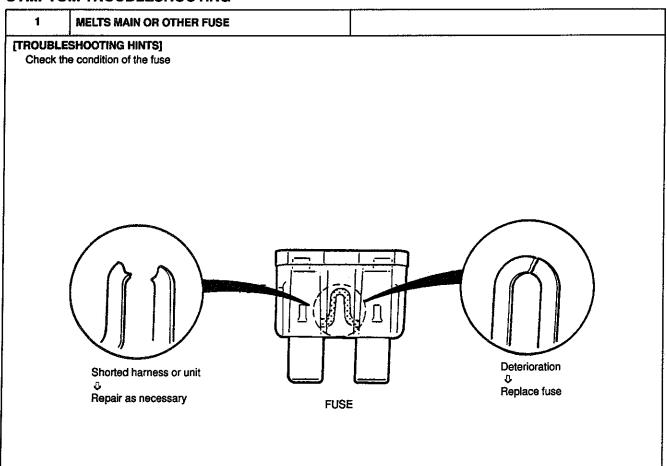
Plug the hoses after removal.

c) When inspecting the fuel system, use a suitable fuel pressure gauge.

Caution

• install hose clamps to secure the fuel pressure gauge to prevent fuel leakage.

SYMPTOM TROUBLESHOOTING



Damaged Fuse		Related Wiring Harness
MAIN (120A)	Main fuse	Alternator
BTN (60A)	BTN fuse	ROOM fuse
ROOM (10A)	ROOM fuse	PCME terminal 1A
EGI INJ (30A)	Main relay	Injectors PCME terminal 1B Oxygen sensor Solenoid valves E/L unit Air pump relay
ENGINE (15A)	ENGINE fuse	Main relay
METER (15A)	METER fuse	Data link connector terminal + B
FUEL PUMP (20A)	FUEL PUMP fuse Fuel pump relay	Fuel pump relay Fuel pump

3	CRANK NORMALLY BUT WILL NOT START	NO COMBUSTION	
DESCRIP- TION	Starter cranks engine at normal speed but engine	shows no indication of firing	
① Crankshi Poor c Main rela Poor c Maifun S Fuel pum No fue Poor c PCME Poor c Igniter Poor c Injector	onnection of connector ction of relay p	4E, 4G, 4H)	

4	CRANKS NORMALLY BUT WILL NOT START	PARTIAL COMBUSTION - WHEN ENGINE COLD	-
DESCRIP- TION	 Starter cranks engine at normal speed and engine tial starting Engine will not continue running when cold when ig Refer to "ENGINE STALLS" if this symptom initially Fuel in tank Battery in normal condition 	shows indication of firing but will not run when engine is cold at ini- gnition switch is returned from STA to IG position y appears after engine stalls	
Igniter Poor cone Ignition coll Poor cone Spark plug Dirty or w Injector (prir Poor cone	nection of connector orn spark plug(s) mary) nection of connector age from injector(s) stem	 ⑦ Engine coolant temperature sensor ● Poor connection of connector ⑧ Engine compression ⑨ PCME ● Poor connection of connector (Especially 1B, 1G, 1H, 1J, 1N, 1O, 1T, 3E, 4E, 4G, 4H) ⑩ Solenoid valve (Purge control) ● Short circuit (Solenoid valve fully opened) 	

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	Is "00" displayed on SST with ignition switch ON?	Yes	"00" displayed Go to next step
	49 H018 9A1 49 B19 9AO 35 + 15		
	POSITIONA	No	Trouble Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence)

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION	
2	Is strong blue spark visible at each disconnected high-	Yes	Go to next step	
	tension lead while cranking engine?			
	HIGH-TENSION LEAD			One Note O
		No	Check ignition system	e Section G
3	Are spark plugs OK? rar Page G	Yes	Go to next step	
		No	Clean or replace	
4	Connect jumper wire between F/P and GND terminals of data link connector; will engine start?	Yes	Check as follows: 1 T terminal voltage at PCME Continuity between 1T terminal and fuel pump relay connector terminal Condition of PCME and fuel pump relay connector female terminals	ra page F–156
	JUMPER WIRE	No	Check if fuel pump operating sound is	<u> </u>
	GND F/P DATA LINK CONNECTOR	NO	heard If yes, go to next step If no, check fuel pump and wiring harness	ra Page F–100
5	Are PCME terminal voltages OK? ■ page F-152	Yes	Go to next step	
	Terminal: 1B, 1G, 1H, 1J, 1N, 1O, 1T, 3E, 4E, 4G, 4H	No	Check for cause	☞ page F-153
6	Connect data link connector terminals F/P and GND with a jumper wire; is fuel line pressure correct with	Yes	Go to next step	
	ignition switch ON? se page F-98	No	Low pressure Check fuel line pressure while pinching fuel return hose	
	Fuel line pressure: 250–260 kPa {2.5–2.7 kgf/cm ² , 36–38 psi}		If pressure quickly increases, check pressure regulator If pressure gradually increases, check for clogging between fuel pump and pressure regulator If pressure quickly increases, check for clogging between fuel pump and pressure regulator.	∞ page F–104
	JUMPER PRESSURE GAUGE WIRE F/P DATA LINK GND CONNECTOR		If hose not clogged, check fuel pump maximum pressure	e page F-101

STEP	INSPECTION		ACT	ION
7	Are injectors OK? ■ Page F–107 ■ Fuel leakage	Yes	Go to next step	
	Primary injector(s) clogged	No	Replace injector(s)	r≆ Page F–105
8	Is engine compression OK? Section C Compression 690 kPa {7.0 kgf/cm², 100 psi} – 250 rpm Differential limit of chambers 150 kPa {1.5 kgf/cm², 21psi} – 250 rpm	Yes	Go to next step	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	.ee (a. 2 (iie agaisii , 2 ipsij - 256 ipii	No	Check for cause	s Section C
9	Try known good PCME; does condition improve?			

5	CRANKS NORMALLY BUT WILL NOT START	PARTIAL COMBUSTION - AFTER WARM UP
DESCRIP- TION	Starter cranks engine at normal speed and engine Engine will not continue running when ignition sw	ne shows indication of firing but will not run when engine is warm witch is returned from STA to IG position
The state of a single of the state of the st		Evaporative emission control Malfunction of check valve (two-way) Fuel pump Malfunction of fuel pump relay

7, 8	3, 9	CRANKS NORMALLY BUT HARD TO START	•	ANY ENGINE TEMPERATURE WHEN ENGINE COLD AFTER WARM-UP			
DESCF TION	RIP-	Starter cranks engine at normal speed but er Engine starts after stalling a few times Battery in normal condition Engine runs normally at idle (if idle condition)		quires excessive cranking time before starting refer to "Engine rough" [Nos. 19, 20, 21, 22, or 2	23])		
① Injec Fuel Po Po Pres Ma Fast Ma Spar	[TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS] ① Injector Fuel leakage from injector(s) ② Fuel pump Poor connection of pump connector Poor connection of fuel pump relay connector ③ Pressure regulator Malfunction of pressure regulator ④ Fast idle cam Malfunction of fast idle cam (when engine cold) ⑤ Spark plug Dirty or worn spark plug(s)			 ⑤ Intake air system ♠ Air leakage ⑦ Engine coolant temperature sensor ♠ Poor connection of engine coolant temperature sensor ♠ Malfunction of engine coolant temperature sensor ⑧ Solenoid valve (Purge control) ♠ Air leakage ⑨ Metering oil pump ♠ Malfunction of pump ฬ Crankshaft position sensor ♠ Ground circuit open 			
STEP	T	INSPECTION		ACTION			
1	ls "00"	displayed on SST with ignition switch ON? page F-20	Yes	"00" displayed Go to next step			
		49 H018 9A1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	No	Trouble Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence)			
2	Is air le	eakage felt or heard at intake air system com- ts at idle?	Yes	Repair or replace			
			No	Go to next step			
3	is fast	idle cam OK? ■ page F-79	Yes	Go to next step			
			No	Adjust	r page F-79		
4	with a	ect data link connector terminals F/P and GND jumper wire; is fuel line pressure correct with a switch ON?	Yes	Go to next step			
	Fuel li	respage F-98 ine pressure: 260 kPa {2.5-2.7 kgf/cm², 36-38 psi}	No	Low pressure Check fuel line pressure while pinching fuel return hose If pressure quickly increases, check pressure regulator If pressure gradually increases, check for clogging between fuel pump and pressure regulator If hose not clogged, check fuel pump maximum pressure	s≆ page F–104 s≆ page F–101		

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
5	Is fuel line pressure held after ignition switch is turned OFF? Fuel pressure: More than 150 kPa {1.5 kgf/cm², 21 psi} PRESSURE GAUGE INSALL CLAMP	Yes	Plug outlet of pressure regulator, is fuel line pressure held after ignition switch is turned OFF? If yes, replace pressure regulator If no, check fuel pump hold pressure if fuel pump OK, check injectors for fuel leakage Plug outlet of pressure regulator page F-100 page F-101 page F-106
6	Are spark plugs OK? Section G	Yes No	Go to next step Repair or replace
		140	перан оттеріасе
7	Is EGR control system OK? □ page F-126	Yes	Go to next step
		No	Check as follows: Solenoid valve (EGR) for sticking Condition of solenoid valve connector female terminal(s).
8	Try known good PCME; does condition improve? ser page F-150		

10,1	1,12	ENGINE STALLS		IDLE AT ANY ENGINE TEMP DURING FAST IDLE IDLE AFTER WARM-UP	
DESCI	RIP-	Engine stops unexpectedly at idle and/or dur	ring fast	idle operation	
 TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS] Injector Fuel leakage from injector(s) Injector(s) clogged Fuel pump Poor connection of connector Fuel pump relay Poor connection of connector Spark plug Dirty or worn spark plug(s) Manifold absolute pressure sensor Poor connection of manifold absolute pressure sensor connector 				EGR control valve EGR control valve Idle air control valve Poor connection of connector Crankshaft position sensor Poor connection of connector PCME Poor connection of connector Igniter Poor connection of connector Metering oil pump Malfunction of oil pump	
STEP	Ţ	INSPECTION		ACTION	
1	Is "00"	displayed on SST with ignition switch ON? ** page F-20 ** page F-20 ** POSITION A	Yes	"00" displayed If symptom occurs at idle at any engine temp., go to next step If symptom occurs during fast idle operation, go to next step If symptom occurs at idle after warm-up, go to Step 6 Trouble Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence)	
2	ls tast	idle cam OK? ☞ page F-79	Yes	Go to next step	
			No	Adjust	r page F−79
3		ng blue spark visible at each disconnected ension lead while cranking engine?	Yes	Go to next step	
	97	HIGH-TENSION LEAD	No	Check ignition system	s≆ Section G

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
4	Are following PCME terminal voltages OK?	Yes	Go to next step	
	1B (PCME power) 1G, 1H, 1J (Igniter) 10 (Manifold absolute pressure sensor) 1T (Fuel pump relay) 3E (Engine coolant temperature sensor) 3F (Throttle position sensor narrow range) 4E, 4G, 4H (Crankshaft position sensor) 4O (Solenoid valve (EGR))	No	Check for cause	er page F–153
5	4P (Solenoid valve (AWS)) 4Q (Idle air control valve) 4W, 4Y (Primary fuel injector) Connect data link connector terminals F/P and GND	Yes	Go to next step	
	with a jumper wire; is fuel line pressure correct with ignition switch ON?		CO to how drop	
	Fuel line pressure: 250–260 kPa (2.5–2.7 kgf/cm², 36–38 psi) PRESSURE GAUGE INSALL CLAMP	No	If pressure gradually increases, check for clogging between fuel pump and pres- sure regulator if hose not clogged, check fuel pump	r≇ page F–104 r≆ page F–101
6	Is engine compression correct? See Section C Compression 690 kPa {7.0 kgf/cm², 100 psi} – 250 rpm Differential limit of chambers	Yes	Go to next step	
	150 kPa {1.5 kgf/cm², 21 psi} – 250 rpm	No	Check for cause	
7	Are spark plugs OK? Section G	Yes	Go to next step	
8	Try known good PCME; does condition improved?	No	Check for cause	
	rown good Fowe, does condition improved? se page F-150			

13,	14	ENGINE STALLS		IDLE WITH A/C, P/S, and/or E/L ON IDLE WHEN SHIFTED FROM N OR P TO OTHER RANGES		
DESCR TION	NP-	 Engine stops unexpectedly when A/C, P/S, a Engine stops unexpectedly when shifted from Idle condition is normal when A/C, P/S, and I 	n NorP	to other ranges at idle		
① Monit • Air • He • Re	tor switch conditionaditional	w defroster switch	_	 Idle air control valve Solenoid valve stuck Air control valve Malfunction of air control valve 		
STEP	""	INSPECTION		ACTION		
1	monito	vitches correct when checked by using SST or switch function while ignition switch ON? ## page F-44	Yes	Go to next step		
	 Blower switch Headlight switch Rear window defroster switch Electric coolant fan Electrical load unit Air conditioning sensor 		No	Lamp not ON/OFF with specified switch Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence)	ra page F–45	
2	ls "00"	displayed on SST with ignition switch ON?	Yes	"00" displayed		
	49 B019 9AO			Go to next step		
) 	POSITION A	No	Trouble Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence)	r page F-22	
3		inal voltage at PCME correct at idle? ** page F-150 minal: Approx. 5-11V (at idle)	Yes	Check idle air control valve and replace it if necessary if OK, go to "ENGINE STALLS-IDLE WHEN SHIFTED FROM N or P TO OTHER RANGES" in Section K of this manual	ra page F-83	
			No	Try known good PCME and check if condition improves	☞ page F-150	

1	15		ENGINE STALLS			DRIVEAWAY		
DESC! TION	TION • Engine stops unexpectedly upon driveaway • Idle condition normal							
① Inject Further Ingential Presentation	[TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS] ① Injector				ump	© Crankshaft position sensor		
STEP			INSPECTIO	N		ACTION		
1	Is "00"	displayed	d on SST with ignition		Yes	"00" displayed Go to next step		
		49 H018 : 233 6 + 6:			No	Trouble Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence)	r page F–22	
2	Using I	Engine Si peration o	gnal Monitor, do volta change as follows upo	on driveaway?	Yes	Go to next step		
	1 4E	minal IO , 4G /, 4Y	Condit Voltage gradually ir Voltage not sudden Flashing of green a becomes quicker	ncrease ly change	No	Check as follows: Condition of female terminals in related connector Continuity between injector connector and PCME 4W or 4Y terminal		
3	with a j	umper wii	k connector terminals re; is fuel line pressu		Yes	Go to next step		
	Fuel lin	switch O ne pressu 260 kPa (rs page F-98 -38 psi} PRESSURE	No	Low pressure Check fuel line pressure while pinching fuel return hose If pressure quickly increases, check pressure regulator If pressure gradually increases, check for clogging between fuel pump and pres-	∝ page F-104	
	7-100			GAUGE INSALL CLAMP		sure regulator If hose not clogged, check fuel pump maximum pressure	☞ page F101	
4	No fuInject	ctors OK? el leakage ors not cl orm volum	e ogged	r≄ page F–106 r≄ page F–67	Yes	Go to next step		
	•		,	• •	No	Replace injector	rs page F–105	

STEP	INSPECTION	•	ACTION
5	Is engine compression OK? Section G	Yes	Go to next step
	Compression 690 kPa [7.0 kgf/cm², 100 psi] – 250 rpm		
	Differential limit of chambers 150 kPa {1.5 kgf/cm², 21 psi} 250 rpm	No	Check for cause
6	Are spark plugs OK? Section G	Yes	Go to next step
		No	Clean or replace
7	Try known good PCME; does condition improved? ■ page F-150		

16,	17	ENGINE STALLS		ON ACCELERATION / WHILE CRUISING		
DESCI TION	RIP-	 Engine stops unexpectedly at beginning of Engine stops unexpectedly while cruising 	accelera	tion or during acceleration		
① Fuel ● Po ② Pres ● Di ③ Cran	pump oor conne sure regu aphragm ikshaft po		(Manifold absolute pressure sensor Poor connection of connector Spark plug Misfire Main relay Poor connection of connector		
STEP		INSPECTION		ACTION		
1	Is "00"	displayed on SST with ignition switch ON? ** page F-20 49 H016 9A1 ** PAGE F-20		"00" displayed Go to next step		
		POSITION A	No	Trouble Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence)		
2		I terminal F/P of data link connector within switch ON; does condition improve? JUMPER WIRE F/P	Yes	Check as follows; Poor connection of fuel pump relay Poor connection of PCME 1T terminal		
		ATA LINK ONNECTOR GND	No	Go to next step		
3	Is press	sure regulator OK? ☞ page F-104	Yes	Go to next step		
***************************************			No	Replace		
4	Try kno	wn good PCME; does condition improved? se page F-150				

1	8 ENGINE STALLS		ON DECELERATION	
DESCI TION	 Engine stops unexpectedly at beginning Exhaust afterburn 	of decelera	tion or recovery from deceleration	
① Fuel Provide some provide so	por connection of connector	©	Idle air control valve Solenoid valve stuck EGR control valve Solenoid valve stuck open PCME Poor connection of connector Fuel cut control	
STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION	
1	Is "00" displayed on SST with ignition switch ON page F-2	Yes No	"00" displayed Go to next step Trouble Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence)	
2	Are following PCME terminal voltage correct? When checking voltages, tap, move, and wiggle the harness and the connector 1B (Main relay) 1G, 1H, 1J (Igniter) 1T (Fuel pump relay) 4D (Ground)	Yes	MT Check neutral switch and clutch switch AT Go to "ENGINE STALLS ON DECELERATION" in Section K of this manual Check for cause	⊷ page F–173
	4W, 4Y (Primary injector)	100	Oligon for cause	

19, 20	·, - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		NE TEMP / DURING FAST IDLE / IDLE AFTER	
DESCF TION	Engine speed fluctuates between spectrumperature idle speed too low and excessive engine speed too low and excessive engines.	ne shake at ar	d and lower speed and excessive engine shake by engine temperature during fast idle, but returns to normal after warn d and lower speed and excessive engine shake	n-up
TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS] ① Injector ② Fuel leakage from injector(s) ④ Injector(s) clogged ② Air pump ③ Malfunction of air pump ③ Fuel pump relay ④ Poor connection of connector ④ Spark plug ④ Misfire ⑤ Engine ● Compression low STEP INSPECTION 1 Is "00" displayed on SST with ignition switch ON? ■ page F-20		7 6 9 00 01	Fast idle cam Malfunction of fast idle cam Manifold absolute pressure sensor Malfunction of manifold absolute pressure selected in the process of the proof of t	ensor
	Ö ÷ B	No	Trouble Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence)	☞ page F-22
2	Are spark plugs OK?	Yes No	Go to next step Clean or replace	
3	Is strong blue spark visible at each disconnected	Yes	Go to next step	
	high-tension lead at idle?	No	Check ignition system	≈ Section G
4	Connect data link connector terminals F/P and GI with a jumper wire; is fuel line pressure correct wi ignition switch ON? PRESS GAUGE	-98 URE	 If symptom occurs at idle at any engine temperature, go to next step If symptom occurs during fast idle operation, go to Step 6 If symptom occurs at idle after warm-up, go to Step 10 	
	INS./ CLA		Low pressure Check fuel line pressure while pinching fuel return hose If pressure quickly increases, check pressure regulator If pressure gradually increases, check for clogging between fuel pump and pressure regulator If hose not clogged, check fuel pump maximum pressure	∞ page F–104 ∞ page F–101
			Code montains	<u> </u>
5	Is air pump OK? ■ page F-	Yes	Go to next step	

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION	
6	Is idle air control valve OK? □ page F-83	Yes	Go to next step	
		No	Repair or replace	
7	Is fast idle cam OK? ≈ page F-79	Yes	Go to next step	
		No	Adjust	
8	Is accelerated warm-up system OK?	Yes	Go to next step	
		No	Repair or replace	
9	9 Is engine compression correct? Section C Compression 690 kPa {7.0 kgf/cm², 100 psi} − 250 rpm Differential limit of chambers		Go to next step	
	150 kPa {1.5 kgf/cm², 21psi} – 250 rpm	No	Check for cause	☞ Section G
10	Are following PCME terminal voltages correct? • 10 (Manifold absolute pressure sensor) • 3E (Engine coolant temperature sensor) • 3L (Intake air temperature sensor) • 4I, 4J, 4K, 4L (Metering oil pump) • 4Y (Rear primary injector)		Go to next step	
	• 4W (Front primary injector)	No	Check for cause	
11	Is EGR control system OK? sr page F-126	Yes	Try known good PCME; does condition improve?	r page F–150
		No	Repair or replace	

		y the second	● IDLE WITH	A/C. P/S	S AND/OR E/L ON		
22	, 23	ENGINE ROUGH	• IDLE WHEN	SHIFT	ED FROM N OR P TO OTHER RANGES		
DESC TION	 Engine speed fluctuates between specified idle speed and lower speed and excessive engine shake at idle when A/C, P/S and/or E/L ON Engine speed fluctuates between specified idle speed and lower speed and excessive engine shake at idle when shifted from P or N to other range 						
[TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS] ① Idle speed ② Idle air control valve ③ Idle air control valve ⑤ Solenoid valve stuck ② Monitor switch function (SST) ⑥ Air conditioning sensor ⑥ Headlight switch ⑥ Rear window defroster switch ⑥ Blower switch							
STEP	T	INSPECTION			ACTION		
1	ls idle	speed correct?	⊯ page F–16	Yes	Go to next step		
_				No	Adjust	☞ page F-16	
2	ls "00"	displayed on SST with ignition	switch ON?	Yes	"00" displayed Go to next step		
		49 8019 9A0 39 H018 9A1 5 + 5		No	Trouble Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence)	☞ page F-22	
3	• 1E (lowing terminal voltage at PCMI Air conditioning sensor) Steering pressure sensor)	E correct? ☞ page F-1	Yes	Go to next step		
	• 1R (PCMT) [AT] Electrical load unit) Electrical coolant fan)		No	Check for cause		
5	Does id	up engine dle speed decrease when idle a tor disconnected?	ir control valve	Yes	If symptom occurs at idle with A/C ON, check A/C system in section U of this manual If symptom occurs at idle with E/L ON, check E/L unit If symptom occurs at idle with P/S ON, check P/S pump in section N of this manual If symptom occurs at idle when shifted from N or P to other range, go to "EN-GINE ROUGH-IDLE WHEN SHIFTED FROM N OR P TO OTHER RANGE" in Section K of this manual (AT)	∝ page F–135	
				No	Check fast idle cam	r page F-79	

2	24 ENGINE ROUGH • ON DECELERATION					
DESCI TION	RIP-	Engine shakes at beginninExhaust afterburn.	g of deceleration	, or reco	every from deceleration	
① Fuel ● Po ② Injec ● Fu ③ Dash	pump oor connector uel leakag opot	OOTING HINTS] ection of connector le from injector(s) sadjusted		(Throttle position sensor Poor connection of connector Secondary air injection Idle air control valve Solenoid valve stuck	
STEP		INSPECTION	1		ACTION	
1	Is "00"	displayed on SST with ignition		Yes	"00" displayed Go to next step	
		49 HOTE 9AT		No	Trouble Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence)	er page F−22
2			connected GH-TENSION AD	Yes	Check spark plugs If OK, go to next step If not OK, clean or replace spark plug	
				No	Check ignition system	ு Section G
3	is dashr		≖ page F–134	Yes	Go to next step	
				No	Adjust	
4	Is intake	manifold vacuum correct at id	le?	Yes	Go to next step	
	Vacuum More t	n: ihen 60.0 kPa {450 mmHg, 17	.7 inHg}	No	Check as follows: Intake air system components for proper installation Vacuum hoses for disconnection and damage Engine compression	rer Section C
5	Are injec	otors OK?	≆ page F–106	Yes	Go to next step	
				No	Replace	
ŀ	Compre	e compression OK? ssion a {7.0 kgf/cm³, 100 psi} – 250	≅ Section C	Yes	Go to next step	
	Differen	a {7.3 kg//cm², 100 psi / - 250 tial limit of chambers a {1.5 kgf/cm², 21 psi} - 250	· I	No	Check for cause	☞ Section C
7	Try know	n good PCME; does condition	improved? page F-150			

25, 26	POOR ACCELERATION	DRIVEAWAY ON ACCELERATION		
● Engine speed increases normally but v		t vehicle speed slowly increases during driveaway or acceleration		
Injector Fuel leaki Injector ni Pressure rei Pressure rei Fuel filter Filter clog Spark plug Misfire Injector ni Injector ni Spark plug Misfire Injector ni Injector ni Injector ni Injector ni Injector ni Injector ni Injector ni Injector ni Injector ni Injector ni Injector ni Injector ni Injector ni Injector ni Injector ni Injector ni Injector ni Injector ni Injector Injector ni Injector	regulator malfunction	 ® Crankshaft position sensor Poor connection of connector ® Metering oil pump Malfunction of oil pump (Fuel injection amount and ignition timing fixed) ® Solenoid valve (Turbo control, Charge control) Malfunction of solenoid valve (Fuel injection amount and ignition timing fixed) ® EGR control system FOR control valve stuck (open) © Engine coolant temperature sensor Malfunction of thermosensor ® Double throttle control system Check valve (Turbo control, Charge control, Charge relief) 		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ACTION		

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
1	Is "00" displayed on SST with ignition switch ON? □ page F-20	Yes	"00" displayed Go to next step
	99 HOTE 9AT 49 BOT9 9AO 5 + 11 POSITION A	No	Trouble Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence) page F-22
2	Is a strong blue spark visible at each disconnected high-tension lead while cranking engine?		Check spark plugs If OK, go to next step If not OK, clean or replace spark plug
	HIGH-TENSION LEAD	No	Check ignition system
3	Is intake manifold vacuum correct at idle?	Yes	Go to next step
i	Vacuum: More than 60.0 kPa {450 mmHg, 17.7 inHg}	No	Check as follows Intake air system components and installation Vacuum hoses for disconnection and damage Engine compression Section C
4	Is air leakage felt or heard at intake air system com- ponents?	Yes	Repair or replace
		No	Go to next step

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
5	Is fuel line pressure correct at idle? Fuel line pressure: 190-220 kPa {1.9-2.3 kgf/cm², 28-32 psi}	Yes	Go to next step
	PRESSURE GALGE INSALL CLAMP	No	Low pressure Check as follows: Fuel filter for clogging Operation of pressure regulator
6	Are injectors OK?	Yes	MT Go to next step AT Go to "POOR ACCELERATION - DRIVEAWAY / ON ACCELE- RATION" in section K of this manual
:		No	Replace
7	Try known good PCME; does condition improved? ■ page F-150		

27		HIGH IDLE SPEED AFTER WARM-UP					
DESC! TION	RIP-	Idle sped continues at fast idle after warm-up Engine returns slowly to idle after accelerato	r is relea	ased			
① Fast ● Ma ② Acce ● So ③ Engli	[TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS] ① Fast idle cam ② Malfunction of fast idle cam ② Accelerated warm-up system ③ Solenoid valve (AWS) open ③ Engine coolant temperature sensor ④ Malfunction of engine coolant temperature sensor		6	Idle air control valve Idle air control valve stuck (open) A/C, P/S, or E/L signal always ON Throttle valve Valve not closed throttle position Dashpot			
STEP		INSPECTION		ACTION			
1	is "00"	displayed on SST with ignition switch ON? Fr page F-20 49 H018 9A1	Yes	"00" displayed Go to next step			
		POSITION A	No	Trouble Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence) Frage F-22			
2	with a	ct data link connector terminals TEN and GND jumper wire; dle speed decrease?	Yes	Check following terminal voltage at PCME 1 E (Air conditioning sensor) 1 N (Steering pressure sensor) 3B (Electrical load unit)			
			No	Go to next step			
3	• 1E (• 10 (• 3B (• 3E (lowing terminal voltage at PCME correct? ** page F-152 Air conditioning sensor) Manifold absolute pressure sensor) Electric load unit) Engine coolant temperature sensor) Throttle position sensor-Narrow range)	Yes	Go to next step			
	● 4P (ntake air temperature sensor) Solenoid valve (AWS)) Idle air control valve)	No	Check for cause srpage F-153			
4	Is throt	tle valve closed throttle position?	Yes	Go to next step			
			No	Check following devices Accelerator cable linkage Throttle lever Accelerator pedal Fast idle cam			

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
5	Is solenoid valve (AWS) OK? ■ page F-83	Yes	Go to next step
		No	Repair
6	Is engine coolant temperature sensor OK?	Yes	Go to next step
		No	Replace
7	Try known good PCME; does condition improved?	L	

28	- IDLE HOM 19	• IDLE HUNTS						
DESCR TION	• Engine speed changes back and forth between	Engine speed changes back and forth between specified idle speed and higher speed						
 TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS PCV valve PCV valve stuck Spark plug Dirty or worn spark plug(s) Throttle position sensor Incorrect adjustment 		_	Idle air control valve Solenoid valve stuck Intake air system Air leakage					
STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION					
1	Is "00" displayed on SST with ignition switch ON?	Yes	"00" displayed Go to next step					
	49 8019 9AO 49 8019 9AO FOSITION A	No	Trouble Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence)	∞ page F–22				
2	Is a strong blue spark visible at each disconnected high-tension lead while cranking engine?	Yes	Check spark plug(s) If OK, go to next step If not OK clean or, replace spark plug(s)	. 4				
	HIGH-TENSION LEAD	No	Check as follows: Ignition coils Igniter High-tension leads PCME 1G, 1H, 1J terminal voltage	r≊ Section G				
3	Is air leakage felt or heard at intake air system com- ponents?	Yes	Repair or replace	···				
		No	Go to next step					
4	Is PCV valve stuck? se page F-124	Yes	Replace PCV valve					
		No	Go to next step					
5	Is idle air control valve OK? sar page F-83	Yes	Go to next step					
		No	Replace					
6	Is fuel line pressure correct at idle? page F-98	Yes	Go to next step					
	Fuel line pressure: 190–220 kPa {1.9–2.3 kgf/cm ² , 28–32 psi}	No	Low pressure Check as follows: Fuel filter for clogging Operation of pressure regulator					
7	Try known good PCME; does condition improved? ser page F-150							

F		TROUBLE	SHO	OTING GUIDE		
	29	HESITATES STUMBLES ON ACCELERATION				
DESC	ESCRIP- Momentary pause at beginning of acceleration or during acceleration					
TRO ① Inje ② Pre ③ Fig ③ L ④ Spa	TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS Injector			 ⑤EGR control valve ◆ EGR control valve stuck ⑦ Double throttle control ◆ Double throttle valve stuck 		
STEP		INSPECTION		ACTION		
1	Is "00"	displayed on SST with ignition switch ON? rpage F-20	Yes	"00" displayed Go to next step		
		49 H019 9A0 49 H019 9A0 6 4-1	No	Trouble Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence)	r≆ page F–22	
2	Is stror high-te	ng blue spark visible at each disconnected insion lead at idle?	Yes	Check spark plug(s) If OK, go to next step If not OK, clean or replace spark plug(s)		
	\ \frac{1}{2}	HIGH-TENSION LEAD	No	Check ignition system	☞ Section G	
3	Is fuel I	ine pressure correct at idle? see page F-104	Yes	Go to next step	·	
	Fuel lir	page F-104 ne pressure 220 kPa {1.9-2.3 kgf/cm², 28-32 psi} PRESSURE GAUGE INSALL CLAMP	No	Low pressure Check fuel line pressure while pinching fuel return hose If pressure quickly increases, check pressure regulator If pressure gradually increases, check for clogging between fuel pump and pressure regulator If hose not clogged, check fuel pump maximum pressure	☞ page F–104 ☞ page F–101	

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION	
4	Does fuel pressure increase when throttle valve opened? (engine running)	Yes	Go to next step	
		No	Check pressure regulator	r page F-104
5	Are following terminal voltage at PCME correct? *** page F-154* 10 (Manifold absolute pressure sensor) 3F (Throttle position sensor-Full range) 3G (Throttle position sensor-Narrow range) 3K (Solenoid valve (Relief 2)) 30 (Solenoid valve (Double throttle)) 3P (Secondary air bypass valve)	Yes	Go to next step	≅ page F–155
	4E (Crankshaft position sensor (NE)) 4I, 4J, 4K, 4L (Metering oil pump) 4O (Solenoid valve (EGR)) 4R (Solenoid valve (Turbo control)) 4S (Solenoid valve (Charge relief)) 4T (Solenoid valve (Charge control)) 4V (Solenoid valve (Turbo precontrol)) 4W, 4X, 4Y, 4Z (Fuel injector)	No	Check for cause	₽ page r=133
6	Are injectors OK? sr page F–106	Yes	Go to next step	
		No	Repair or replace	
7	Is EGR control system OK? s≠ page F–126			
8	Try known good PCME; does condition improved? sr page F-150			

3	30	SURGES WHILE CRUISING				
DESC TION	RIP-	Momentary minor irregularity in engine power at steady vehicle speed.				
① Injed ● Po ② Spai ● Di ③ Man	ctor oor conne rk plug irty or wor ifold abso	DOTING HINTS] ection of connector rn spark plug(s) blute pressure sensor ection of connector		Igniter Poor connection of connector Ignition coil Malfunction of ignition coil Throttle position sensor		
STEP		INSPECTION		ACTION		
1	Is "00" displayed on SST with ignition switch ON? page F-20		Yes	"00" displayed Go to next step		
		49 H018 9A1 49 B019 9A0 49 H018 9A1 49 B019 9A0	No	Trouble Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence)		
2	Is strong blue spark visible at each disconnected high-tension lead while cranking engine? HIGH-TENSION LEAD	Yes	Check spark plug(s) for damage If OK, go to next step if not OK, replace spark plug(s)			
		No	Check ignition system			
3	following Inject Ignite	Does idle become rough when shaking connector of following devices? Injector Igniter		Check condition of connector		
	IgnitioCrank	n coil shaft position sensor	No	Go to next step		
4	Are following terminal voltage at PCME correct? Page F-158 1G, 1H, 1J (Igniter) 3G (Throttle position sensor-Full range) 4O (Solenoid valve (EGR)) 4R (Solenoid valve (Turbo control)) 4S (Solenoid valve (Charge relief)) 4V (Solenoid valve (Turbo precontrol)) 4W, 4X, 4Y, 4Z (Injector)	Yes	Go to next step			
		No	Check for cause ser page F-159			
5	Try know	n good PCME; does condition improved? ☞ page F-150				

31	LACK OF POWER		
DESCRIP- TION	Performance poor under load (i.e., power down when climbing hills)		
Manifold about Malfunction Malfunction Secondary in Poor control Nozzle clots Air leakage Turbo boot Spark plug Dirty or w Throttle pos Malfunction Fuel filter Filter clog Pressure reg	néction of connector ogged ost leakage orn spark plug(s) ition sensor (Full range) on of throttle position sensor	B Double throttle control system Double throttle valve not open Sequential twin turbo control system Secondary port not open Malfunction of check valve(s) EGR control system EGR control valve stuck (open) Air cleaner housing Clogged element Three-way catalyst Clogged three-way catalyst Fuel Low octane fuel used Metering oil pump Poor connection of connector	

32	POOR FUEL ECONOMY
DESCRIP- TION	Fuel economy unsatisfactory
TROUBLESH	HOOTING HINTS]
 Engine com 	
Compress	sion low
@ Spark plug(s	s)
	orn spark plug(s)
③ Ignition coil	
 Malfunction 	on of ignition coil
Pressure reg	
	on of pressure regulator
⑤ Intake air lea	akage
 Air hose of 	damaged or disconnected

33	A/C DOES NOT WORK	
DESCRIP- TION	A/C compressor magnetic clutch does not engage when Air conditioning sensor ON	
•	OOTING HINTS]	
① A/C relay		
	Poor connection of connector Relay malfunction	
② Air conditioning sensor		
Does not send signal to PCME terminal 1E		
Does not PCME.	send signal to PCME terminal 1E	r page F-152

34	• KNOCKING • PINGING
DESCRIP- TION	 Sound produced when air/fuel mixture is ignited by something other than spark plug (i.e., hot spot in combustion chamber)
Knock senso	OOTING HINTS] or nort in harness (Code No.05 output) see page F-171

35	FUEL ODOR	
DESCRIP- TION	Gasoline smell or visible leaks	
① Solenoid valv ● Open harn ② Charcoal car	DOTING HINTS] re (purge control) ess (Code No.26 output) ister Il of fuel and leaking	≋ page F–131

36	EXHAUST SULFUR SMELL
DESCRIP- TION	Rotten egg smell (sulfur) from exhaust
	OOTING HINTS] ontent fuel used

37	HIGH OIL CONSUMPTION	•••
DESCRIP- TION	Oil consumption excessive	
TION [TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS] ① Metering oil pump ● Malfunction of metering oil pump ● Open or short in wiring harness ② PCV valve		≅ Section D s page F-124

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

38	SELF-DIAGNOSIS CHECKER FLASHES 88	
DESCRIP- TION	Checker flashes 88 with test connector (TEN) grounded	
TROUBLESH Short circuit PCME malfu	OOTING HINTS] in wiring between data link connector terminal FEN and PCME terminal 1F unction	

39	MIL NEVER ON	
DESCRIP- TION	· •	
	HOOTING HINTS]	
① Bulb burnt	ad unit 1K terminal circuit open	r page F-135

SERVICE POINTS

OUTLINE

[Power and Ground]

Main relay (Battery power)

• If the circuit is shorted, the EGI INJ fuse (30A) will burn out.

PCME ground (Injector)

An open circuit will not produce any symptom.

• If the PCME ground (Output devices) circuit also has an open, the engine will not start.

PCME ground (Output devices)

An open circuit will not produce any symptom.

• If PCME ground (Injector) circuit also has an open, the engine will not start.

PCME ground (System)

An open circuit will not produce any symptom.

PCME ground (Analogue)

 If the circuit has an open, engine hard starting and rough idle will be caused and Trouble Code Nos. 09,11,12,13, 20 and 23 will be output.

Room fuse (PCME memory power)

- If the circuit is open, the PCME memory function will not operate, and trouble codes for intermittent malfunctions will not be indicated. Also, the learning control will be canceled, but will not produce any particular symptom.
- If the circuit is shorted, the ROOM fuse (15A) will burn out.

[Input Device]

1-2 switch (MT)

If the circuit has an open or short, no symptom will be noticed.

Air conditioning sensor

- The switch monitor function can confirm the presence of an open or short circuit.
- If the circuit is open, the air conditioner (the magnetic clutch) will not operate.
- If the circuit is shorted, the air conditioner will constantly operate when the blower is ON.

Barometric absolute pressure sensor

- The sensor is contained in the PCME.
- If the sensor has an open or short circuit, Trouble Code No. 14 is output, and the PCME will use a preprogrammed pressure of sea level.
- A malfunction in the sensor causes engine roughness at high elevation.

Clutch switch (MT)

Refer to "Neutral / clutch switches" on page F-173.

Crankshaft position sensor (NE, G signal)

- If the NE signal circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 02 is output.
- If the G signal circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 03 is output.
- If the NE or G signal circuit has an open or short, the engine will not start (No fuel injection and no ignition).

E/L unit

- If the circuit has an open, the switch monitor function can confirm that the blower fan, headlight, rear window defroster, signals are not input to the PCME.
- If the circuit is short, the Idle speed will be increased slightly.

EGR function sensor

• If the EGR function sensor or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 16 is output.

Engine coolant temperature sensor

• If the thermosensor or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 09 is output, and PCME uses a preprogrammed temperature value of 82°C {180°F}.

• A malfunction in the engine coolant temperature sensor or its circuit will cause hard starting or engine

stall when engine is cold.

• In the above condition, the electric coolant fan will constantly operate when the ignition switch is ON.

Fuel thermosensor

• If the thermosensor circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 23 is output.

• In the above conditions, the PCME will use a preprogrammed temperature value of 50°C {122°F} and no symptom will be noticed.

Heat hazard sensor

• If the circuit has open, no sympotm will be noticed.

• If the sensor or circuit has a short, the heat hazard warning light will illuminate and the air pump will not operate, causing rough idle.

Intake air temperature sensor

- If the thermosensor or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 11 is output.
- In the above conditions, no symptom will be noticed.

Knock sensor

- If the knock sensor or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 05 is output.
- In the above conditions, ignition timing is retarded.

Manifold absolute pressure sensor

• If the sensor or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 13 is output.

• In the above condition, the PCME uses a preprogrammed fuel injection amount, causing rough idle and poor acceleration with afterburn.

Metering oil pump position sensor

If the sensor or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code 20 is output.

In the above conditions, the fuel injection amount is fixed, causing poor acceleration and hesitation.

Mileage switch / Steering pressure sensor

- If the sensor circuit has an open circuit, no particular symptom will be noticed.
- If the sensor circuit has a short circuit, idle speed will be increased.

Neutral switches (MT)

- The switch monitor function of the Self-Diagnosis Checker can confirm the presence of an open or short circuit.
- If the circuit is open, the idle speed drops when the A/C, P/S, or electrical load is ON.

Oxvaen sensor

- If the sensor output voltage continues below 0.55V for 100 sec. after the engine exceeds 1,500 rpm because of an open or short circuit, Trouble Code No. 15 is output.
- If the sensor output voltage continues unchanged 50 Sec, after the engine exceeds 1,500 rpm, Trouble Code No. 17 is output.
- In the above conditions, no fuel injection closed loop control will be present and no symptom will be noticed.

Park / Neutral signal (AT; Refer to section K)

• If the circuit is open or shorted, the idle speed will be slightly low in R, D, S, and L ranges.

Reduce torque signal (AT; Refer to section K)

• If a malfunction occurs in the reduce torque signal, the torque reduction control system is inhibited and line pressure will be high at shifting. Shift shock may be slightly increased.

Slip lock-up signal (AT; Refer to section K)

 If a malfunction occurs in the slip lock-up signal, line pressure will be high at shifting and shift shock may be slightly increased.

Solenoid valve (Shift A) (AT)

Refer to section K.

Solenoid valve (Shift B) (AT)

Refer to section K.

Start signal

A lack of engine cranking signal will cause hard starting when engine is cold.

Steering pressure sensor

• Refer to "Mileage switch".

Stoplight switch

- The switch monitor function can confirm the presence of an open or short circuit.
- An open or short circuit will produce no symptom.
- A short circuit will cause the STOP fuse (20A) burn out.

TEN terminal (Data link connector)

- If the circuit is open, the Self-Diagnosis Checker can not perform trouble code checks.
- If the circuit is shorted, the opening amount of the idle air control valve will not change, causing hard starting and rough idle. The Self-Diagnosis Checker cannot perform sensor monitoring checks.

Throttle position sensor (Narrow range)

- If the sensor or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 18 is output.
- In the above condition, rough idle, and engine stall on deceleration will be caused.

Throttle position sensor (Full range)

- If the sensor or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 12 is output.
- In the above condition, poor acceleration will be caused.

Vehicle speed sensor

- If the vehicle speed signal circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 06 is output.
- If the circuit has open or short, hold mode will not operate.

[Output Device]

A/C relay

• If the circuit is open, the air conditioner (Magnetic clutch) will not operate.

• If the circuit is shorted, the air conditioner will constantly operate when blower is ON, causing rough idle.

Air pump relay

• If the relay or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 54 is output.

If the circuit is short, air pump will always operate, causing three-way catalyst melted.

• If the circuit is open, the air pump will never operate, causing rough idle.

Fan relay

• If the, circuit is shorted, the coolant fan will always operate while the ignition switch ON.

• If the circuit is open, the coolant fan will not operate until the engine temperature exceeds 108°C {226°F}.

FEN terminal (Data link connector)

- If the circuit between the data link connector and E/L unit is open, the Self-Diagnosis Checker buzzer will not sound during the trouble code check.
- If the circuit between PCME 1F terminal and E/L unit is open, the Self-Diagnosis Checker buzzer will
 constantly sound during the trouble code check.
- If the circuit is shorted, code "88" will keep flashing and the buzzer will continue sounding (Self-Diagnosis Checker), preventing a trouble code check.

Fuel injector

- If a secondary injector or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 71 (Front) or 73 (Rear) is output, causing poor acceleration and lack of engine power.
- If a primary injector or circuit has an open, engine will stall and will not start.

Fuel pump relay

If the circuit is open, the engine will not start.

• If the circuit is shorted, the fuel pump will operate whenever the ignition switch is ON.

Fuel pump relay (speed)

- If the relay or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 51 is output.
- If the circuit is open, engine will hesitate or engine power will lack.

Idle air control valve

• If the solenoid valve or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 34 is output.

- If the circuit is open, the valve will always closed throttle position, causing rough idle and hard starting.
- If the circuit is shorted, the valve will always wide open throttle, causing high idle speed. (After warm-up, engine hunts at approx. 1500 rpm.)

Igniter

- If a trailing igniter or circuit has an open or short, idle speed will be slightly decreased and poor acceleration will be cased
- If the leading igniter or circuit has an open or short, hard starting and rough idle will be caused.

MEN Terminal (Data Link Connector)

- If the circuit is open, the monitor lamp will not illuminate.
- If the circuit is shorted, the monitor lamp will stay on.

Metering oil pump

- If the pump or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 26 and 27 are output.
- In the above conditions, PCME fixes ignition timing and fuel injection amount, causing engine poor acceleration.

PCMT (AT)

Refer to section K.

Secondary air bypass valve

- If the solenoid valve or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 31 is output.
- If the circuit is open, no symptom will be noticed.
- If the circuit is shorted, solenoid / valve will be always open and CO and HC will be increased.

Secondary air switching valve

- If the solenoid valve or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 32 is output.
- If the circuit is open, no symptom will be noticed.
- If the circuit is shorted, rough idle will result.

Solenoid valve (Accelerated warm-up system)

- If the solenoid valve or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 38 is output.
- If the circuit is open, the fast idle speed just after engine starting will not exceed 2,000 rpm.
- If the circuit is shorted, the idle speed will be increased and then hunted at the specified speed (approx. 1500 rpm after warm-up).

Solenoid valve (Charge control)

- If the solenoid valve or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 45 is output.
- In the above conditions, the PCME fixes the ignition timing and fuel injection amount, causing poor acceleration and lack of power.

Solenoid valve (Charge relief)

- If the solenoid valve or circuit has an open or short. Trouble Code No. 46 is output.
- If the circuit is open, the charge relief valve will always open, causing poor acceleration.
- If the circuit is shorted, the charge relief valve will always closed, causing momentarily intake air noise on acceleration.

Solenoid valve (Double throttle control)

- If the solenoid valve or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 50 is output.
- If the circuit is open, the double throttle valve will always closed, causing poor acceleration and lack of power.
- If the circuit is shorted, the double throttle valve will always open, causing hesitation when the engine is cold.

Solenoid valve (EGR)

- If the solenoid valve or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 28 is output.
- If the circuit is open, no symptom will be noticed.
- If the circuit is shorted, the EGR valve will always open, causing engine stalling and hard starting.

Solenoid valve (Port air bypass)

- If the solenoid valve or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 33 is output.
- In the above conditions, no symptom will be noticed.

Solenoid valve (Pressure regulator control)

- If the solenoid valve or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 25 is output.
- If the circuit is open, hard starting may result when the engine is hot.
- If the circuit is shorted, fuel pressure will always be approx. 280 kPa {2.9 kgf/cm², 41 psi} and no symptom will be noticed.

Solenoid valve (Purge control)

- If the solenoid valve or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 40 is output.
- If the circuit is open, no symptom will be noticed.
- If the circuit is shorted, the engine stalls at low speed.

Solenoid valve (Relief 2)

- If the solenoid valve or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 39 is output.
- If the circuit is open, no symptom will be noticed.
- If the circuit is shorted, secondary air noise will be heard while the air pump operates.

Solenoid valve (Split air bypass)

- If the solenoid valve or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 30 is output.
- In the above conditions, no symptom will be produced.

Solenoid valve (Turbo control 1, Turbo control 2)

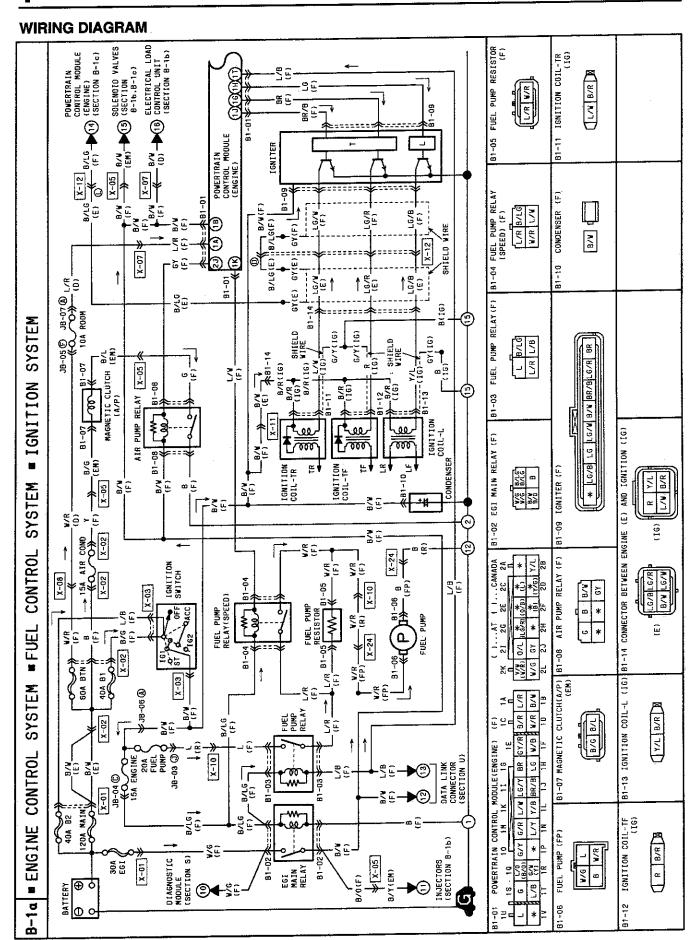
- If the solenoid valve or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 44 is output.
- If the circuit is open, the turbo control valve will not open, causing poor acceleration and lack of power.
- If the circuit is shorted, turbo control valve will open earlier on acceleration, causing poor acceleration.

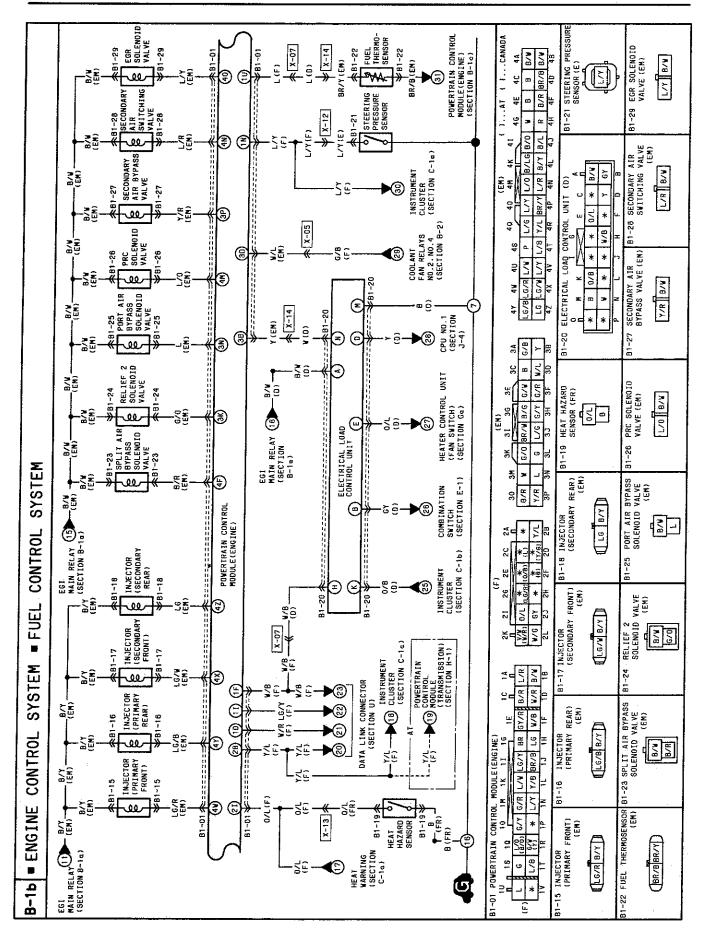
Solenoid valve (Turbo precontrol)

- If the solenoid valve or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 42 is output.
- If the circuit is open, the precontrol valve will open earlier, causing slightly hesitation and poor acceleration.
- If the circuit is short, precontrol valve will never open, causing hesitation and poor acceleration.

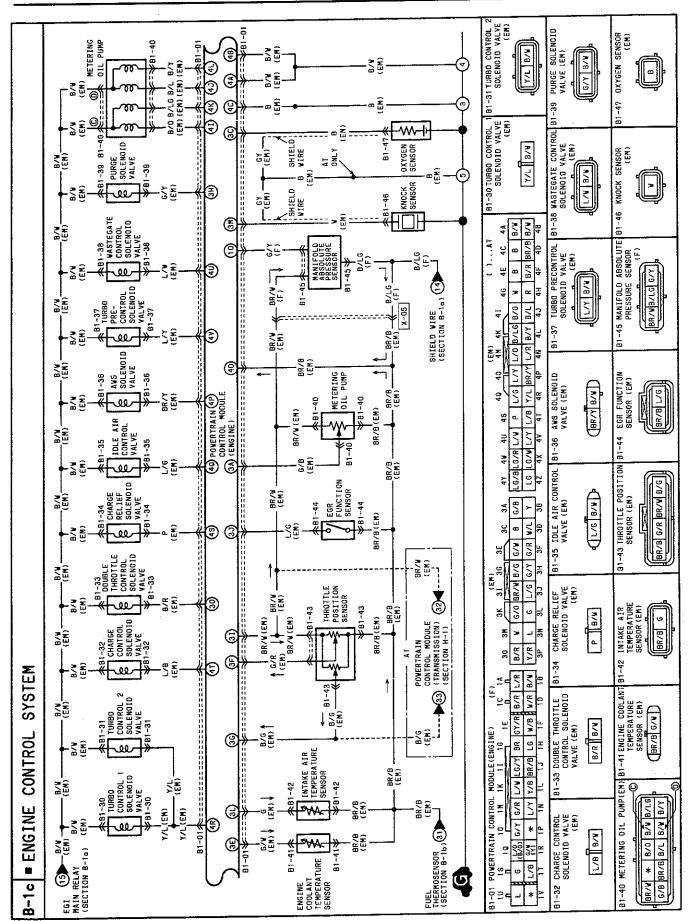
Solenoid valve (Wastegate control)

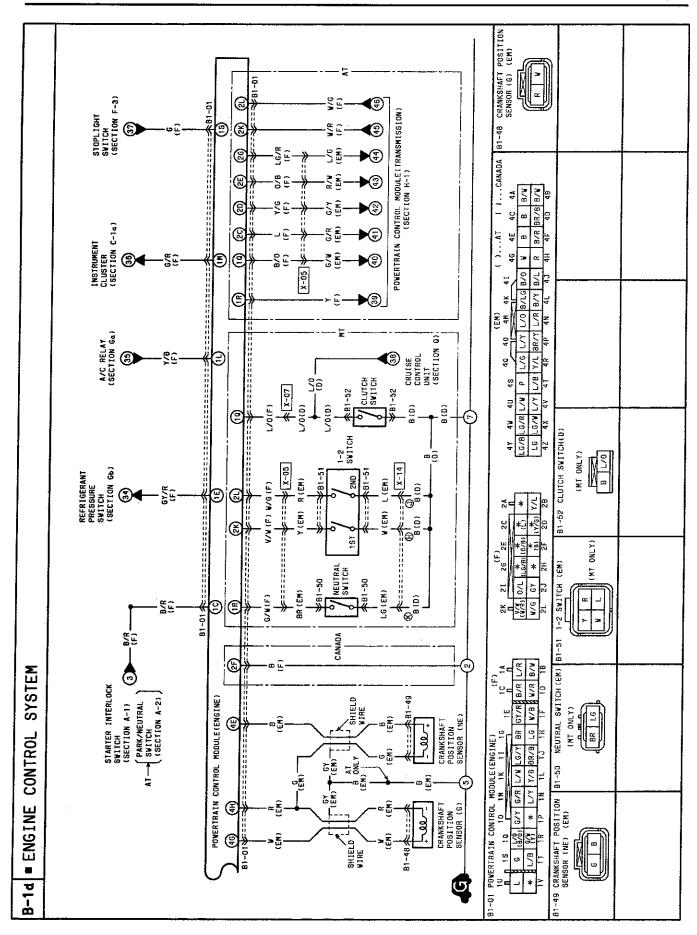
- If the solenoid valve or circuit has an open or short, Trouble Code No. 43 is output.
- If the circuit is open, wastegate valve will open earlier, causing poor acceleration and lack of power.
- If the circuit is shorted, wastegate valve will not open easily and no symptom will be noticed. (To prevent engine damage, the overboost fuel cut will be operated.)





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ELECTRICAL DIAGNOSIS SUPPORT [Power and Ground] Main relay (Battery power)

		Condition	
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (1B)-Main relay	Engine hard starting	EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	NA

Room fuse (Memory power)

		Condition	
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (1A)-Room fuse	No symptom	ROOM fuse (15A) burns out	NA

PCME ground (Output device, Injector, System, Analogue)

	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (4A)-Ground (Output device) PCME (4B)-Ground (Injector)	(One side open circuit) No symptom (Both sides open circuit)	NA	(One side poor ground) No symptom (Both sides poor ground) Engine will not start
PCME (4C)-Ground (System)	Engine will not start No symptom		No symptom
PCME (4D)-Ground (Analogue)	Code Nos. 09, 11, 12, 13, 20, and 23 Engine hard starting Rough idle		Code Nos. 09, 11, 12, 13, 20, and 23 Engine hard starting Rough idle

[input Device] Air conditioning sensor

		Condition	
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME(1E)-A/C amplifier	Air conditioner (magnetic clutch) will not operate	Air conditioner will constantly operate with blower ON	NA

Clutch switch (MT)

		Condition	
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (1Q)-Clutch switch	No symptom	No symptom	NA

Crankshaft position sensor (NE, G signal)

	Condition			
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground	
PCME (4E)-Crankshaft position sensor (NE)	Code No. 02 output Engine will not start	Code No. 02 output Engine will not start	NA	
PCME (4G)-Crankshaft position sensor (G)	Code No. 03 output Engine will not start	Code No. 03 output Engine will not start	NA NA	
PCME (4H)-Crankshaft position sensor (Ground)	Code Nos. 02 and 03 output Engine will not start	NA	Engine will not start Engine suddenly stalls	

E/L unit

		Condition	
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (1F)-E/L unit (H)	MIL will never ON	MIL will always ON Self-Diagnosis Checker buzzer sounds constantly	
PCME (3B)-E/L unit (N)	Idle speed will be low when E/L ON*1	Idle speed will be high	
Main relay-E/L unit (A)	Idle speed will be low when E/L ON*1	EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	
Headlight switch-E/L unit (B)	Idle speed may be low when headlight switch ON	Parking lights will always ON	NA
Rear window defroster switch-E/L unit (D)	Idle speed may be low when defroster switch ON	Rear window defroster al- ways ON when ignition switch ON	
Heater control unit-E/L unit (E)	Idle speed may be low when blower fan operate high speed	High idle speed when blower fan not operate	
MIL-E/L unit (K)	MIL will never ON	MIL will always ON	
Ground-E/L unit (M)	idle speed drops when E/L ON*1 MIL will never ON	NA	Idle speed hunts or drops when E/L ON*1 MIL will never ON

^{*1} E/L ON: Headlight switch ON, rear window defroster switch ON, or blower switch at 3rd or 4th position.

EGR function sensor

0:	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (3J)-EGR function sensor	Code No. 16 output No symptom	Code No. 16 output No symptom	NA NA
PCME (4D)-EGR function sensor		No symptom	

Fuel thermosensor

O	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (1U)-Fuel thermosensor	Code No. 23 output No symptom	Code No. 23 output No symptom	NA
PCME (4D)-Fuel thermosensor		No symptom	

Heat hazard sensor

O	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Poor ground	
PCME (2I)-Heat hazard sensor	No symptom	Heat hazard warning light il- luminates Rough idle	NA
Ground-Heat hazard sensor		No symptom	No symptom

SERVICE POINTS

Park / Neutral signal (AT)

	Condition			
Circuit	Open circuit Short circuit Poor ground			
PCME (1R)-PCMT (1C)	Idle speed drops when shifted	to L, S, D or R range	NA	

Intake air temperature sensor

		Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground	
PCME (3L)-Thermosensor	Code No. 11 output No symptom	Code No. 11 output No symptom	NA	
PCME (4D)-Thermosensor		No symptom		

Knock sensor

	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (3M)-Knock sensor	Code No. 05 output Lack of power Knocking	Code No. 05 output Lack of power Knocking	NA .

Metering oil pump position sensor

	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit Short circuit		Poor ground
PCME (3A)-Metering oil pump (J)	Code No. 20 output Poor acceleration Hesitation	Code No. 20 output Poor acceleration Hesitation	
PCME (4D)-Metering oil pump (H)		No symptom	NA NA
PCME (3I)-Metering oil pump (I)		Code No. 20 output Poor acceleration Hesitation	

Mileage switch

		Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground	
PCME (1N)-Mileage switch	No symptom	Idle speed slightly high	NA NA	

Neutral switch (MT)

		Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground	
PCME (1R)-Neutral switch	Idle speed slightly high	Idle speed drops when A/C, P/S, or E/L ON	NA	

1-2 switch (MT)

		Condition	
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (2K)-1-2 switch	No symptom	No symptom	NA NA
PCME (2L)-1-2 switch			
Ground-1-2 switch			No symptom

Oxygen sensor

Olympia		Condition			
Circuit	Open circuit	Open circuit Short circuit Poor ground			
PCME (3C)-Oxygen sensor	Code No. 15 output No symptom	Code No. 15 output No symptom	NA		

Manifold absolute pressure sensor

	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Poor ground	
PCME (1O)-Manifold absolute pressure sensor	Code No. 13 output Poor acceleration Rough idle	Code No. 13 output Poor acceleration	
PCME (3I)-Manifold absolute pressure sensor		Rough idle	NA
PCME (4D)-Manifold absolute pressure sensor		No symptom	

Steering pressure sensor

0:	Condition			
Circuit	Open circuit Short circuit Poor ground			
PCME (1N)-Steering pressure sensor	No symptom	Idle speed slightly high	NA	

Reduced torque signal, slip lock-up signal (AT)

Oireania.	Condition				
Circuit	Open circuit Short circuit Poor ground				
PCME (1Q)-PCMT (2P)	Shift shock slightly increased		NA		

Solenoid valve (Shift A) (AT)

0:	Condition			
Circuit	Open circuit Short circuit Poor ground			
PCME (2K)-PCMT (1D)	Shift shock slightly increased		NA	

Solenoid valve (Shift B) (AT)

O'maria.	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit Short circuit Poor ground		Poor ground
PCME (2L)-PCMT (1B)	Shift shock slig	htly increased	NA

Stoplight signal (Stoplight switch)

Otro-site	Condition			
Circuit	Open circuit Short circuit Poor ground			
PCME (1S)-Stoplight switch	No symptom	STOP fuse (20A) burns out	NA	

Throttle position sensor (Narrow range, Full range)

Circuit		Condition	
	Ореп circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (3F)—Throttle position sensor (Narrow range)	Code No. 18 output Rough idle Strong shift shock (AT)	Code No. 18 output Rough idle Strong shift shock (AT)	NA
PCME (3G)-Throttle position sensor (Full range)	Code No. 12 output Poor acceleration Strong shift shock (AT)	Code No. 12 output Poor acceleration Strong shift shock (AT)	
PCME (3I)—Throttle position sensor	Code Nos. 12,18 output Rough idle	Code Nos. 12 and 18 output Rough idle	
PCME (4D)-Throttle position sensor	Code No. 12 output Rough idle	No sympton	

TEN terminal (Data link connector)

	Condition		
Circuit	Circuit Open circuit		Poor ground
PCME (1I)-Data link connector	Cannot perform trouble code checks and switch monitor checks	Hard starting Rough idle	NA

Engine coolant temperature sensor

	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Poor ground	
PCME (3E)-Engine coolant temperature sensor	Code No. 09 output Rough idle and hard starting when engine cold	Code No. 09 output Rough idle and hard starting when engine cold	NA
PCME (4D)-Engine coolant tempera- ture sensor		No symptom	

Vehicle speed sensor

	Condition			
Circuit	Open circuit Short circuit Poor ground			
PCME (1M)-Vehicle speed sensor	Code No. 06 output Hold mode will not operate (AT)		NA	

[Output Device] A/C relay

		Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground	
PCME (1L)-A/C relay	A/C will not operate	A/C constantly operate when blower ON Rough idle	NA	

Air pump relay

		Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit Short circuit F		Poor ground	
PCME (2J)-Air pump relay	Code No. 54 output Rough idle	Code No. 54 output Three-way catalyst melted	NA	

Fan relay

	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (3D)-fan relay	Coolant fan will not operate until coolant temperature ex- ceeds 108°C {226°F}	Coolant fan always operate when ignition switch ON	NA

Fuel injector

Circuit	Condition		
	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (4X, 4Z)-Secondary injector	Code No. 71 or 73 output Lack of power	Code No. 71 or 73 output Engine will not start	NA
PCME (4W, 4X)-Primary injector	Engine stall Engine will not start	Engine stalls Engine will not start	

Fuel pump relay (speed)

	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Poor ground	
PCME (1K)-Fuel pump relay (speed)	Code No. 51 output Hesitation Lack of power	Code No. 51 output No symptom	NA NA

FEN terminal (Data link connector)

0:	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (1F)-Data link connector	Self-Diagnosis Checker buzzer will not sound during trouble code check	Code "88" will keep flashing and buzzer will continue sounding during trouble code check	NA

Idle air control valve

2 1 1:	Condition			
Circuit	Open circuit	Open circuit Short circuit		
PCME (4Q)-Solenoid valve	Code No. 34 output Rough idle Hard start	Code No. 34 output Idle speed stays or fluctuates at approx. 1,500 rpm after warm-up	NA	
Solenoid valve-Main relay		EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON		

Igniter

Olympia	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (1G)-Igniter (Trailing Front) PCME (1J)-Igniter (Trailing Rear)	Poor acceleration Hard starting when engine cold		
PCME (1H)-Igniter (Leading)	Rough idle Poor acceleration Hard starting when engine cold		NA NA

Metering oil pump

	Condition			
Circuit	Open circuit Short circuit Poor ground			
PCME (4I, 4J, 4K, 4L)-Metering oil pump	Code No. 26 a Poor acce		NA	

MEN terminal (Data link connector)

Oleanit		Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground	
PCME (1D)-MEN terminal	Monitor lamp will not illuminate	Monitor lamp stays on	NA	

Secondary air bypass valve

Circuit		Condition		
	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground	
PCME (3P)-Solenoid valve	Code No. 31 output No symptom	Code No. 31 output CO and HC increased	NA.	
Solenoid valve-Main relay		EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	NA	

Secondary air switchig valve

	Condition				
Circuit	Open circuit	Open circuit Short circuit			
PCME (4N)-Solenoid valve	Code No. 32 output No symptom	Code No. 32 output Rough idle	NA .		
Solenoid valve-Main relay		EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	INA		

Solenoid valve (Accelerated warm-up system)

Circuit	Condition		
	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (4P)-Solenoid valve	Code No. 38 output Fast idle speed just after engine starting will not exceed 2,000 rpm	Code No. 38 output Idle speed stays stays or fluctu- ates at approx. 1,500 rpm af- ter warm-up	NA
Solenoid valve-Main relay		EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	

Solenoid valve (Charge control)

		Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Open circuit Short circuit		
PCME (4T)-Solenoid valve	Code No. 45 output Lack of power Poor acceleration	Code No. 45 output Lack of power Poor acceleration	NA	
Solenoid valve-Main relay		EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	·	

Solenoid valve (Charge relief)

	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (4S)-Solenoid valve	Code No. 46 output Poor acceleration	Code No. 46 output Momentarily Intake air noise on acceleration	NA
Solenoid valve-Main relay		EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	

Solenoid valve (Double throttle control)

	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (30)-Solenoid valve	Code No. 50 output Poor acceleration	Code No. 50 output Hesitation when engine cold	NA.
Solenoid valve-Main relay	Lack of power	EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	NA

Solenoid valve (EGR)

	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (4O)-Solenoid valve	Code No. 28 output No symptom	Code No. 28 output Engine stall Hard starting	NA
Solenoid valve-Main relay		EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	•.

Solenoid valve (Port air bypass)

	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (3N)-Solenoid valve	Code No. 33 output No symptom	Code No. 33 output No symptom	NA
Solenoid valve-Main relay		EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	IVA

Solenoid valve (Pressure regulator control)

	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (4M)-Solenoid valve	Code No. 25 output Hard starting when engine	Code No. 25 output No symptom	NA
Solenoid valve-Main relay	warm-up	EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	NA .

Solenoid valve (Purge control)

O'	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (3H)-Solenoid valve	Code No. 40 output No symptom	Code No. 40 output Hard starting Engine stalls at low speed	NA
Solenoid valve-Main relay		EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	

Solenoid valve (Relief 2)

<u> </u>	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (3K)-Solenoid valve	Code No. 39 output No symptom	Code No. 39 output Secondary air noise heard while air pump operates	NA
Solenoid valve-Main relay		EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	

Solenoid valve (Split air bypass)

	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (4F)-Solenoid valve	Code No. 30 output No symptom	Code No. 30 output No symptom	NA
Solenoid valve-Main relay		EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	

Solenoid valve (Turbo control 1, Turbo control 2)

	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (4R)-Solenoid valve (s)	Code No. 44 output Poor acceleration	Code No. 44 output Poor acceleration	NA
Solenoid valve (s)-Main relay		EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	1474

Solenoid valve (Turbo precontrol)

	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (4V)-Solenoid valve	Code No. 42 output Hesitation Poor acceleration	Code No. 42 output Hesitation Poor acceleration	NA
Solenoid valve-Main relay		EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	

Solenoid valve (Wastegate control)

	Condition		
Circuit	Open circuit	Short circuit	Poor ground
PCME (4U)-Solenoid valve	Code No. 43 output Lack of power	Code No. 43 output No symptom	NA NA
Solenoid valve-Main relay	Poor acceleration	EGI INJ fuse (30A) burns out when ignition switch ON	NA .